

Oracle® Communications

Diameter Signaling Router

C-Class Disaster Recovery Guide

Release 8.6.0.0.0

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ORACLE

Oracle Communications DSR C-Class Disaster Recovery User's Guide, Release 8.6.0.0.0

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Before upgrading any system, please access My Oracle Support (MOS) (<https://support.oracle.com>) and review any Technical Service Bulletins (TSBs) that relate to this upgrade.

My Oracle Support (MOS) (<https://support.oracle.com>) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with MOS registration.

Call the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>.

See more information My Oracle Support (MOS).

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document describes procedures used to execute disaster recovery for DSR. This includes recovery of partial or complete loss of one or more DSR servers. The audience for this document includes GPS groups such as software engineering, product verification, documentation, customer service, software operations, and first office application. This document can be executed by Oracle customers as long as Oracle Customer Service personnel are involved and/or consulted. Executing this procedure also involves referring to and executing procedures in existing support documents.

Note: Components dependent on DSR might need to be recovered as well, for example, SDS, IDIH, and PMAC.

1.2 References

- [1] TPD Initial Product Manufacture
- [2] Platform Configuration Procedure Reference
- [3] CPA Feature Activation Procedure
- [4] DSR Mediation Feature Activation Procedure
- [5] DSR FABR Feature Activation Procedure
- [6] DSR RBAR Feature Activation Procedure
- [7] DSR MAP-Diameter IWF Feature Activation Procedure
- [8] DSR C-Class Software Installation and Configuration Procedure Part 2/2
- [9] DSR GLA Feature Activation Procedure
- [10] DSR C-Class Hardware and Software Installation Procedure 1/2
- [11] PMAC Disaster Recovery Guide
- [12] SDS C-Class Disaster Recovery Guide
- [13] DSR PCA Activation Guide
- [14] DSR DTLS Feature Activation Procedure
- [15] DSR Security Guide
- [16] DCA Framework and Application Activation and Deactivation Guide
- [17] DSR/SDS 8.x NOAM Failover User's Guide

1.3 Acronyms

An alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document.

Table 1. Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
BIOS	Basic Input Output System
CD	Compact Disk
DVD	Digital Versatile Disc
EBIPA	Enclosure Bay IP Addressing

Acronym	Definition
FRU	Field Replaceable Unit
HP c-Class	HP blade server offering
iLO	Integrated Lights Out manager
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture – the process of installing TPD on a hardware platform
MSA	Modular Smart Array
NB	NetBackup
OA	HP Onboard Administrator
OS	Operating System (for example, TPD)
RMS	Rack Mounted Server
PMAC	Platform Management & Configuration
SAN	Storage Area Network
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution
TVOE	Tekelec Virtual Operating Environment
VM	Virtual Machine
VSP	Virtual Serial Port
IPFE	IP Front End
PCA	Policy and Charging Application
IDIH	Integrated Diameter Intelligence Hub
SDS	Subscriber Database Server

1.4 Terminology

Table 2. Terminology

Term	Definition
Base hardware	Base hardware includes all hardware components (bare metal) and electrical wiring to allow a server to power on.
Base software	Base software includes installing the server's operating system: Oracle Platform Distribution (TPD).
Failed server	A failed server in disaster recovery context refers to a server that has suffered partial or complete software and/or hardware failure to the extent that it cannot restart or be returned to normal operation and requires intrusive activities to re-install the software and/or hardware.
Software Centric	The business practice of delivering an Oracle software product, while relying upon the customer to procure the requisite hardware components. Oracle provides the hardware specifications, but does not provide the hardware or hardware firmware, and is not responsible for hardware installation, configuration, or maintenance.

Term	Definition
Enablement	The business practice of providing support services (hardware, software, documentation, etc.) that enable a 3rd party entity to install, configuration, and maintain Oracle products for Oracle customers.

1.5 Optional Features

Further configuration and/or installation steps are needed for optional features that may be present in this deployment. Refer to these documents for disaster recovery steps needed for their components.

Table 3. Optional Features

Feature	Document
Diameter Mediation	DSR Meta Administration Feature Activation Procedure
Full Address Based Resolution (FABR)	DSR FABR Feature Activation Procedure
Range Based Address Resolution (RBAR)	DSR RBAR Feature Activation Procedure
Policy and Charging Application (PCA)	DSR PCA Activation Guide
Gateway Location Application (GLA)	DSR GLA Feature Activation Procedure
Host Intrusion Detection System (HIDS)	DSR Security Guide (Section 3.2)
Diameter Custom Applications (DCA)	DCA Framework and Application Activation and Deactivation Guide

2. General Description

The DSR disaster recovery procedure falls into five basic categories. It is primarily dependent on the state of the NOAM servers and SOAM servers.

Table 4. Recovery Scenarios

Procedure	State of NOAM and/or SOAM server(s)
Recovery of the entire network from a total outage Recovery Scenario 1 (Complete Server Outage)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All NOAM servers failed. All SOAM servers failed. MP servers may or may not be failed.
Recovery of one or more servers with at least one NOAM server intact Recovery Scenario 2 (Partial Server Outage with One NOAM Server Intact and ALL SOAMs Failed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At least 1 NOAM server is intact and available. All SOAM servers failed. MP servers may or may not be failed.
Recovery of the NOAM pair with one or more SOAM servers intact Recovery Scenario 3 (Partial Server Outage with All NOAM Servers Failed and One SOAM Server Intact)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All NOAM servers failed. At least 1 SOAM server out of active, standby, spare is intact and available. MP servers may or may not be failed.

Procedure	State of NOAM and/or SOAM server(s)
Recovery of one or more server with at least one NOAM and one SOAM server intact Recovery Scenario 4 (Partial Server Outage with One NOAM Server and One SOAM Server Intact)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least 1 NOAM server is intact and available. • At least 1 SOAM server out of active, standby, spare is intact and available. • 1 or more MP servers have failed.
Recovery Scenario 5 (Both NOAM Servers Failed with DR-NOAM Available)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both NOAM servers failed. • DR NOAM is available • SOAM servers may or may not be failed. • MP servers may or may not be failed.
Section Recovery Scenario 6 (Database Recovery) Recovery of one or more server with corrupt databases that cannot be restored using replication from the active parent node.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Server is intact • Database gets corrupted on the server • Latest database backup of the corrupt server is present • Replication is inhibited (either manually or because of Comcol upgrade barrier)
Section Recovery Scenario 6: Case 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Server is intact • Database gets corrupted on the server • Replication is occurring to the server with corrupted database
Section Recovery Scenario 6: Case 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Server is intact • Database gets corrupted on the server • Latest Database backup of the corrupt server is NOT present • Replication is inhibited (either manually or because of comcol upgrade barrier)

Note: Aggregation switches, OA, or 6120/6125/3020 switches refer to Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs).

Disaster recovery procedure execution is dependent on the failure conditions in the network. The severity of the failure determines the recovery scenario for the network. Use Table 4. Recovery Scenarios to evaluate the correct recovery scenario and follow the procedure(s) listed to restore operations.

Note: A failed server in disaster recovery context refers to a server that has suffered partial or complete software and/or hardware failure to the extent that it cannot restart or be returned to normal operation and requires intrusive activities to re-install the software and/or hardware.

2.1 Complete Server Outage (All Servers)

This is the worst-case scenario where all the servers in the network have suffered complete software and/or hardware failure. The servers are recovered using base recovery of hardware and software and then restoring database backups to the active NOAM and SOAM servers.

Database backups are taken from customer offsite backup storage locations (assuming these were performed and stored offsite before the outage). If no backup files are available, the only option is to

rebuild the entire network from scratch. The network data must be reconstructed from whatever sources are available, including entering all data manually.

2.2 Partial Server Outage with One NOAM Server Intact and Both SOAMs Failed

This case assumes at least one NOAM server is intact. All SOAM servers have failed and are recovered using base recovery of hardware and software. Database is restored on the SOAM server and replication recovers the database of the remaining servers.

2.3 Partial Server Outage with Both NOAM Servers Failed and One SOAM Server Intact

If both NOAM servers have suffered complete software and/or hardware failure (where DR-NOAMs are not present), but at least one SOAM server is available. Database is restored on the NOAM and replication recovers the database of the remaining servers.

2.4 Partial Server Outage with NOAM and One SOAM Server Intact

The simplest case of disaster recovery is with at least one NOAM and at least one SOAM servers intact. All servers are recovered using base recovery of hardware and software. Database replication from the active NOAM and SOAM servers recovers the database to all servers.

Note: This includes failures of any disaster recovery network NOAM servers.

2.5 Partial Service Outage with Corrupt Database

Case 1: Database is corrupted, replication channel is inhibited (either manually or because of Comcol upgrade barrier) and database backup is available.

Case 2: Database is corrupted, but replication channel is active.

3. Procedure Overview

This section lists the materials required to perform disaster recovery procedures and a general overview (disaster recovery strategy) of the procedure executed.

3.1 Required Materials

The following items are needed for disaster recovery:

1. A hardcopy of this document and hardcopies of all documents in the reference list
2. Hardcopy of all NAPD performed at the initial installation and network configuration of this customer's site. If the NAPD cannot be found, escalate this issue within My Oracle Support (MOS) until the NAPD documents can be located.
3. DSR recent backup files: electronic backup file (preferred) or hardcopy of all DSR configuration and provisioning data.
4. Latest Network Element report: Electronic file or hardcopy of Network Element report.
5. Oracle Tekelec Platform Distribution (TPD) Media (64 bits).
6. Platform Management and Configuration (PMAC) ISO or SW.
7. DSR CD-ROM (or ISO image file on USB Flash) of the target release.
8. TVOE Platform Media (64 bits)
9. The xml configuration files used to configure the switches, available on the PMAC server (or PMAC backup)

10. The switch backup files taken after the switch is configured, available on the PMAC server (or PMAC backup)
11. The network element XML file used for the blades initial configuration.
12. The HP firmware upgrade pack (or customer-provided firmware)
13. NetBackup Files if they exist. This may require the assistance of the customer's NetBackup administrator.
14. PMAC and TVOE backups (If available)
15. List of activated and enabled features
16. IDIH CD-ROM (or ISO image file on USB Flash) of the target release (If IDIH is being recovered)

Note: For all Disaster Recovery scenarios, we assume that the NOAM Database backup and the SOAM database backup were performed around the same time, and that no synchronization issues exist among them.

Note: NOAMs are deployed using the fast deployment tool from the PMAC. In scenarios where both NOAMs are failed, this fast deployment file is used. In scenarios where only one NOAM is failed, the fast deployment file is NOT used.

SUDO

As a non-root user (**admusr**), many commands (when run as **admusr**) now require the use of **sudo**.

3.2 Disaster Recovery Strategy

Disaster recovery procedure execution is performed as part of a disaster recovery strategy with these basic steps:

1. Evaluate failure conditions in the network and determine that normal operations cannot continue without disaster recovery procedures. This means the failure conditions in the network match one of the failure scenarios described in section 2.
2. Read and review the content in this document.
3. Gather required materials in section Required Materials
4. From the failure conditions, determine the Recovery Scenario and procedure to follow (using Figure 1. Determining Recovery Scenario and Table 4. Recovery Scenarios)
5. Execute appropriate recovery procedures (listed in Table 4. Recovery Scenarios).

Note: Refer to Appendix N for Database restore procedure.

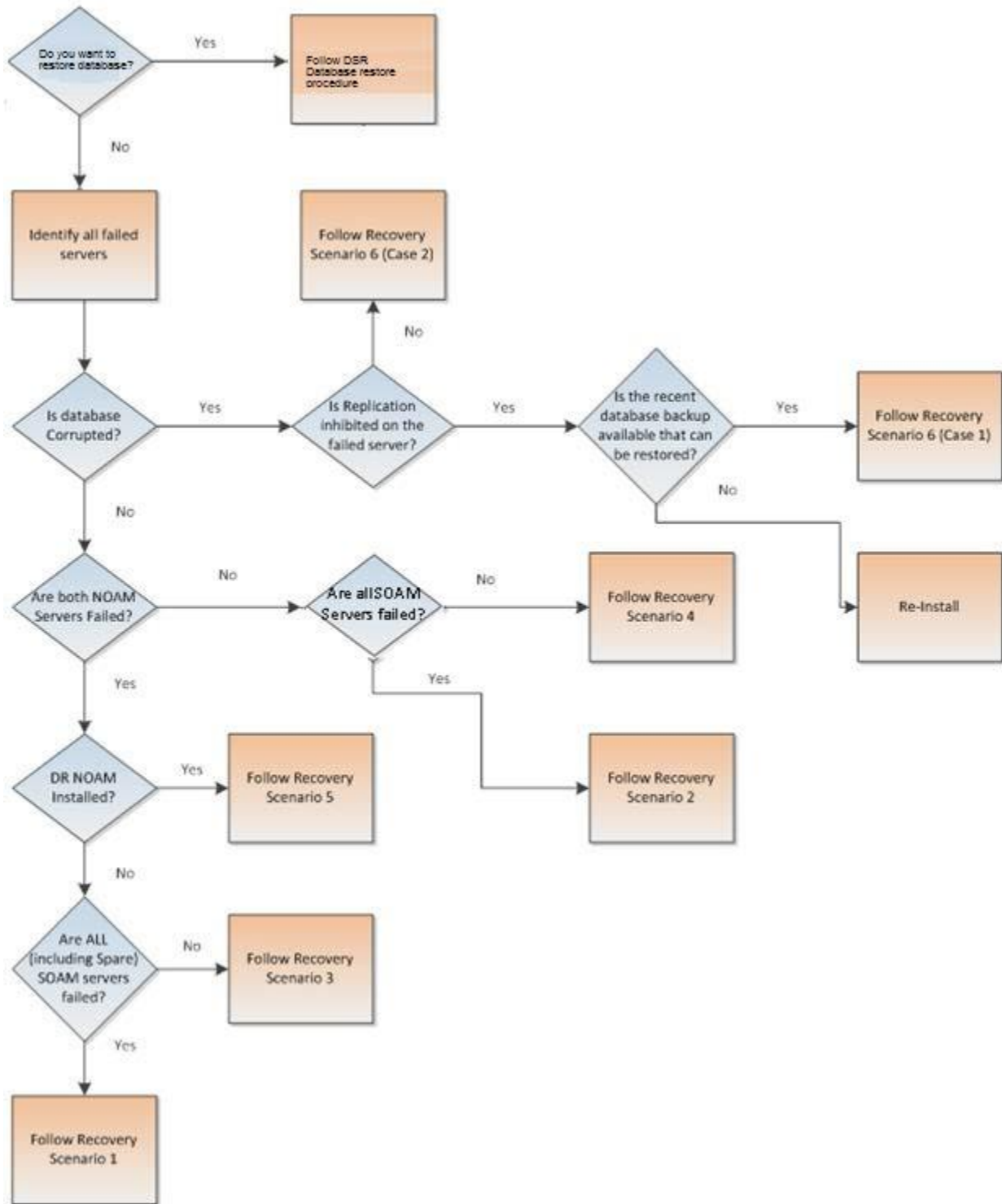


Figure 1. Determining Recovery Scenario

4. Disaster Recovery Procedure

Call My Oracle Support (MOS) before executing this procedure to ensure that the proper recovery planning is performed.

Before disaster recovery, users must properly evaluate the outage scenario. This check ensures that the correct procedures are executed for the recovery.

!!WARNING!!

Note: Disaster recovery is an exercise that requires collaboration of multiple groups and is expected to be coordinated by the ORACLE SUPPORT prime. Based on ORACLE support's assessment of disaster, it may be necessary to deviate from the documented process.

Recovering Base Hardware:

1. Hardware recovery is executed by the appropriate HW vendor.
2. Base hardware replacement must be controlled by an engineer familiar with the DSR application.

Disaster recovery requires configuring the system as it was before the disaster and restoration of operational information. There are eight distinct procedures to select from depending on the type of recovery needed. Only one of these scenarios should be followed, not all.



!!WARNING!!

When there is a need to restore the database backup for NOAM and SOAM servers in any of Recovery Scenarios described in the following sections, the backup directory may not be there in the system since the system is DRed. In this case, please refer to Appendix L: Backup Directory for steps to check and create the backup directory.

The file format for recovery is when backup was taken. Generally, the backup file is in the following format:

Backup.DSR.HPC02-NO2.FullDBParts.NETWORK_OAMP.20140524_223507.UPG.tar.bz2

4.1 Recovery Scenario 1 (Complete Server Outage)

For a complete server outage, NOAM servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software and then executing a database restore to the active NOAM/SOAM servers. All other servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software.

Database replication from the active NOAM server recovers the database on these servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to execute the procedure. The actual detailed steps are in Procedure 1. The major activities are summarized as follows:

- Recover base hardware and software for all rack mount servers and blades
 - Recover the base hardware. (By replacing the hardware and executing hardware configuration procedures) - Reference [10] for the DSR base hardware installation procedure
- Recover the **NOAM** servers by recovering executing the fast deployment xml file
 - Recover the NOAM database
 - Reconfigure the DSR application

- Recover the **SOAM** servers by recovering base hardware/software and/or VM image
 - Recover the SOAM database
 - Reconfigure the DSR Application
- Recover all **MP servers** by recovering base hardware and software
 - Reconfigure the signaling interface and routes on the MPs. The DSR software automatically reconfigures the signaling interface from the recovered database
 - Reference [8] for the applicable DSR software installation/configuration guide if any existing routes need to be altered
- Restart process and re-enable provisioning replication

Note: Any other applications DR recovery actions (SDS and IDIH) may occur in parallel. These actions can/should be worked simultaneously; doing so would allow faster recovery of the complete solution, that is, stale DB on DP servers do not receive updates until SDS-SOAM servers are recovered.


Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

This procedure performs recovery if both NOAM servers are failed and all SOAM servers are failed. This procedure also covers the C-level server failure. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.		
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Section Required Materials.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Replace failed equipment	HW vendor to replace the failed equipment.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover PMAC and PMAC TVOE Host: Configure BIOS settings and update firmware	1. Configure and verify the BIOS settings by executing procedure Configure the RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings from reference [10]. 2. Verify and/or upgrade server firmware by executing procedure Upgrade Management Server Firmware from reference [10]. Note: As indicated in [10], repeat for additional rack mount servers if equipped.

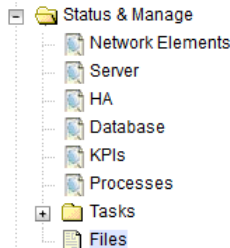
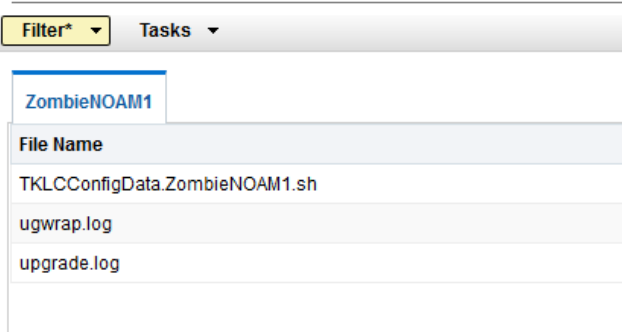
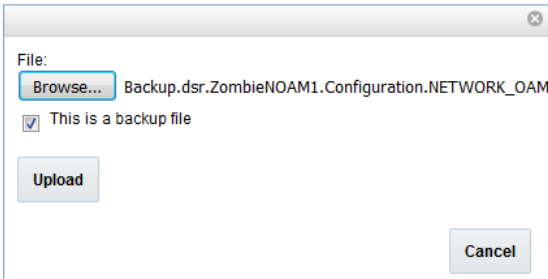
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC, TVOE Hosts, and Switch Recovery: Backups available</p>	<p>This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the PMAC TVOE host backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media. 2. Restore the PMAC backup by executing Restore PMAC from Backup. 3. Recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches by referring to Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs). 4. Verify/Update blade server firmware by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10]. 5. Install TVOE on ALL failed TVOE servers as needed by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 6. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media on ALL failed TVOE host blade servers. 7. Proceed to Step 7.
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC, TVOE Hosts, and Switch Recovery: Backups NOT available</p>	<p>This step assumes TVOE and PMAC backups are NOT available. If the TVOE and PMAC have already been restored, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute section Configure and IPM Management Server from reference [10]. 2. Execute Install PMAC from reference [10]. 3. Execute Configure Aggregation Switches from reference [10] to recover Cisco 4948 aggregation switches, if needed. 4. Execute Configure PMAC Application from reference [10]. 5. Execute HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration from reference [10] to recover and configure any failed OAs, if needed. 6. Execute Enclosure and Blades Setup from reference [10]. 7. Execute Configure Enclosure Switches from reference [10] to recover enclosure switches, if needed. 8. Verify/Update Blade server firmware by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10]. 9. Install and configure TVOE on failed rack mount servers by executing Installing TVOE on Rack Mount Server(s) from reference [10]. 10. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10].

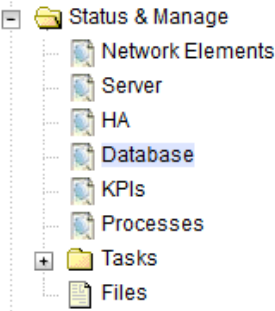


Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Execute Fast Deployment File for NOAMs</p>	<p>The backup fdconfig file used during the initial DSR installation is available on the PMAC, if a database backup was restored on the PMAC.</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is NOT available, execute Configure NOAM Servers from reference [8].</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is already present on the PMAC, execute this procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Edit the .xml file with the correct TPD and DSR ISO (Incase an upgrade has been performed since initial installation). 2. Execute these commands: <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ cd /usr/TKLC/smac/etc \$ screen \$ sudo fdconfig config --file=<Created_FD_File>.xml</pre>
<p>7. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Execute DSR installation procedure for the first NOAM</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure the first NOAM server by executing Configure the First NOAM NE and Server section from reference [8]. 2. Configure the NOAM server group by executing the Configure the NOAM Server Group section from reference [8]. <p>Note: Use the backup copy of network configuration data and site surveys (Step 2).</p>
<p>8. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Login</p>	<p>Log into the NOAM GUI as the guiadmin user:</p>  <p>Welcome to the Oracle System Login.</p> <p>This application is designed to work with most modern HTML5 compliant browsers and uses both JavaScript and cookies. Please refer to the Oracle Software Web Browser Support Policy for details.</p> <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited.</p> <p><small>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</small></p> <p><small>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</small></p>

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>9. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Upload the backed up database file</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.  2. Select the active NOAM server. <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Files</p>  3. Click Upload and select the NO Provisioning and Configuration file backed up after initial installation and provisioning. <p> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Upload"/> <input type="button" value="Download"/> <input type="button" value="Deploy ISO"/> <input type="button" value="Validate ISO"/> </p> <p>40 KB used (0.00%) of 15.7 GB available System utilization: 867.9 MB (5.39%) of 15.7 GB available.</p> 4. Click Browse and locate the backup file. 5. Check This is a backup file checkbox. 6. Click Upload.  <p>The file takes a few seconds to upload depending on the size of the backup data. The file is visible on the list of entries after the upload is complete.</p>
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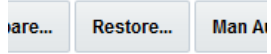
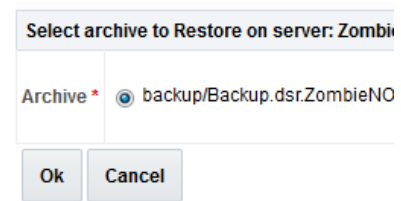
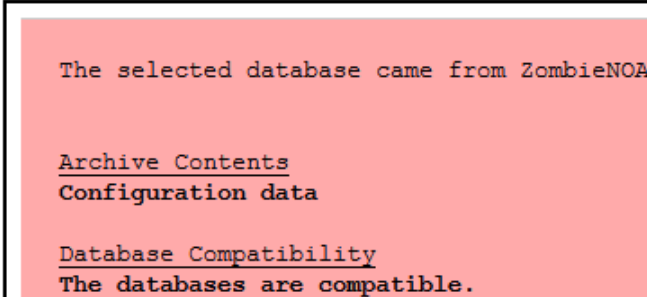
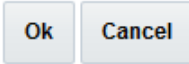
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>10. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Disable provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Disable Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to disable Provisioning.</p> 
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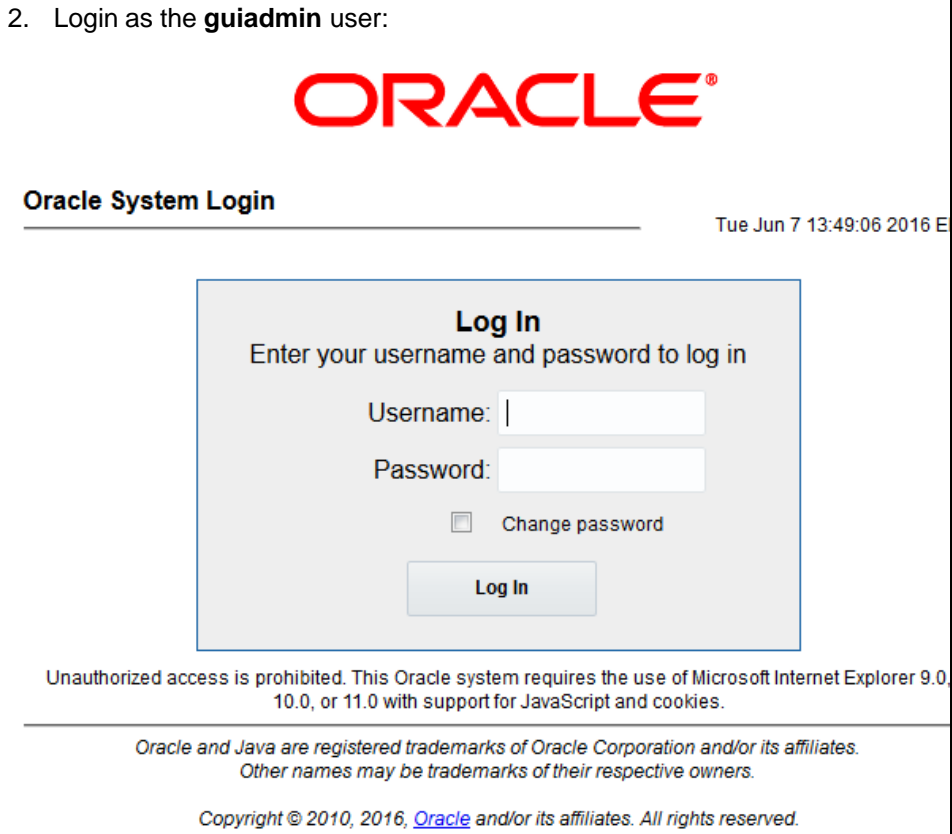
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>11. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Verify the archive contents and database compatibility</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select the Active NOAM server and click Compare. <div data-bbox="492 310 886 359" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> lication Backup... Compare... Restore... </div> Click the button for the restored database file uploaded as a part of step 9. of this procedure. <div data-bbox="492 468 964 695" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Database Compare</p> <p>Select archive to compare on server: ZombieNOAM1</p> <p>Archive * <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Ok Cancel</p> </div> Verify the output window matches the screen below. <p>Note: A database mismatch regarding the Topology Compatibility and possibly User compatibility (due to authentication) display. These warnings are expected. If these are the only mismatches, proceed; otherwise, stop and contact My Oracle Support (MOS) to ask for assistance.</p> <div data-bbox="492 947 1386 1341" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p style="font-size: small;">The selected database came from ZombieNOAM1 on 10/10/2016 at 10:36:44 EDT and contains the follow</p> <pre> Archive Contents Configuration data Database Compatibility The databases are compatible. Node Type Compatibility The node types are compatible. Topology Compatibility THE TOPOLOGY IS NOT COMPATIBLE. CONTACT ORACLE CUSTOMER SERVICES BEFORE RESTORING THIS DATABASE. Discrepancies: - Server A1860.052 on network XMI is in the current topology but not the selected backup file. - Server A1860.052 on network IMI is in the current topology but not the selected backup file. - Server A0630.238 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology. - Server B2934.011 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology. - Server C0422.200 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology. </pre> </div> <p>Note: Archive Contents and Database Compatibilities must be the following:</p> <p>Archive Contents: Configuration data.</p> <p>Database Compatibility: The databases are compatible.</p> <p>Note: The following is expected output for Topology Compatibility Check since we are restoring from an existing backed up database to a database with just one NOAM:</p> <p>Topology Compatibility THE TOPOLOGY SHOULD BE COMPATIBLE MINUS THE NODEID.</p> <p>Note: We are trying to restore a backed up database onto an empty NOAM database. This is an expected text in Topology Compatibility.</p> If the verification is successful, click Back and continue to next step in this procedure.
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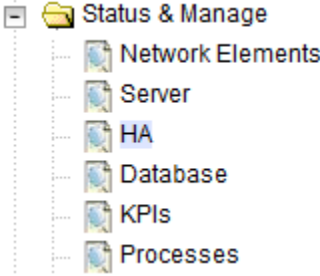
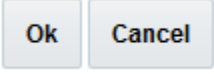
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>12. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Restore the database</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> From Status and Manage > Database. Select the Active NOAM server and click Restore.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select the proper backup provisioning and configuration file.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click OK. The following confirmation screen displays. If you get errors related to the warnings highlighted in the previous step, that is expected. If no other errors are displayed, mark the Force checkbox as shown above and Click OK to proceed with the DB restore. <p>Database Restore Confirm</p> <p>Incompatible archive selected</p>  <p>Confirm archive "backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration"</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Force Restore?</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Force</td> <td>Force restore</td> </tr> </table>  <p>Note: After the restore has started, the user is logged out of XMI NO GUI since the restored Topology is old data.</p>	Force Restore?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Force	Force restore
Force Restore?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Force	Force restore			

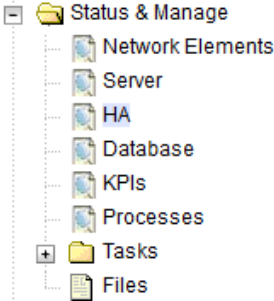
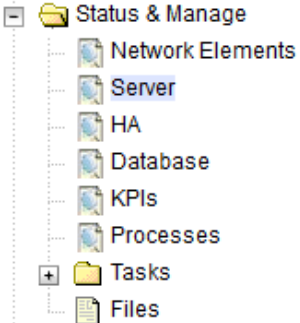

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>13. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <p><input type="text" value="http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address>"/></p> <p>2. Login as the guidadmin user:</p>  <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <p><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p>
<p>14. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Monitor and confirm database restoral</p>	<p>1. Wait for 5-10 minutes for the system to stabilize with the new topology:</p> <p>2. Monitor the Info tab for Success. This indicates the restore is complete and the system is stabilized.</p> <p>Ignore these alarms for NOAM and MP servers until all the servers are configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alarms with Type Column as REPL, COLL, HA (with mate NOAM), DB (about Provisioning Manually Disabled). <p>Note: Do not pay attention to alarms until all the servers in the system are completely restored.</p> <p>Note: The Configuration and Maintenance information is in the same state it was when backed up during initial backup.</p>

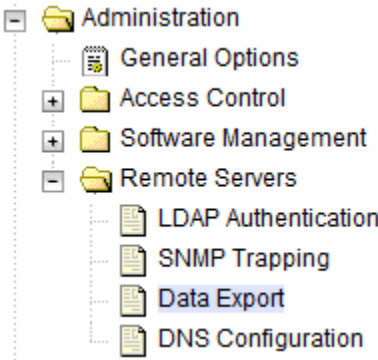

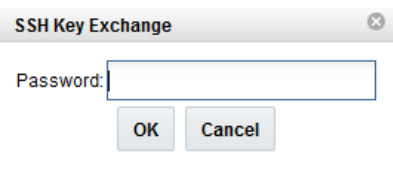

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>15. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Set failed servers to standby</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 793 1031 1134"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des												
<p>16. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Login</p>	<p>Log into the recovered active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr user.</p>												
<p>17. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover standby NOAM</p>	<p>1. Install the second NOAM server by executing procedure Configure the Second NOAM Server, steps 3-5 and 7, from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: Execute step 6 if NetBackup is used.</p> <p>2. If NetBackup is used, then execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].</p>												

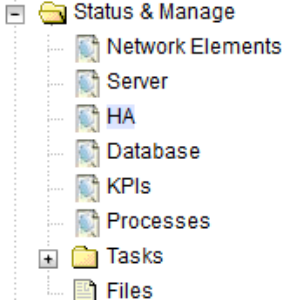
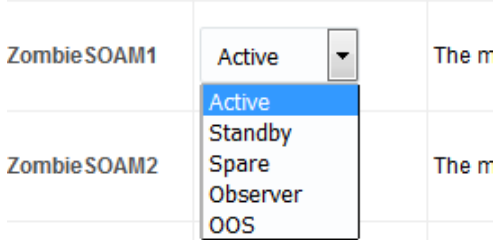
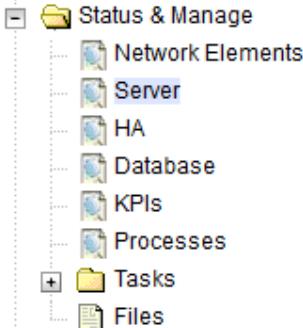

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>18. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby NOAM</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.</p> <p>3. Select the standby NOAM server and set it to Active.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="506 766 982 1039"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active Standby Snare</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum												
ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum												
ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum												
<p>19. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby NOAM server and click Restart.</p> 												

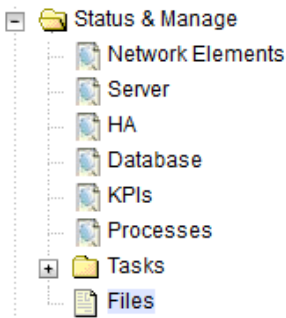

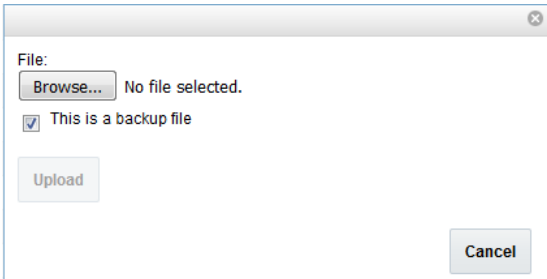
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>20. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Perform key exchange with export server</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Administration > Remote Servers > Data Export.</p>  <p>2. Click SSH Key Exchange at the bottom of the screen.</p>  <p>3. Type the Password and click OK.</p> 
<p>21. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Stop replication to the C-level servers of this site</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">!!Warning!!</p> <p>Before continuing this procedure, replication to C-level servers at the SOAM site being recovered MUST be inhibited.</p> <p>Failure to inhibit replication to the working C-level servers results in the database being destroyed!</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is also present in the site and lost, execute Appendix E Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers (When Active, Standby, and Spare SOAMs are Lost) to inhibit replication to working C-level servers before continuing.</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is NOT deployed in the site, execute Appendix C Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers to inhibit replication to working C-level servers before continuing.</p>
<p>22. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Configure SOAM TVOE server blades</p>	<p>If the TVOE restore has already been executed (step 5), skip this step.</p> <p>If a TVOE backup of the SOAM server blades is not available, execute Configure SOAM TVOE Server Blades from reference [8].</p>
<p>23. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Create and IPM SOAM VMs</p>	<p>1. Execute Create SOAM Guest VMs for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8].</p> <p>2. Execute IPM Blades and VMs for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8].</p> <p>3. Execute Install the Application for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8].</p>


Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>24. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recover active SOAM server</p>	<p>1. Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <p>2. If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].</p>
<p>25. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on SOAM server</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. Select the SOAM server and set it to Active.</p>  <p>4. Click OK.</p>
<p>26. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>27. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Upload the backed up SOAM database file</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.  2. Select the active SOAM server tab. Click Upload and select the file SO Provisioning and Configuration file backed up after initial installation and provisioning.  3. Click Browse and locate the backup file. 4. Check This is a backup file checkbox. 5. Click Upload.  <p>The file takes a few seconds to upload depending on the size of the backup data.</p>
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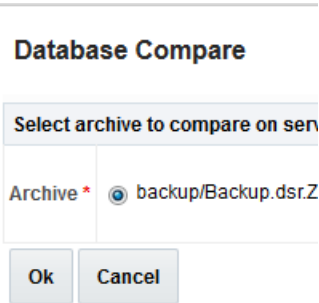
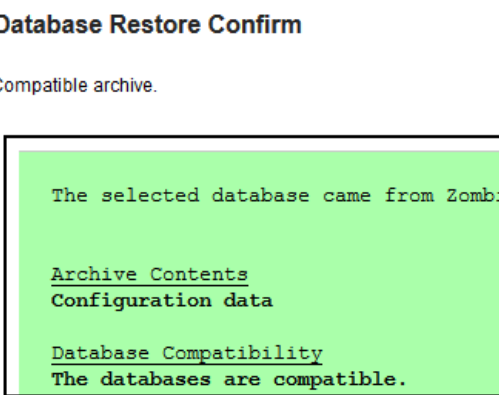
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>28. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Login</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Establish a GUI session on the recovered SOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <input type="text" value="http://<Recovered_SOAM_IP_Address>"/> Login as the guiadmin user: 
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Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>29. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Verify the archive contents and database compatibility</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database. 2. Select the Active SOAM server and click Compare. <div data-bbox="493 365 688 394" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> ip... <input type="button" value="Compare..."/> <input type="button" value="Resto"/> </div> 3. Click the button for the restored database file uploaded as a part of Step 27. of this procedure. <div data-bbox="493 512 824 756" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Compare</p> <p>Select archive to compare on server: 2</p> <p>Archive * <input checked="" type="radio"/> backup/Backup.DSR.Zom</p> <p><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> </div> 4. Verify the output window matches the screen below. <div data-bbox="493 848 1143 1142" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Archive Compare</p> <pre>The selected database came from ZombieSOAM1 on 10/10/2011 10:10:10 AM Archive Contents Configuration data Database Compatibility The databases are compatible.</pre> </div> <p>Note: Archive Contents and Database Compatibilities must be the following: Archive Contents: Configuration data. Database Compatibility: The databases are compatible.</p> <p>Note: The following is expected output for Topology Compatibility Check since we are restoring from existing backed up data base to database with just one SOAM: Topology Compatibility THE TOPOLOGY SHOULD BE COMPATIBLE MINUS THE NODEID.</p> <p>Note: We are trying to restore a backed up database onto an empty SOAM database. This is an expected text in Topology Compatibility.</p> 5. If the verification is successful, click Back and continue to next step in this procedure.
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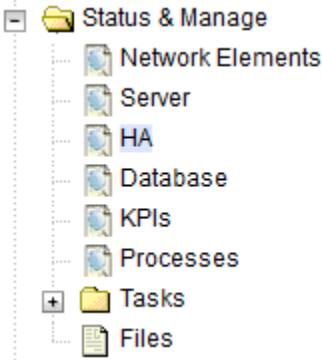
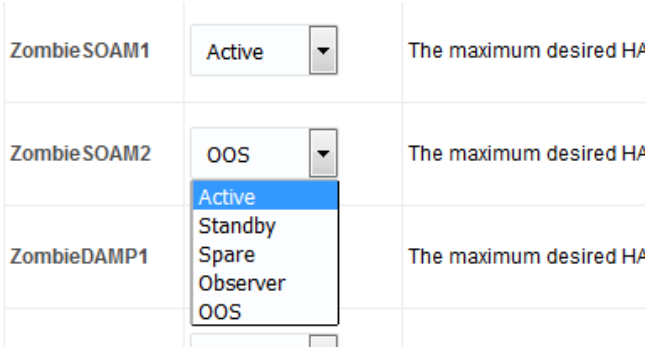
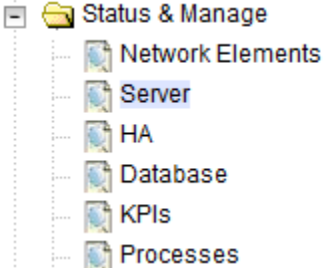

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>30. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Restore the database</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select the Active SOAM server and click Restore. 2. Select the proper back up provisioning and configuration file.  <p>The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Database Compare". It has a text field "Select archive to compare on server" and a radio button selection for "Archive *" with "backup/Backup.dsr.Z" selected. There are "Ok" and "Cancel" buttons at the bottom.</p> 3. Click OK. The following confirmation screen displays.  <p>The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Database Restore Confirm". It contains the text "Compatible archive." and a green box with the following text: "The selected database came from Zombi", "Archive Contents", "Configuration data", "Database Compatibility", and "The databases are compatible."</p> 4. If you get an error for Node Type Compatibility, that is expected. If no other errors are displayed, mark the Force checkbox and click OK to proceed with the DB restore. <p>Note: After the restore has started, the user is logged out of XMI SOAM GUI since the restored Topology is old data. The provisioning is disabled after this step.</p>
<p>31. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Monitor and confirm database restoral</p>	<p>Wait for 5-10 minutes for the system to stabilize with the new topology: Monitor the Info tab for Success. This indicates the restore is complete and the system is stabilized.</p> <p>Note: Do not pay attention to alarms until all the servers in the system are completely restored.</p> <p>Note: The Configuration and Maintenance information is in the same state it was when backed up during initial backup.</p>

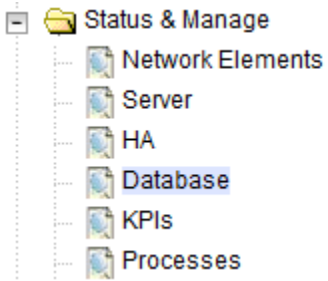
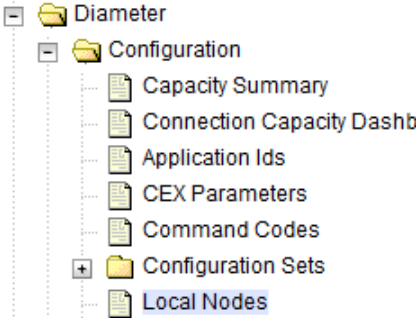
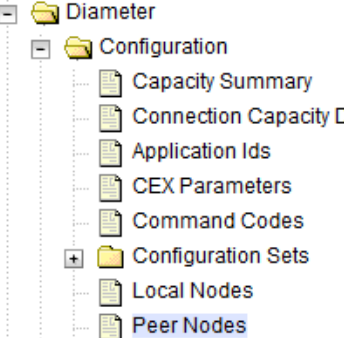
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>32. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <p><input type="text" value="http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address>"/></p> <p>2. Login as the guidadmin user:</p>  <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <p><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p>
<p>33. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the remaining SOAM servers</p>	<p>Recover the remaining SOAM servers (standby, spare) by repeating these steps for each SOAM server:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8]. <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].

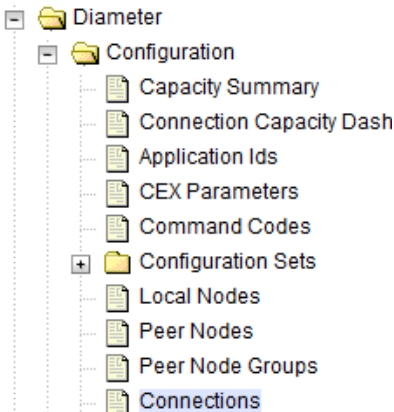
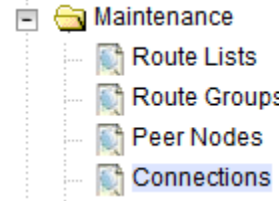
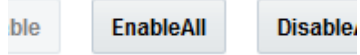
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>34. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on remaining SOAMs</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.</p> <p>3. Select the recovered SOAM server and set it to Active.</p>  <p>4. Click OK.</p>
<p>35. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 

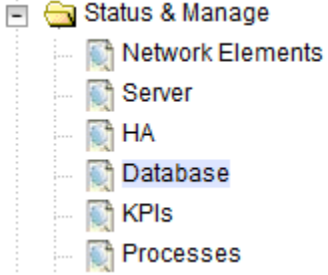
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>36. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on the recovered standby SOAM</p>	<p>Un-Inhibit (Start) Replication to the recovered Standby SOAM.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Click Allow Replication on the recovered standby SOAM server. 3. Verify the replication on all servers is allowed. This can be done by checking Repl status column of respective server
<p>37. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the local node info</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Local Node.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Verify all the local nodes are shown.
<p>38. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the peer node info</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Peer Node.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Verify all the peer nodes are shown.

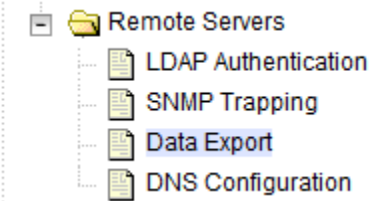
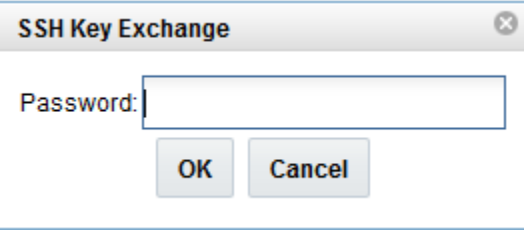
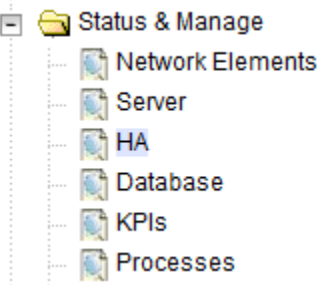
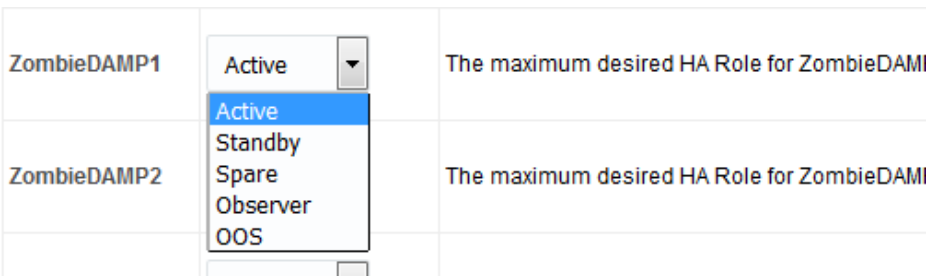
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>39. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the connections info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the connections are shown.</p>
<p>40. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable connections, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Select each connection and click Enable. Alternatively, you can enable all the connections by clicking EnableAll.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational State is Available.</p> <p>Note: If a Disaster Recovery was performed on an IPFE server, it may be necessary to disable and re-enable the connections to ensure proper link distribution</p>
<p>41. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Activate optional features</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>Note for PCA Activation: If you have PCA installed in the system being recovered, re-activate PCA by executing PCA Activation on Entire Server on Recovered NOAM Server from [13].</p> <p>Note: If not all SOAM sites are recovered at this point, then you should repeat activation for each *new* SOAM site that comes online.</p> <p>Note: If any of the MPs are failed and recovered, then these MP servers should be restarted after Activation of the feature.</p> <p>Refer to 1.5 Optional Features to activate any features previously activated.</p>

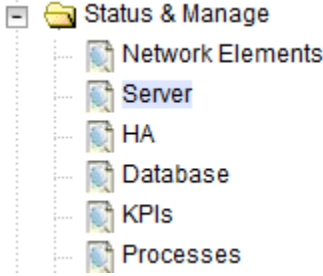

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>42. <input type="checkbox"/> NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on working C-level servers</p>	<p>Un-Inhibit (Start) Replication to the working C-level Servers which belongs to the same site as of the failed SOAM servers.</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is also present in the site and lost, execute Appendix F Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers (When Active, Standby and Spare SOAMs are Lost).</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is NOT deployed in the site, execute Appendix D Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. If the Repl Status is set to Inhibited, click Allow Replication using this order; otherwise, if none of the servers are inhibited, skip this step and continue with the next step: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active NOAM Server • Standby NOAM Server • Active SOAM Server • Standby SOAM Server • Spare SOAM Server (if applicable) • Active DR NOAM Server • Standby DR NOAM Server • MP/IPFE servers (if MPs are configured as active/standby, start with the Active MP; otherwise, the order of the MPs does not matter) • SBRS (if SBR servers are configured, start with the active SBR, then standby, then spare) 3. Verify the replication on all the working servers is allowed. This can be done by examining the Repl Status table as shown here: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>OAM Repl Status</th> <th>SIG Repl Status</th> <th style="border: 2px solid red;">Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Audit Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr style="border: 1px dashed blue;"> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	OAM Repl Status	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status	NotApplicable	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable
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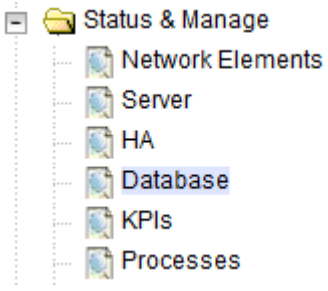
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>43. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Perform key exchange with export server</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Administration > Remote Servers > Data Export.  2. Click SSH Key Exchange. 3. Type the Password and click OK. 
<p>44. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the C-level server (DA-MP, SBRs, IPFE)</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute Configure MP Blade Servers, steps 1, 7, 11-14, and 17, from reference [8]. Note: Also execute step 15 and 16 if you plan to configure a default route on your MP that uses a signaling (XSI) network instead of the XMI network. 2. Repeat this step for any remaining failed MP servers.
<p>45. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on all C-level servers</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  2. Click Edit. 3. For each recovered C-level whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to Standby, set it to Active.  4. Click OK.

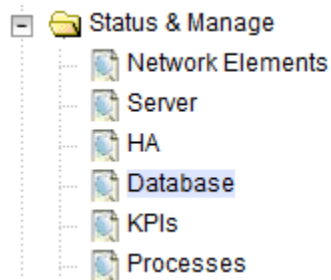

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

46.	<input type="checkbox"/> NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application on recovered C-level servers	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered C-level servers and click Restart.</p> 
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Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>47. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on all C-level servers</p>	<p>Un-inhibit (start) replication to the ALL C-level servers.</p> <p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. If the Repl Status is set to Inhibited, click Allow Replication using this order:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active NOAM Server • Standby NOAM Server • Active SOAM Server • Standby SOAM Server • Spare SOAM Server (if applicable) • Active DR NOAM Server • Standby DR NOAM Server • MP/IPFE servers (if MPs are configured as active/standby, start with the Active MP; otherwise, the order of the MPs does not matter) • SBRS (if SBR servers are configured, start with the active SBR, then standby, then spare) <p>3. Verify the replication on all the working servers is allowed. This can be done by examining the Repl Status table as shown here:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="492 1268 1406 1570"> <thead> <tr> <th>OAM Repl Status</th> <th>SIG Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Audit Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	OAM Repl Status	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status	NotApplicable	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable
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<p>48. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Perform key exchange between the active-NOAM and recovered servers</p>	<p>1. Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>2. Perform a keyexchange from the active NOAM to each recovered server:</p> <pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<Recovered Server Hostname></pre> <p>Note: If an export server is configured, perform this step.</p>																				

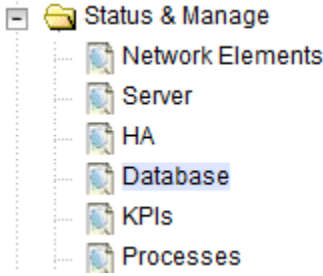
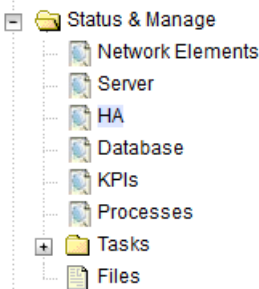
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>49. NOAM VIP GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Fetch and store the database report for the newly restored data and save it</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM server and click Report.</p>  <p>The following screen displays:</p> <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Database [Report]</p> <pre> ===== d s r D a t a b a s e S t a t u s R e p o r t ===== Report Generated: Tue Oct 11 13:24:26 2016 EDT From: Active Network OAM&P on host ZombieNOAM1 Report Version: 8.0.0.0.0-80.9.0 User: quiadmin ----- General ----- Hostname : ZombieNOAM1 Database Birthday : 2016-07-11 11:21:50 EDT Appworks Database Version : 6.0 Application Database Version : Capacities and Utilization ----- Disk Utilization 8.4%: 585M used of 7.0G total, 6.0G available Memory Utilization 0.0%: used of total, 0M available </pre> <p>3. Click Save and save the report to your local machine.</p>
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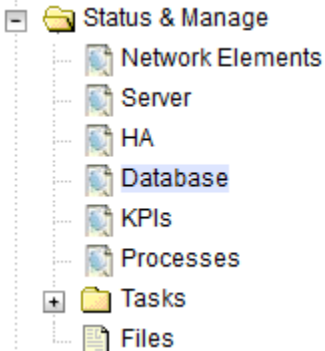
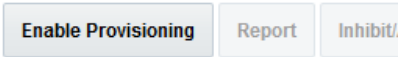
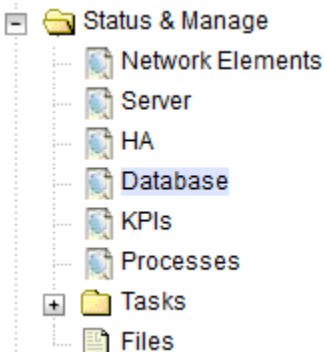
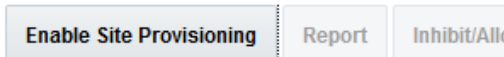
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>50. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication between servers</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr. 2. Execute this command: <pre>\$ sudo irepstat -m</pre> <p>Output:</p> <pre>-- Policy 0 ActStb [DbReplication] ----- Oahu-DAMP-1 - Act/Act BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.15%cpu 25B/s A=me CC To Oahu-DAMP-2 Active 0 0.10 0.14%cpu 25B/s A=me Oahu-DAMP-2 - Act/Stb BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.11%cpu 31B/s A=C3642.212 CC From Oahu-DAMP-1 Active 0 0.10 ^0.14 1.16%cpu 31B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-IPFE-1 -- Active BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 24B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-IPFE-2 -- Active BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 28B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-NOAM-1 -- Stby AA From Oahu-NOAM-2 Active 0 0.25 ^0.03%cpu 23B/s Oahu-NOAM-2 -- Active AA To Oahu-NOAM-1 Active 0 0.25 1%R 0.04%cpu 61B/s AB To Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.05%cpu 75B/s Oahu-SOAM-1 -- Stby BB From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 27B/s Oahu-SOAM-2 -- Active AB From Oahu-NOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 24B/s BB To Oahu-SOAM-1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 32B/s BC To Oahu-IPFE-1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 21B/s irepstat (40 lines) (h)elp (m)erged</pre>
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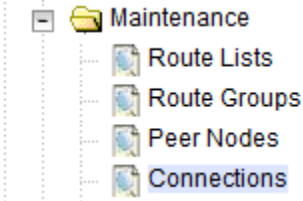
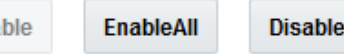
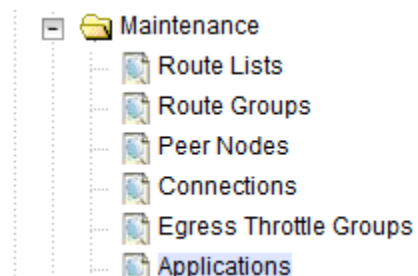
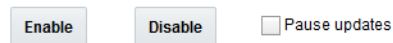
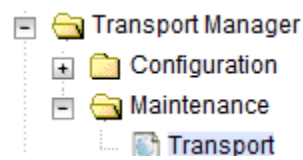

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>51. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the database states</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Verify the OAM Max HA Role is either Active or Standby for NOAM and SOAM; Application Max HA Role for MPs is Active; and the status is Normal:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 684 1412 1100"> <thead> <tr> <th>Network Element</th> <th>Server</th> <th>Role</th> <th>OAM Max HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Network Element	Server	Role	OAM Max HA Role	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System OAM	N/A	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System OAM	Active	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP2	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE2	MP	Active
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ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP2	MP	Active																																															
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ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE2	MP	Active																																															
<p>52. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the HA status</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Select the row for all of the servers.</p> <p>3. Verify the HA Role is either Active or Standby.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 1560 1406 1829"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>OAM HA Role</th> <th>Application HA Role</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role	ZombieNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby																				
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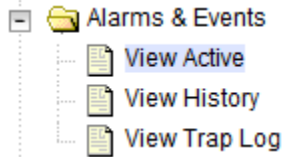
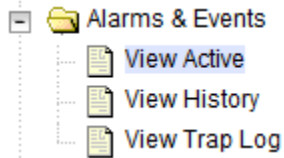
Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>53. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Enable provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Enable Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to enable Provisioning.</p>
<p>54. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM GUI: Enable site provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Enable Site Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to enable Provisioning.</p>
<p>55. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>MP Servers: Disable SCTP Auth Flag</p>	<p>For SCTP connections without DTLS enabled, refer to Disable/Enable DTLS feature activation guide [14]. Execute this procedure on all failed MP servers.</p>

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

<p>56. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable connections, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Select each connection and click Enable. Alternatively, you can enable all the connections by clicking EnableAll.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational State is Available.</p> <p>Note: If a Disaster Recovery was performed on an IPFE server, it may be necessary to disable and re-enable the connections to ensure proper link distribution</p>
<p>57. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable optional features</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Applications.</p>  <p>2. Select the optional feature application configured in step 41.</p> <p>3. Click Enable.</p> 
<p>58. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Re-enable transports, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Transport Manager > Maintenance > Transport.</p>  <p>2. Select each transport and click Enable.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational Status for each transport is Up.</p>

Procedure 1. Recovery Scenario 1

59. <input type="checkbox"/>	SOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.  2. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them. <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
60. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the NOAM VIP if not already logged in. 2. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.  3. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them. <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
61. <input type="checkbox"/>	Restore GUI usernames and passwords	If applicable, execute Resolving User Credential Issues after Database Restore to recover the user and group information restored.
62. <input type="checkbox"/>	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.
63. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover IDIH	If IDIH were affected, refer to IDIH Disaster Recovery to perform disaster recovery on IDIH.
64. <input type="checkbox"/>	SNMP workaround	<p>Refer to SNMP Configuration to configure SNMP as a workaround in these cases:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If SNMP is not configured in DSR. 2. If SNMP is already configured and SNMPv3 is selected as enabled version.

4.2 Recovery Scenario 2 (Partial Server Outage with One NOAM Server Intact and ALL SOAMs Failed)

For a partial server outage with an NOAM server intact and available; SOAM servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software and then executing a database restore to the active SOAM server using a database backup file obtained from the SOAM servers. All other servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software. Database replication from the active NOAM server recovers the database on these servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to execute


the procedure. The actual procedure detailed steps are in Procedure 2. The major activities are summarized as follows:

- Recover **standby NOAM** server (if needed) by recovering base hardware, software and the database
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
- Recover **active SOAM** server by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - Recover the database
- Recover any failed **SOAM and MP** servers by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - The database has already been restored at the active SOAM server and does not require restoration at the SO and MP servers

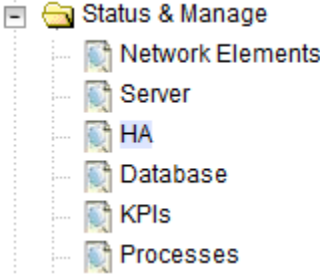
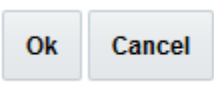
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

This procedure performs recovery if at least 1 NOAM server is available, but all SOAM servers in a site have failed. This includes any SOAM server that is in another location. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.		
1.	Workarounds	Refer to SNMP Configuration to configure SNMP as a workaround in these cases: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If SNMP is not configured in DSR. 2. If SNMP is already configured and SNMPv3 is selected as enabled version.
2.	Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Required Materials.

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>3.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Set failed servers to OOS</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 714 1031 1060"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div> </td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Click OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div>	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
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ZombieDRNOAM1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div>	The maximum des												
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Replace failed equipment</p>	<p>HW vendor to replace the failed equipment.</p>												
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS NOAM Failure: Configure BIOS settings and update firmware</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Configure and verify the BIOS settings by executing procedure Configure the RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings from reference [10]. Verify and/or upgrade server firmware by executing procedure Upgrade Management Server Firmware from reference [10]. <p>Note: Although the procedure is titled to be run on the management server, this procedure also applies to any rack mount server.</p>												

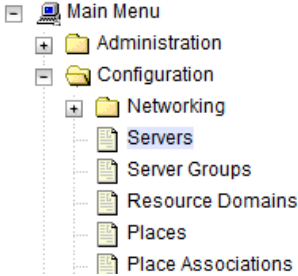

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	RMS NOAM Failure: Backups available	If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 10. This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step. 1. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media. 2. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, restore the PMAC backup by executing Restore PMAC from Backup
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	RMS NOAM Failure: Backups NOT available	If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 10. This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups NOT are available, if the TVOE and PMAC have already been restored, skip this step. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures: 1. Configure and IPM Management Server from reference [10]. 2. Install PMAC from reference [10]. 3. Configure PMAC Application from reference [10]. If the PMAC is NOT located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures: 1. Installing TVOE on Rack Mount Server(s) from reference [10].
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover failed aggregation/ enclosure switches, and OAs	Recover failed OAs, aggregation and enclosure switches, if needed. Backups Available: 1. Refer to Recover/Replace Failed 3 rd Party Components (Switches, OAs) section to recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches Backups NOT Available: 1. Execute HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration from reference [10] to recover and configure any failed OAs, if needed. 2. Execute Configure Enclosure Switches from reference [10] to recover enclosure switches, if needed.
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Configure blade server iLO, update firmware/BIOS settings	If the failed server is NOT an HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14. 1. Execute Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account from reference [10]. 2. Verify/Update Blade server firmware and BIOS settings by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10]
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups available	If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14. This step assumes TVOE backups are available. If backups are NOT available, skip this step. 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media on ALL failed TVOE Host blade servers.

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>12. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups NOT available</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14.</p> <p>This step assumes TVOE backups are NOT available:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Configure the NOAM and/or SOAM failed TVOE server blades by executing Configure SOAM TVOE Server Blades from reference [8]. <p>Note: Although the title of the procedure is related to SOAMs only, execute this procedure for any failed NOAMs located on TVOE server blades.</p>
<p>13. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Create VMs</p>	<p>Execute Create NOAM/SOAM Virtual Machines to create the NOAM and SOAM VMs on failed TVOE servers.</p>
<p>14. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>IPM and install DSR application on failed guest/servers</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute IPM Blades and VMs for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8]. 2. Execute Install the Application Software for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8].
<p>15. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Install NetBackup client (Optional)</p>	<p>If NetBackup is used, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].</p>
<p>16. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin: 5px 0;"><code>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></code></div> 2. Login as the guiadmin user: <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Oracle System Login Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: auto;"/> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px; width: 80%; margin: auto;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Log In</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Enter your username and password to log in</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Username: <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Password: <input style="width: 100%;" type="password"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> Change password</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Log In"/></p> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small; margin: 10px 0;">Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: x-small; margin: 10px 0;"><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: x-small; margin: 10px 0;"><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p>

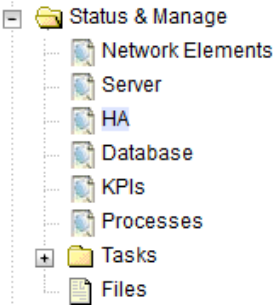
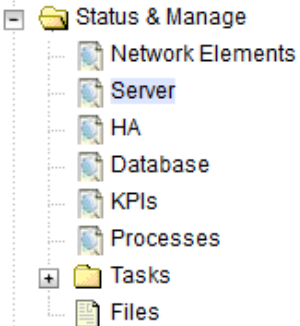
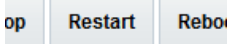
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

17. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Export the initial configuration	<p>If the failed server is NOT a NOAM server, skip to step 24.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Configuration > Servers.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> From the GUI screen, select the failed NOAM server and click Export to generate the initial configuration data for that server. 
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Copy configuration file to failed NOAM server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Obtain a terminal session to the NOAM VIP, login as the admusr user. Configure the failed NOAM server: <pre>\$ sudo scp -r /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.<Failed_NOAM_Hostnam e>.sh admusr@<Failed_NOAM_control_IP_address>:/var/tmp/TKLCConf igData.sh</pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Failed NOAM Server: Verify the configuration was called and reboot the server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Establish an SSH session to the failed NOAM server, login as the admusr user. <p>The automatic configuration daemon looks for the file named TKLCConfigData.sh in the /var/tmp directory, implements the configuration in the file, and asks the user to reboot the server.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Verify awpushcfg was called by checking the following file. <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> <p>Verify this message displays: [SUCCESS] script completed successfully!</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reboot the server: <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Wait for the server to reboot.


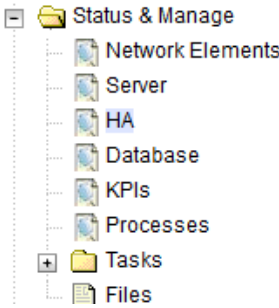
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Failed NOAM Server: Configure networking for dedicated NetBackup interface (Optional)	<p>Note: Only execute this step if your NOAM is using a dedicated Ethernet interface for NetBackup.</p> <p>Obtain a terminal window to the failed NOAM server, logging in as the admusr.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=netbackup --type=Ethernet --onboot=yes --address=<NO2_NetBackup_IP_Address> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=net --device=netbackup --address=<NO1_NetBackup_Network_ID> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask> --gateway=<NO2_NetBackup_Gateway_IP_Address></pre>
21. <input type="checkbox"/>	Failed NOAM Server: Verify server health	<p>Execute this command on the 2nd NOAM server and make sure no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware...OK Running modules in class disk...OK Running modules in class net...OK Running modules in class system...OK Running modules in class proc...OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>

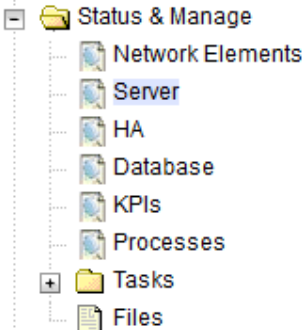

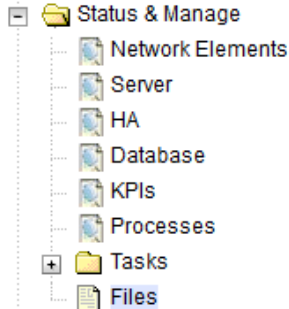

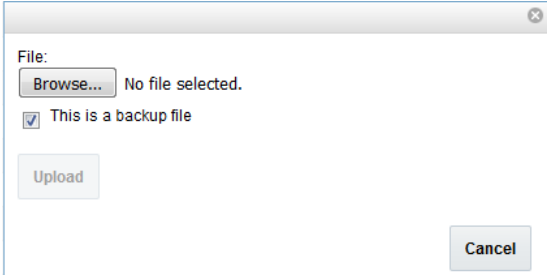
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>22. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby NOAM</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.</p> <p>3. Select the standby NOAM server and set it to Active.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="506 772 980 1045"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRMNOAM1</td> <td>Active Standby Spare</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRMNOAM1	Active Standby Spare	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum												
ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum												
ZombieDRMNOAM1	Active Standby Spare	The maximum												
<p>23. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby NOAM server and click Restart.</p> 												


Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>24.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Stop replication to the C-level servers of this site</p> 	<p style="text-align: center;">!!Warning!!</p> <p>Before continuing this procedure, replication to C-level servers at the SOAM site being recovered MUST be inhibited.</p> <p>Failure to inhibit replication to the working C-level servers results in the database being destroyed!</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is also present in the site and lost, execute Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers (When Active, Standby, and Spare SOAMs are Lost) to inhibit replication to working C-level servers before continuing.</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is NOT deployed in the site, execute Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers to inhibit replication to working C-level servers before continuing.</p>						
<p>25.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recover active SOAM server</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8]. <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8]. 						
<p>26.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on SOAM server</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click Edit at the bottom of the screen. Select the SOAM server and set it to Active. <table border="1" data-bbox="487 1354 982 1596"> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The n</td> </tr> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	ZombieSOAM1	Active	The n	ZombieSOAM2	Active	The n
ZombieSOAM1	Active	The n						
ZombieSOAM2	Active	The n						

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>27. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 
<p>28. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Upload the backed up SOAM database file</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.</p>  <p>2. Select the active SOAM server tab. Click Upload and select the SO Provisioning and Configuration file backed up after initial installation and provisioning.</p>  <p>3. Click Browse and locate the backup file.</p> <p>4. Check This is a backup file checkbox.</p> <p>5. Click Upload.</p>  <p>The file takes a few seconds to upload depending on the size of the backup data. The file is visible on the list of entries after the upload is complete.</p>

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>29. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Login</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Establish a GUI session on the recovered SOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <input type="text" value="http://<Recovered_SOAM_IP_Address>"/> Login as the guiadmin user: 
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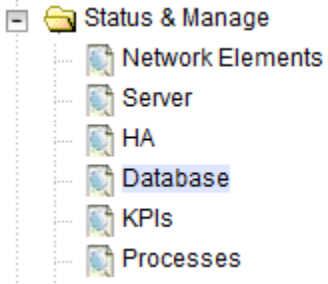
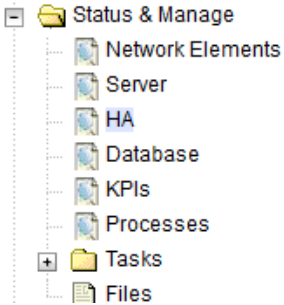
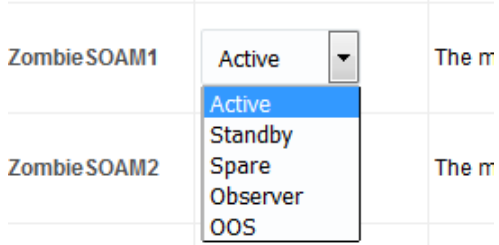
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>30. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Verify the archive contents and database compatibility</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database. 2. Select the Active SOAM server and click Compare. <div data-bbox="493 365 688 394" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> ip... <input type="button" value="Compare..."/> <input type="button" value="Resto"/> </div> 3. Click the button for the restored database file uploaded as a part of step 28 of this procedure. <div data-bbox="493 512 824 756" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Compare</p> <p>Select archive to compare on server: 2</p> <p>Archive * <input checked="" type="radio"/> backup/Backup.DSR.Zom</p> <p><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> </div> 4. Verify the output window matches the screen below. <div data-bbox="493 869 1159 1159" style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Archive Compare</p> <pre>The selected database came from ZombieSOAM1 on 10/10/2011 10:10:10 AM Archive Contents Configuration data Database Compatibility The databases are compatible.</pre> </div> <p>Note: Archive Contents and Database Compatibilities must be the following: Archive Contents: Configuration data. Database Compatibility: The databases are compatible.</p> <p>Note: The following is expected output for Topology Compatibility Check since we are restoring from existing backed up data base to database with just one SOAM: Topology Compatibility THE TOPOLOGY SHOULD BE COMPATIBLE MINUS THE NODEID.</p> <p>Note: We are trying to restore a backed up database onto an empty SOAM database. This is an expected text in Topology Compatibility.</p> 5. If the verification is successful, click Back, then cancel and continue to next step in this procedure.
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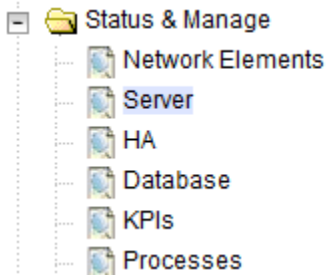

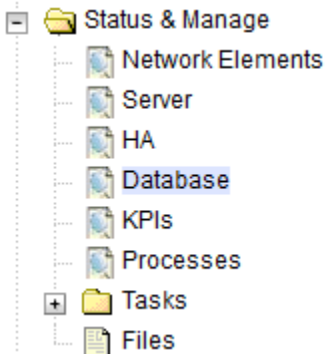
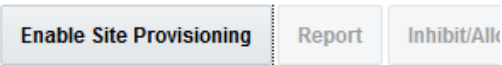
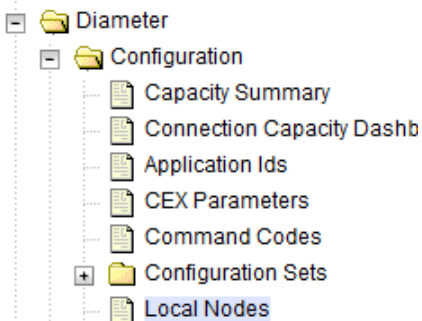
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>31. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Restore the database</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select the Active SOAM server and click Restore. 2. Select the proper back up provisioning and configuration file. <div data-bbox="506 348 899 684" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Database Restore</p> <p>Select archive to Restore on server: ZombieSOAM2</p> <p>Archive *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <input checked="" type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieSOAM2.Configuration <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> </div> 3. Click OK. The following confirmation screen displays. 4. If you get an error for Node Type Compatibility, that is expected. If no other errors are displayed, mark the Force checkbox and click OK to proceed with the DB restore. <div data-bbox="500 863 1008 1264" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Database Restore Confirm</p> <p>Compatible archive.</p> <div style="background-color: #e0ffe0; padding: 10px; border: 1px solid black; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>The selected database came from ZombieSOAM2</p> <p><u>Archive Contents</u> Configuration data</p> <p><u>Database Compatibility</u> The databases are compatible.</p> </div> </div> <p>Note: After the restore has started, the user is logged out of XMI SOAM GUI since the restored Topology is old data. The provisioning is disabled after this step.</p>
<p>32. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recovered SOAM GUI: Monitor and Confirm database restoral</p>	<p>Wait for 5-10 minutes for the system to stabilize with the new topology: Monitor the Info tab for Success. This indicates the restore is complete and the system is stabilized.</p> <p>Note: Do not pay attention to alarms until all the servers in the system are completely restored.</p> <p>Note: The Configuration and Maintenance information is in the same state it was when backed up during initial backup.</p>

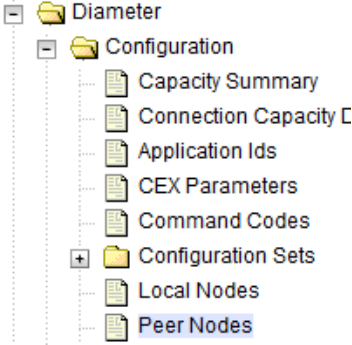
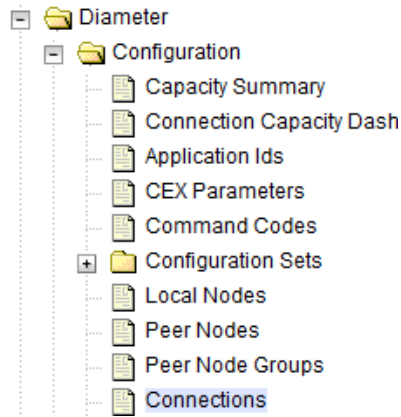
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>33. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the remaining SOAM servers</p>	<p>Recover the remaining SOAM servers (standby, spare) by repeating these steps for each SOAM server:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8]. <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8]. 						
<p>34. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on the recovered SOAMs</p>	<p>Un-Inhibit (Start) Replication to the recovered SOAM servers</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click Allow Replication on the recovered SOAM servers. Verify the replication on all SOAMs servers is allowed. This can be done by checking Repl status column of respective server 						
<p>35. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on recovered standby SOAM server</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click Edit at the bottom of the screen Select the recovered standby SOAM server and set it to Active.  <table border="1" data-bbox="487 1495 982 1738"> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The m</td> </tr> </table> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click OK. 	ZombieSOAM1	Active	The m	ZombieSOAM2	Active	The m
ZombieSOAM1	Active	The m						
ZombieSOAM2	Active	The m						

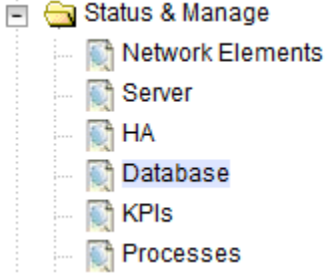
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>36. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 
<p>37. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM GUI: Enable provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Enable Site Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to enable provisioning.</p>
<p>38. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the local node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Local Node.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the local nodes are shown.</p>

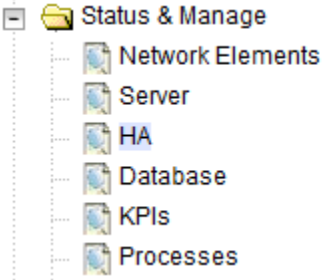
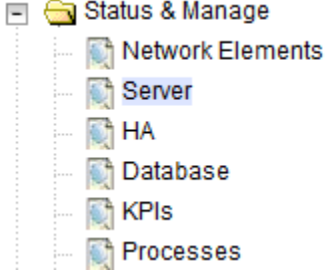

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>39.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the peer node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Peer Node.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the peer nodes are shown.</p>
<p>40.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the connections info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the connections are shown.</p>

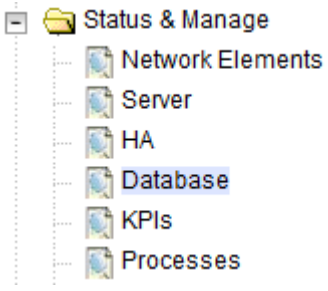
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>41. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on working C-level servers</p> <p>Note: Wait until audit becomes active on SOAM or NOAM. Click Allow Replication for each DP server until all DP servers associated with this SOAM Network Element have been inhibited.</p>	<p>Un-Inhibit (Start) Replication to the working C-level servers which belong to the same site as of the failed SOAM servers.</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is also present in the site and lost, execute Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers (When Active, Standby and Spare SOAMs are Lost).</p> <p>If the spare SOAM is NOT deployed in the site, execute Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If the Repl Status is set to Inhibited, click Allow Replication using this order; otherwise, if none of the servers are inhibited, skip this step and continue with the next step: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Active NOAM Server Standby NOAM Server Active SOAM Server Standby SOAM Server Spare SOAM Server (if applicable) Active DR NOAM Server Standby DR NOAM Server MP/IPFE servers (if MPs are configured as active/standby, start with the Active MP; otherwise, the order of the MPs does not matter) SBRs (if SBR servers are configured, start with the active SBR, then standby, then spare) Verify the replication on all the working servers is allowed. This can be done by checking the Repl Status as shown here. <table border="1" data-bbox="495 1501 1404 1795"> <thead> <tr> <th>OAM Repl Status</th> <th>SIG Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Audit Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	OAM Repl Status	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status	NotApplicable	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable
OAM Repl Status	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status																			
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Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable																			
Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable																			
Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable																			

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>42. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the C-level server (DA-MP, SBRs, IPFE)</p>	<p>Execute Configure MP Blade Servers, steps 1, 7, 11-14, and 17, from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: Also execute step 15 and 16 if you plan to configure a default route on your MP that uses a signaling (XSI) network instead of the XMI network.</p> <p>Repeat this step for any remaining failed MP servers.</p>						
<p>43. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application on recovered C-level servers</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.</p> <p>3. For each recovered C-level with a Max Allowed HA Role set to Standby, set it to Active.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="495 955 1421 1228"> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP2</td> </tr> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP1	ZombieDAMP2	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP2
ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP1						
ZombieDAMP2	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMP2						
<p>44. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application on recovered C-level servers</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered C-level servers and click Restart.</p> 						

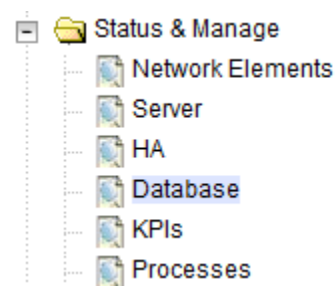
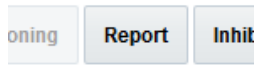
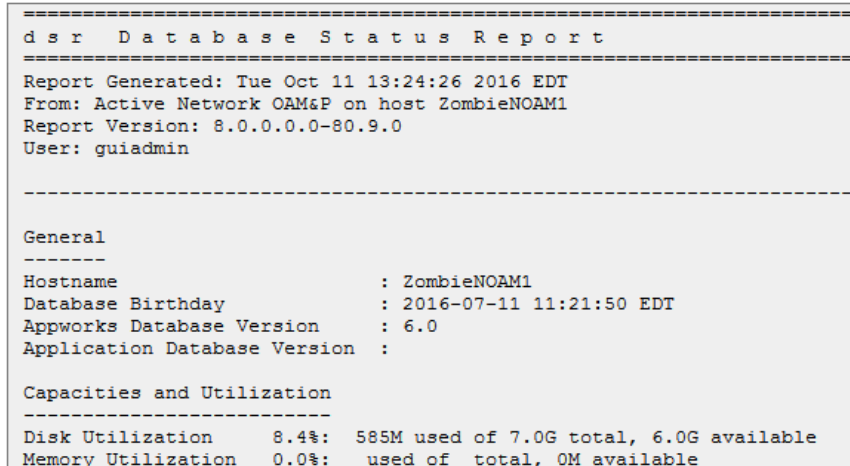
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>45. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Start replication on ALL C-level servers</p> <p>Note: Wait until audit becomes active on SOAM or NOAM. Click Allow Replication for each DP server until all DP servers associated with this SOAM Network Element have been inhibited.</p>	<p>Un-Inhibit (Start) Replication to the ALL C-level servers.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. If the Repl Status is set to Inhibited, click Allow Replication using this order: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active NOAMP Server • Standby NOAMP Server • Active SOAM Server • Standby SOAM Server • Spare SOAM Server (if applicable) • Active DR NOAM Server • Standby DR NOAM Server • MP/IPFE Servers (if MPs are configured as active/standby, start with the Active MP; otherwise, the order of the MPs does not matter). 3. Verify the replication on all servers is allowed. This can be done by checking the Repl Status as shown here: <table border="1" data-bbox="492 1199 1406 1501"> <thead> <tr> <th>OAM Repl Status</th> <th>SIG Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Status</th> <th>Repl Audit Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>NotApplicable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	OAM Repl Status	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status	NotApplicable	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable	Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable
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Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable																			
Normal	NotApplicable	Allowed	NotApplicable																			
<p>46. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Perform keyexchange between the active-NOAM and recovered servers</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr. 2. Execute this command to perform a keyexchange from the active NOAM to each recovered server: <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ keyexchange admusr@<Recovered Server Hostname></pre>																				

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

47. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active NOAM: Activate optional features	<p>Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>Note for PCA Feature Activation:</p> <p>If you have PCA installed in the system being recovered, re-activate the PCA by executing PCA Activation on Standby NOAM server on the recovered standby NOAM server, and PCA Activation on Active SOAM server on the recovered active SOAM server from [13].</p> <p>Refer to Optional Features to activate any features that were previously activated.</p> <p>Note: While running the activation script, the following error message (and corresponding messages) output may be seen, this can safely be ignored:</p> <pre>iload#31000{S/W Fault}</pre> <p>Note: If any of the MPs are failed and recovered, then these MP servers should be restarted after Activation of the feature.</p>
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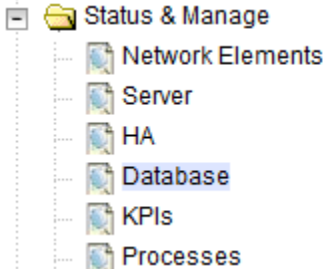
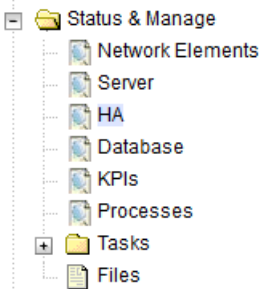
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>48. NOAM VIP GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Fetch and store the database report for the newly restored data and save it</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM server and click Report.</p>  <p>The following screen displays:</p> <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Database [Report]</p>  <p>3. Click Save and save the report to your local machine.</p>
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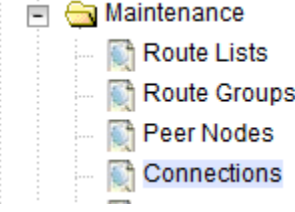
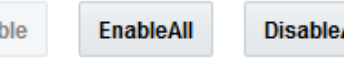
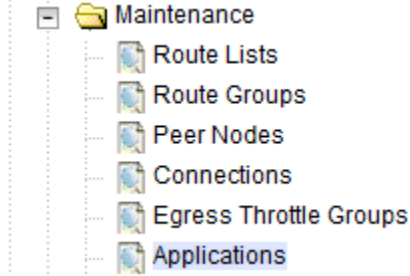

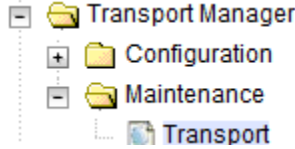
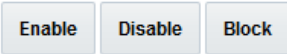
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

49.	<input type="checkbox"/> Active NOAM: Verify replication between servers	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Log into the active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr. Execute this command: <pre>\$ sudo irepstat -m</pre> <p>Output:</p> <pre>-- Policy 0 ActStb [DbReplication] ----- Oahu-DAMP-1 - Act/Act BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.15%cpu 25B/s A=me CC To Oahu-DAMP-2 Active 0 0.10 0.14%cpu 25B/s A=me Oahu-DAMP-2 - Act/Stb BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.11%cpu 31B/s A=C3642.212 CC From Oahu-DAMP-1 Active 0 0.10 ^0.14 1.16%cpu 31B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-IPFE-1 -- Active BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 24B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-IPFE-2 -- Active BC From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 28B/s A=C3642.212 Oahu-NOAM-1 -- Stby AA From Oahu-NOAM-2 Active 0 0.25 ^0.03%cpu 23B/s Oahu-NOAM-2 -- Active AA To Oahu-NOAM-1 Active 0 0.25 1%R 0.04%cpu 61B/s AB To Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.05%cpu 75B/s Oahu-SOAM-1 -- Stby BB From Oahu-SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 27B/s Oahu-SOAM-2 -- Active AB From Oahu-NOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.03%cpu 24B/s BB To Oahu-SOAM-1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 32B/s BC To Oahu-IPFE-1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 21B/s irepstat (40 lines) (h)elp (m)erged</pre>
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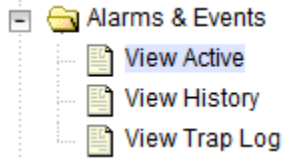
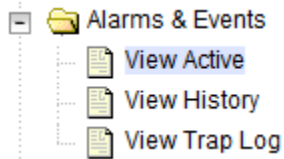
Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>50. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the database states</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manager > Database.</p>  <p>2. Verify the OAM Max HA Role is either Active or Standby for NOAM and SOAM; Application Max HA Role for MPs is Active; and status is Normal:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 661 1409 1081"> <thead> <tr> <th>Network Element</th> <th>Server</th> <th>Role</th> <th>OAM Max HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>ZombieDRNOAM</td><td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td><td>Network OAM&P</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieNOAM</td><td>ZombieNOAM2</td><td>Network OAM&P</td><td>Standby</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombieSOAM2</td><td>System OAM</td><td>N/A</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieNOAM</td><td>ZombieNOAM1</td><td>Network OAM&P</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombieSOAM1</td><td>System OAM</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieDRNOAM</td><td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td><td>Network OAM&P</td><td>Standby</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombieDAMP2</td><td>MP</td><td>Standby</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombieSS7MP2</td><td>MP</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombieSS7MP1</td><td>MP</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombiePFE1</td><td>MP</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM</td><td>ZombiePFE2</td><td>MP</td><td>Active</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Network Element	Server	Role	OAM Max HA Role	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System OAM	N/A	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System OAM	Active	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP2	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombiePFE1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombiePFE2	MP	Active
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<p>51. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the HA status</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Select the row for all of the servers.</p> <p>3. Verify the HA Role is either Active or Standby.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 1545 1409 1818"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>OAM HA Role</th> <th>Application HA Role</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>ZombieNOAM1</td><td>Active</td><td>N/A</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieNOAM2</td><td>Standby</td><td>N/A</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td><td>Active</td><td>N/A</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td><td>Standby</td><td>N/A</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM1</td><td>Active</td><td>N/A</td><td>Active</td></tr> <tr><td>ZombieSOAM2</td><td>Standby</td><td>N/A</td><td>Standby</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role	ZombieNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby																				
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ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active																																															
ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby																																															

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

<p>52. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>MP Servers: Disable SCTP auth flag</p>	<p>For SCTP connections without DTLS enabled, refer to Disable/Enable DTLS feature activation guide [14]. Execute this procedure on all failed MP servers.</p>
<p>53. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable connections, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Select each connection and click Enable. Alternatively, you can enable all the connections by clicking EnableAll.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational State is Available.</p> <p>Note: If disaster recovery was performed on an IPFE server, it may be necessary to disable and re-enable the connections to ensure proper link distribution.</p>
<p>54. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable optional features</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Applications.</p>  <p>2. Select the optional feature application configured in step 47.</p> <p>3. Click Enable.</p> 
<p>55. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Re-enable transports, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Transport Manager > Maintenance > Transport.</p>  <p>2. Select each transport and click Enable.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational Status for each transport is Up.</p>

Procedure 2. Recovery Scenario 2

56. <input type="checkbox"/>	SOAM VIP GUI: Examine All alarms	<p>1. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>2. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p> <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
57. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms	<p>1. Log into the NOAM VIP if not already logged in.</p> <p>2. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>3. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p>
58. <input type="checkbox"/>	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.
59. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover IDIH	If IDIH were affected, refer to IDIH Disaster Recovery to perform disaster recovery on IDIH.

4.3 Recovery Scenario 3 (Partial Server Outage with All NOAM Servers Failed and One SOAM Server Intact)

For a partial server outage with an SOAM server intact and available; NOAM servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software and then executing a database restore to the active NOAM server using a NOAM database backup file obtained from external backup sources such as customer servers or NetBackup. All other servers are recovered using recovery procedures of base hardware and software. Database replication from the active NOAM/active SOAM server recovers the database on these servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to execute the procedure. The actual procedure detailed steps are in Procedure 3. The major activities are summarized as follows:

- Recover **Active NOAM** server by recovering base hardware, software and the database
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - Recover the database
- Recover **NOAM servers** by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware

- Recover the software
- Recover any failed **SOAM and MP servers** by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - Database is already intact at one SOAM server and does not require restoration at the other SOAM and MP servers


Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>This procedure performs recovery if ALL NOAM servers are failed but 1 or more SOAM servers are intact. This includes any SOAM server that is in another location (spare SOAM server). Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>		
1.	<input type="checkbox"/> Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in the Required Materials section.
2.	<input type="checkbox"/> Replace failed equipment	HW vendor to replace the failed equipment.
3.	<input type="checkbox"/> RMS NOAM Failure: Configure BIOS settings and update firmware	If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 8. 1. Configure and verify the BIOS settings by executing procedure Configure the RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings from reference [10]. 2. Verify and/or upgrade server firmware by executing procedure Upgrade Management Server Firmware from reference [10]. Note: Although the procedure is titled to be run on the management server, this procedure also applies to any rack mount server.
4.	<input type="checkbox"/> RMS NOAM Failure: Backups Available	If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 8. This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, restore the PMAC backup by executing Restore PMAC from Backup.
5.	<input type="checkbox"/> RMS NOAM Failure: Backups NOT available	If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 8. This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups NOT are available, if the TVOE and PMAC have already been restored, skip this step. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures: 1. Configure and IPM Management Server from reference [10]. 2. Install PMAC from reference [10]. 3. Configure PMAC from reference [10]. If the PMAC is NOT located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, Execute the following sections/procedures: 1. Installing TVOE on Rack Mount Server(s) from reference [10].

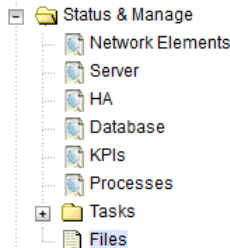
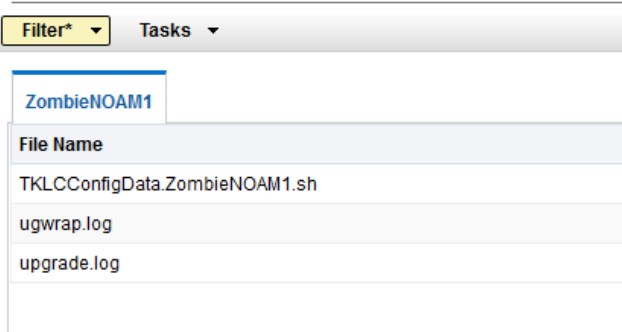
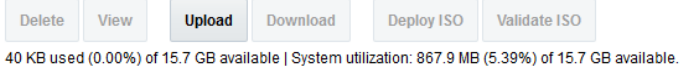
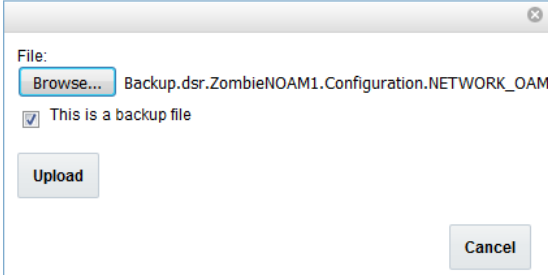
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

6. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover failed aggregation/ enclosure switches, and OAs	<p>Recover failed OAs, aggregation and enclosure switches, if needed.</p> <p>Backups Available:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs) to recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches. <p>Backups NOT Available, execute:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration from reference [10] to recover and configure any failed OAs, if needed. 2. Configure Enclosure Switches from reference [10] to recover enclosure switches, if needed.
7. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Configure blade server iLO, update firmware/BIOS settings	<p>If the failed server is NOT an HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 11.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account from reference [10]. 2. Verify/Update Blade server firmware and BIOS settings by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10].
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 11.</p> <p>This step assumes TVOE backups are available. If backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media on ALL failed TVOE Host blade servers.
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups NOT available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 11.</p> <p>This step assumes TVOE backups are NOT available.</p> <p>Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing section Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10].</p>
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Execute fast deployment file for NOAMs	<p>The backup fdconfig file used during the initial DSR installation is available on the PMAC, if a database backup was restored on the PMAC.</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is NOT available, execute Configure NOAM Servers from reference [8].</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is already present on the PMAC, execute the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Edit the .xml file with the correct TPD and DSR ISO (Incase an upgrade has been performed since initial installation). 2. Execute these commands: <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ cd /usr/TKLC/smac/etc \$ screen \$ sudo fdconfig config --file=<Created_FD_File>.xml</pre>

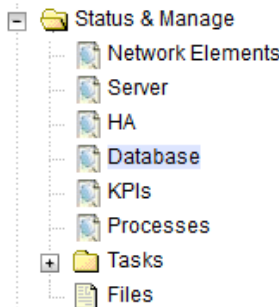
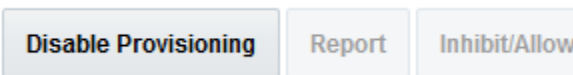
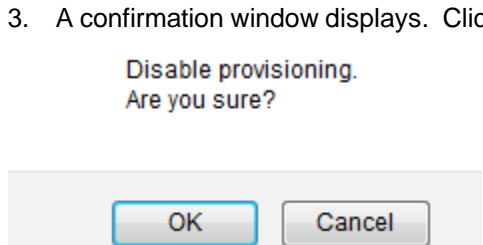
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>11. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Obtain latest database backup and network configuration data</p>	<p>Obtain the most recent database backup file from external backup sources (ex. file servers) or tape backup sources. From required materials list in the Required Materials section; use the site survey documents and Network Element report (if available) to determine network configuration data.</p>
<p>12. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Execute DSR installation procedure for the first NOAM</p>	<p>1. Configure the first NOAM server by executing procedure Configure the First NOAM NE and Server from reference [8]. 2. Configure the NOAM server group by executing procedure Configure the NOAM Server Group from reference [8]. Note: Use the backup copy of network configuration data and site surveys (step 2).</p>
<p>13. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Login</p>	<p>Log into the NOAM GUI as the guiadmin user:</p>  <p>Welcome to the Oracle System Login.</p> <p>This application is designed to work with most modern HTML5 compliant browsers and uses both JavaScript and cookies. Please refer to the Oracle Software Web Browser Support Policy for details.</p> <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited.</p> <p>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</p> <p>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</p>

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>14. NOAM GUI: Upload the backed up database file</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Select the active NOAM server. <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Files</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Click Upload and select the file NO Provisioning and Configuration file backed up after initial installation and provisioning.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Click Browse and locate the backup file. 5. Check This is a backup file checkbox. 6. Click Upload.  <p>The file takes a few seconds to upload depending on the size of the backup data. The file is visible on the list of entries after the upload is complete.</p>
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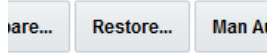
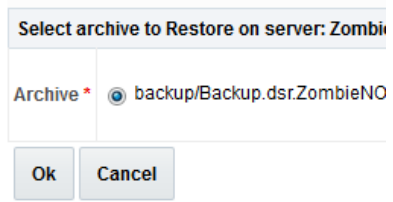
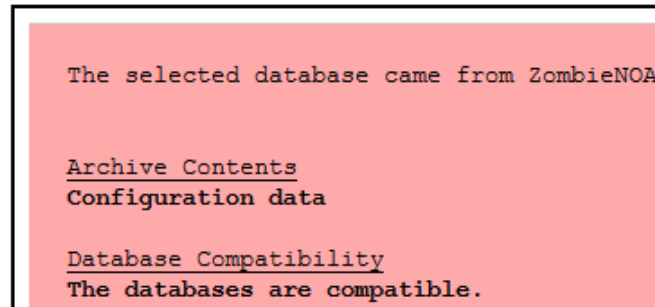
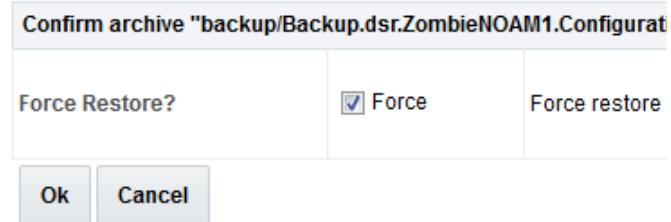
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>15.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Disable provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Disable Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to disable provisioning.</p> 
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Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>16. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM GUI: Verify the archive contents and database compatibility</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select the Active NOAM server and click Compare. <div data-bbox="488 310 886 359" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> lication Backup... Compare... Restore... </div> Click the button for the restored database file uploaded as a part of Step 15 of this procedure. <div data-bbox="488 464 862 646" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Compare</p> <p>Select archive to compare on server: ZombieNOAM1</p> <p>Archive * <input type="radio"/> backup/Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration</p> <p><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> </div> Verify the output window matches the screen below. <p>Note: A database mismatch regarding the Topology Compatibility and possibly User compatibility (due to authentication) displays. These warnings are expected. If these are the only mismatches, proceed; otherwise, stop and contact My Oracle Support (MOS) to ask for assistance.</p> <div data-bbox="488 894 1442 1318" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Database Archive Compare</p> <pre>The selected database came from ZombieNOAM1 on 10/10/2016 at 10:36:44 EDT and contains the following:</pre> <pre>Archive Contents Configuration data Database Compatibility The databases are compatible. Node Type Compatibility The node types are compatible. Topology Compatibility THE TOPOLOGY IS NOT COMPATIBLE. CONTACT ORACLE CUSTOMER SERVICES BEFORE RESTORING THIS DATABASE. Discrepancies: - Server A1860.052 on network XMI is in the current topology but not the selected backup file - Server A1860.052 on network IMI is in the current topology but not the selected backup file - Server A0630.238 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology - Server B2934.011 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology - Server C0422.200 on network XMI is in the selected backup file but not the current topology</pre> </div> <p>Note: Archive Contents and Database Compatibilities must be the following:</p> <p>Archive Contents: Configuration data.</p> <p>Database Compatibility: The databases are compatible.</p> <p>Note: The following is expected Output for Topology Compatibility Check since we are restoring from existing backed up data base to database with just one NOAM:</p> <p>Topology Compatibility</p> <p>THE TOPOLOGY SHOULD BE COMPATIBLE MINUS THE NODEID.</p> <p>Note: We are trying to restore a backed up database onto an empty NOAM database. This is an expected text in Topology Compatibility.</p> If the verification is successful, click Back.
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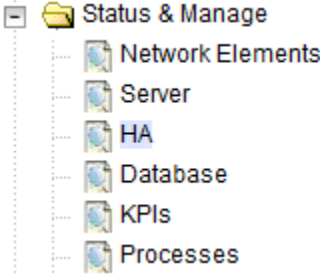
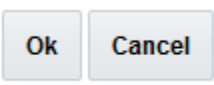
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>17. Active NOAM: Restore the database</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database. 2. Select the Active NOAM server and click Restore.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Select the proper back up provisioning and configuration file.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Click OK. 5. If you get errors related to the warnings highlighted in the previous step, that is expected. If no other errors are displayed, mark the Force checkbox as shown above and click OK to proceed with the DB restore. <p>Database Restore Confirm</p> <p>Incompatible archive selected</p>   <p>Note: After the restore has started, the user is logged out of XMI NO GUI since the restored Topology is old data.</p>
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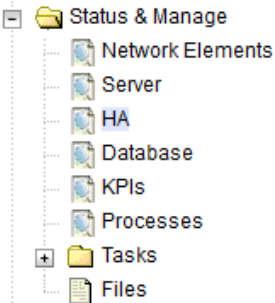
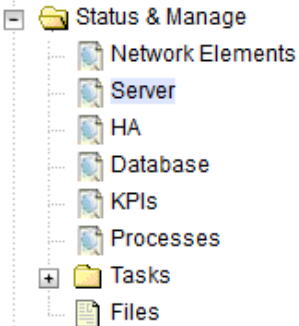

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>18. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <p><input type="text" value="http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address>"/></p> <p>2. Login as the guidadmin user:</p> 
<p>19. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Monitor and confirm database restoral</p>	<p>Wait for 5-10 minutes for the System to stabilize with the new topology: Monitor the Info tab for Success. This indicates the restore is complete and the system is stabilized.</p> <p>Ignore the following alarms for NOAM and MP servers until all the servers are configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alarms with Type Column as REPL, COLL, HA (with mate NOAM), DB (about Provisioning Manually Disabled). <p>Note: Do not pay attention to alarms until all the servers in the system are completely restored.</p> <p>Note: The Configuration and Maintenance information is in the same state it was when backed up during initial backup.</p>

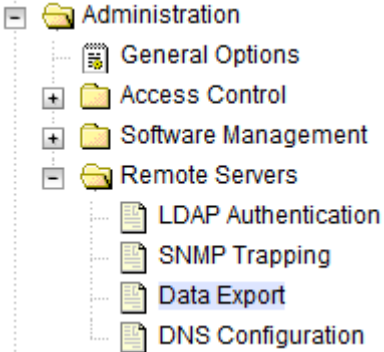
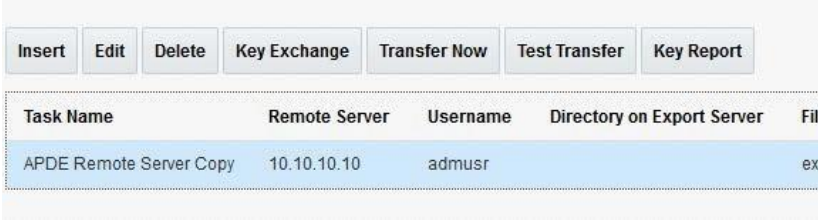
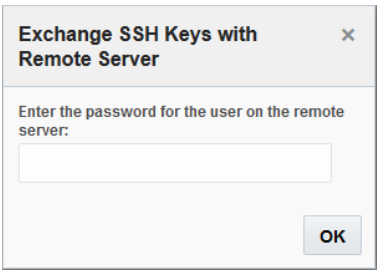
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>20.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Set failed servers to OOS</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 714 1031 1060"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div> </td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Click OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div>	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Active Standby Spare Observer OOS </div>	The maximum des												
<p>21.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Login</p>	<p>Log into the recovered active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr user.</p>												
<p>22.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover standby NOAM</p>	<p>Install the second NOAM server by executing procedure Configure the Second NOAM Server, steps 3-5, 7 from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: Execute step 6 if NetBackup is used.</p>												

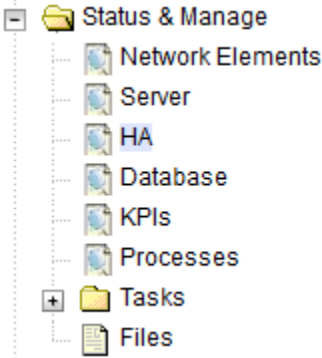
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>23. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby NOAM</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. Select the standby NOAM server and set it to Active.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="506 772 980 1045"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRNOAM1	Standby	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum												
ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum												
ZombieDRNOAM1	Standby	The maximum												
<p>24. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby NOAM server and click Restart.</p> 												

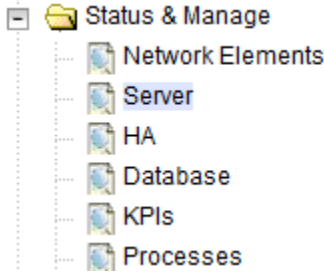

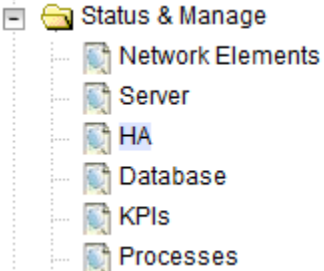
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>25. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Correct the recognized authority table</p>	<p>1. Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>2. Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo top.setPrimary</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using my cluster: A1789 - New Primary Timestamp: 11/09/15 20:21:43.418 - Updating A1789.022: <DSR_NOAM_B_hostname> - Updating A1789.144: <DSR_NOAM_A_hostname> 										
<p>26. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Install NetBackup client (Optional)</p>	<p>If NetBackup is used, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].</p>										
<p>27. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Perform Keyexchange with export server</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Administration > Remote Servers > Data Export.</p>  <p>2. Click the Task Name and click Key Exchange.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="493 1226 1305 1310"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task Name</th> <th>Remote Server</th> <th>Username</th> <th>Directory on Export Server</th> <th>File</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>APDE Remote Server Copy</td> <td>10.10.10.10</td> <td>admusr</td> <td></td> <td>ex</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Type the Password and click OK.</p>  <p>4. Repeat for each task.</p>	Task Name	Remote Server	Username	Directory on Export Server	File	APDE Remote Server Copy	10.10.10.10	admusr		ex
Task Name	Remote Server	Username	Directory on Export Server	File								
APDE Remote Server Copy	10.10.10.10	admusr		ex								

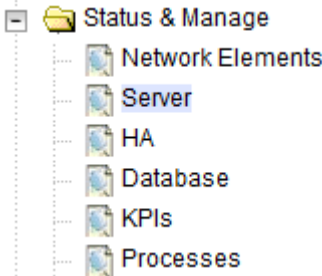
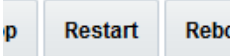
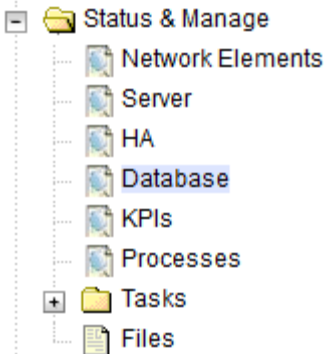

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>28.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover failed SOAM servers</p>	<p>Recover failed SOAM servers (standby, spare) by repeating these steps for each SOAM server:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8]. <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8]. 									
<p>29.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby SOAM</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click Edit. <table border="1" data-bbox="495 999 1136 1339"> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum desired HA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA</td> </tr> </table> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select the standby SOAM server and set it to Active. Click OK. 	ZombieSOAM1	Active	The maximum desired HA	ZombieSOAM2	OOS	The maximum desired HA	ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA
ZombieSOAM1	Active	The maximum desired HA									
ZombieSOAM2	OOS	The maximum desired HA									
ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA									

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>30. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 						
<p>31. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the C-level server (DA-MP, SBRs, IPFE)</p>	<p>Execute Configure MP Blade Servers, Steps 1, 7, 11-14, and 17, from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: Also, execute step 15 and 16 if you plan to configure a default route on your MP that uses a signaling (XSI) network instead of the XMI network.</p> <p>Repeat this step for any remaining failed MP servers.</p>						
<p>32. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on all C-level servers</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. For each server whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to OOS, set it to Active.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="492 1493 1419 1761"> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI</td> </tr> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI	ZombieDAMP2	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI
ZombieDAMP1	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI						
ZombieDAMP2	Active	The maximum desired HA Role for ZombieDAMI						

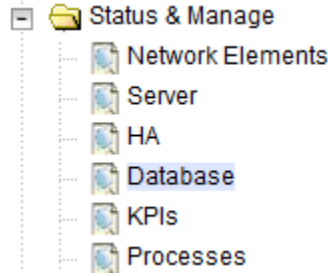
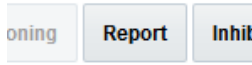
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>33. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application on recovered C-level servers</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered C-level servers and click Restart.</p> 
<p>34. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Enable provisioning</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Click Enable Provisioning.</p>  <p>3. A confirmation window displays. Click OK to enable Provisioning.</p>
<p>35. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Perform keyexchange between the active-NOAM and recovered servers</p>	<p>1. Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>2. Perform a keyexchange from the active NOAM to each recovered server:</p> <pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<Recovered Server Hostname></pre> <p>Note: If an export server is configured, perform this step.</p>

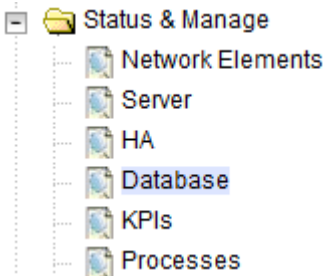
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

36. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active NOAM: Activate optional features	Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr . Note For PCA Activation: If you have PCA installed in the system being recovered, re-activate PCA by executing PCA Activation on Active NOAM server on recovered active NOAM server and PCA Activation on Standby SOAM server on recovered standby SOAM from [13]. Refer to Optional Features to activate any features that were previously activated. Note: While running the activation script, the following error message (and corresponding messages) output may be seen, this can safely be ignored: <pre>iload#31000{S/W Fault}</pre> Note: If any of the MPs are failed and recovered, then these MP servers should be restarted after Activation of the feature.
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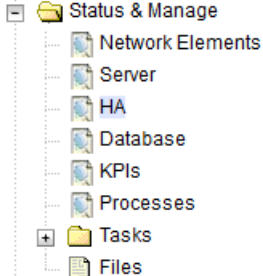
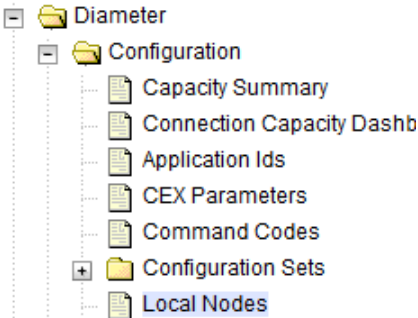
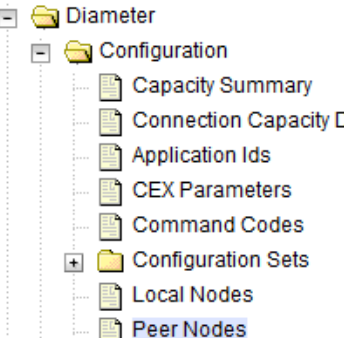
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>37. NOAM VIP GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Fetch and store the database report for the newly restored data and save it</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM server and click Report.</p>  <p>The following screen is displayed:</p> <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Database [Report]</p> <pre> ===== d s r D a t a b a s e S t a t u s R e p o r t ===== Report Generated: Tue Oct 11 13:24:26 2016 EDT From: Active Network OAM&P on host ZombieNOAM1 Report Version: 8.0.0.0.0-80.9.0 User: guiadmin ----- General ----- Hostname : ZombieNOAM1 Database Birthday : 2016-07-11 11:21:50 EDT Appworks Database Version : 6.0 Application Database Version : Capacities and Utilization ----- Disk Utilization 8.4%: 585M used of 7.0G total, 6.0G available Memory Utilization 0.0%: used of total, 0M available </pre> <p>3. Click Save and save the report to your local machine.</p>
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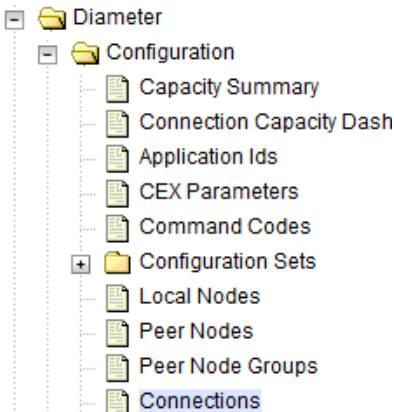
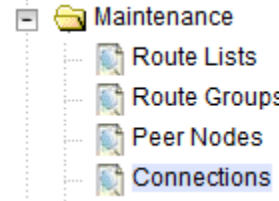
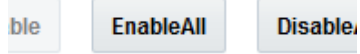
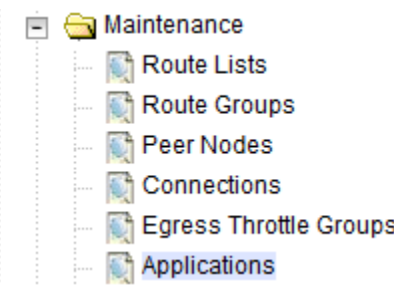
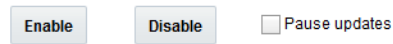
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>38. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication between servers</p>	<p>1. Log into the active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr.</p> <p>2. Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo irepstat -m</pre> <p>Output:</p> <pre>-- Policy 0 ActStb [DbReplication] ----- RDU06-MP1 -- Stby BC From RDU06-SO1 Active 0 0.50 ^0.17%cpu 42B/s A=none CC From RDU06-MP2 Active 0 0.10 ^0.17 0.88%cpu 32B/s A=none RDU06-MP2 -- Active BC From RDU06-SO1 Active 0 0.50 ^0.10%cpu 33B/s A=none CC To RDU06-MP1 Active 0 0.10 0.08%cpu 20B/s A=none RDU06-NO1 -- Active AB To RDU06-SO1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.03%cpu 21B/s RDU06-SO1 -- Active AB From RDU06-NO1 Active 0 0.50 ^0.04%cpu 24B/s BC To RDU06-MP1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 21B/s BC To RDU06-MP2 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.07%cpu 21B/s</pre>																																																
<p>39. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the database states</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manager > Database.</p>  <p>2. Verify the OAM Max HA Role is either Active or Standby for NOAM and SOAM; Application Max HA Role for MPs is Active; and status is Normal:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 1270 1412 1686"> <thead> <tr> <th>Network Element</th> <th>Server</th> <th>Role</th> <th>OAM Max HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Network Element	Server	Role	OAM Max HA Role	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System OAM	N/A	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System OAM	Active	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP2	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE2	MP	Active
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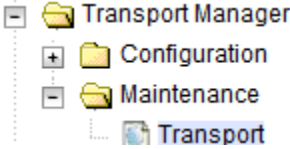
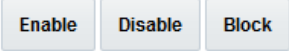
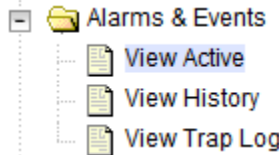
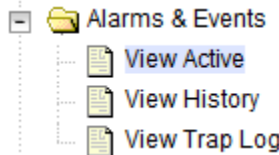
Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>40. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the HA status</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Select the row for all of the servers.</p> <p>3. Verify the HA Role is either Active or Standby.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="495 682 1404 955"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>OAM HA Role</th> <th>Application HA Role</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role	ZombieNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby
Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role																											
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ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active																											
ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby																											
<p>41. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the local node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Local Node.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the local nodes are shown.</p>																												
<p>42. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the peer node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Peer Node.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the peer nodes are shown.</p>																												

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

<p>43. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the connections info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the connections are shown.</p>
<p>44. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable Connections, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Select each connection and click Enable. Alternatively, you can enable all the connections by clicking EnableAll.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational State is Available.</p> <p>Note: If a disaster recovery was performed on an IPFE server, it may be necessary to disable and re-enable the connections to ensure proper link distribution</p>
<p>45. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable optional features</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Applications.</p>  <p>2. Select the optional feature application configured in step 36. .</p> <p>3. Click Enable.</p> 

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

46. <input type="checkbox"/>	SOAM VIP GUI: Re-enable transports, if needed	<p>1. Navigate to Transport Manager > Maintenance > Transport.</p>  <p>2. Select each transport and click Enable.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational Status for each transport is Up.</p>
47. <input type="checkbox"/>	SOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms	<p>1. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>2. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p> <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
48. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms	<p>1. Log into the NOAM VIP if not already logged in.</p> <p>2. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>3. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p> <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
49. <input type="checkbox"/>	Restore GUI usernames and passwords	If applicable, execute Resolving User Credential Issues after Database Restore to recover the user and group information restored.
50. <input type="checkbox"/>	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.
51. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover IDIH	If IDIH were affected, refer to IDIH Disaster Recovery to perform disaster recovery on IDIH.

Procedure 3. Recovery Scenario 3

52. <input type="checkbox"/>	SNMP workaround	Refer SNMP Configuration to configure SNMP as a workaround in the following cases: 1. If SNMP is not configured in DSR. 2. If SNMP is already configured and SNMPv3 is selected as enabled version.
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4.4 Recovery Scenario 4 (Partial Server Outage with One NOAM Server and One SOAM Server Intact)

For a partial outage with an NOAM server and an SOAM server intact and available, only base recovery of hardware and software is needed. The intact NO and SOAM servers are capable of restoring the database using replication to all servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to execute the procedure. The actual procedure detailed steps are in Procedure 4. The major activities are summarized as follows:

- Recover standby NOAM server by recovering base hardware and software.
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
- The database is intact at the active NOAM server and does not require restoration at the standby NOAM server.
 - Recover any failed SO and MP servers by recovering base hardware and software.
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
- The database is intact at the active NOAM server and does not require restoration at the SO and MP servers.
 - Re-apply signaling networks configuration if the failed blade is an MP

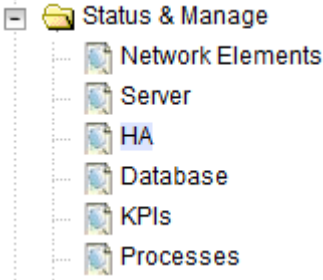
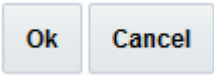
Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

This procedure performs recovery if at least 1 NOAM server is intact and available and 1 SOAM server is intact and available.		
Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.		
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Workarounds	Refer to SNMP Configuration to configure SNMP as a workaround in the following cases: 1. If SNMP is not configured in DSR 2. If SNMP is already configured and SNMPv3 is selected as enabled version
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Required Materials section.

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div data-bbox="487 323 1344 369" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> <div data-bbox="472 369 1421 1167" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> </div>
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Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Set failed servers to OOS</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="495 722 1024 1066"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Select OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des												
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS NOAM Failure: Configure BIOS settings and update firmware</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 9.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure and verify the BIOS settings by executing procedure Configure the RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings from reference [10]. 2. Verify and/or upgrade server firmware by executing procedure Upgrade Management Server Firmware from reference[10]. <p>Note: Although the procedure is titled to be run on the management server, this procedure also applies to any rack mount server.</p>												
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS NOAM Failure: Backups available</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 9.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media. 2. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, restore the PMAC backup by executing Restore PMAC from Backup. 												

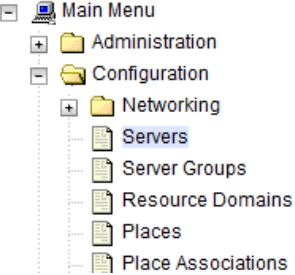

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

7. <input type="checkbox"/>	RMS NOAM Failure: Backups NOT available	<p>This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are NOT available, if the TVOE and PMAC have already been restored, skip this step.</p> <p>If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure and IPM Management Server from reference [10]. 2. Install PMAC from reference [10]. 3. Configure PMAC from reference [10]. <p>If the PMAC is NOT located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Installing TVOE on Rack Mount Server(s) from reference [10].
8. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover failed aggregation/ enclosure switches, and OAs	<p>Recover failed OAs, aggregation and enclosure switches, if needed.</p> <p>Backups Available:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs) to recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches <p>Backups NOT available, execute:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration from reference [10] to recover and configure any failed OAs, if needed. 2. Configure Enclosure Switches from reference [10] to recover enclosure switches, if needed.
9. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Configure blade server iLO, update firmware/BIOS settings	<p>If the failed server is NOT an HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 12.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account from reference [10]. 2. Verify/Update blade server firmware and BIOS settings by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10]
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 13.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media on ALL failed TVOE Host blade servers.
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups NOT available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 13.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE backups are NOT available</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Configure the NOAM and/or SOAM failed TVOE server blades by executing Configure SOAM TVOE Server Blades from reference [8]. <p>Note: Although the title of the procedure is related to SOAMs only, execute this procedure for any failed NOAMs located on TVOE server blades.</p>

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Create VMs	Execute Create NOAM/SOAM Virtual Machines to create the NOAM and SOAM VMs on failed TVOE servers.
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	IPM and install DSR application on failed guest/servers	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute IPM Blades and VMs for the failed SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8]. 2. Execute Install the Application Software for the failed NOAM and SOAM VMs and MP blades from reference [8].
14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Install NetBackup client (Optional)	If NetBackup is used, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8].
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Login	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <div data-bbox="487 688 1344 737" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <code>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></code> </div> 2. Login as the guiadmin user: <div data-bbox="472 737 1427 1537" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 5px 0;"> <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 24px; font-weight: bold; color: red; margin-bottom: 20px;">ORACLE®</div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> Oracle System Login Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT </div> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;"> <div style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; margin-bottom: 5px;">Log In</div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;">Enter your username and password to log in</p> <p style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Username: <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Password: <input style="width: 100%;" type="password"/></p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><input type="checkbox"/> Change password</p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><input type="button" value="Log In"/></p> </div> <p style="font-size: 8px; margin-top: 10px;">Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid gray; margin: 5px 0;"/> <p style="font-size: 8px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;"><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p style="font-size: 8px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;"><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p> </div>

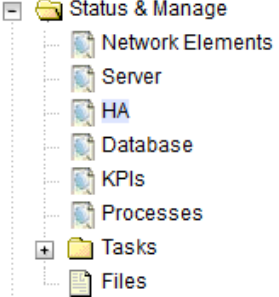
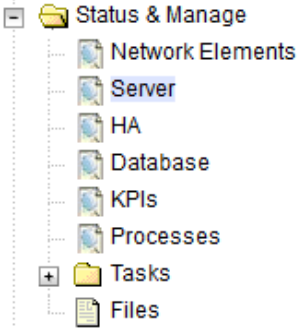

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

16. <input type="checkbox"/>	Exchange SSH keys between PMAC and failed NOAM server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the PMAC GUI to determine the Control Network IP address of the failed NOAM server VM. From the PMAC GUI, navigate to Software > Software Inventory. 2. Note the IP address for the failed NOAM server VM. 3. Log into the PMAC terminal as the admusr. 4. From a terminal window connection on the PMAC as the admusr user, exchange SSH keys for admusr between the PMAC and the failed NOAM server VM control network IP address. When prompted for the password, enter the password for the admusr user of the NOAM server. <pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<NO2_Control_IP Address></pre> <p>Note: If Key exchange fails, edit <code>/home/admusr/.ssh/known_hosts</code> and remove blank lines, and retry the <code>keyexchange</code> commands.</p>
17. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Export the Initial configuration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Configuration > Servers.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. From the GUI screen, select the failed NOAM server and click Export to generate the initial configuration data for that server. 
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP: Copy configuration file to failed NOAM server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Obtain a terminal session to the NOAM VIP, login as the admusr. 2. Use the awpushcfg utility to copy the configuration file created in the previous step from the <code>/var/TKLC/db/filemgmt</code> directory on the active NOAM to the failed NOAM VM server, using the Control network IP address for the failed NOAM VM. <p>The configuration file has a filename like TKLCConfigData.<hostname>.sh.</p> <pre>\$ sudo awpushcfg</pre> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The <code>awpushcfg</code> utility is interactive, so the user is prompted for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IP address of the local PMAC server: Use the local control network address from the PMAC. • Username: Use admusr • Control network IP address for the target server: In this case, enter the control IP for the failed NOAM VM). • Hostname of the target server: Enter the server name from Step 17.

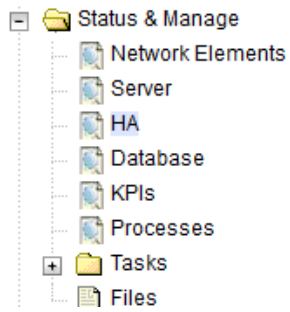
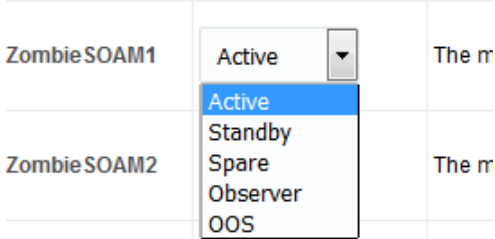
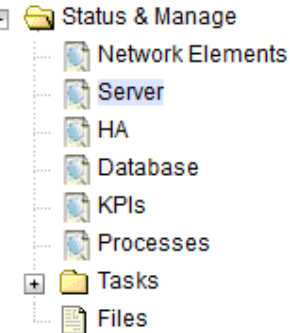

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>19. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Failed NOAM Server: Verify awpushcfg was called and reboot the server</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish an SSH session to the failed NOAM server, login as the admusr user. 2. The automatic configuration daemon looks for the file named TKLCConfigData.sh in the /var/tmp directory, implements the configuration in the file, and asks the user to reboot the server. 3. Verify awpushcfg was called by checking the following file <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> </div> <p>Verify this message displays: [SUCCESS] script completed successfully!</p> 4. Now reboot the server: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> </div> 5. Wait for the server to reboot
<p>20. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Failed NOAM Server: Configure networking for dedicated NetBackup interface (Optional)</p>	<p>Note: Only execute this step if your NOAM is using a dedicated Ethernet interface for NetBackup.</p> <p>Obtain a terminal window to the failed NOAM server, logging in as the admusr.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=netbackup --type=Ethernet --onboot=yes --address=<NO2_NetBackup_IP_Address> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask></pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=net --device=netbackup --address=<NO1_NetBackup_Network_ID> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask> --gateway=<NO2_NetBackup_Gateway_IP_Address></pre>
<p>21. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Failed NOAM Server: Verify server health</p>	<p>Execute this command on the 2nd NOAM server and make sure no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware...OK Running modules in class disk...OK Running modules in class net...OK Running modules in class system...OK Running modules in class proc...OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>

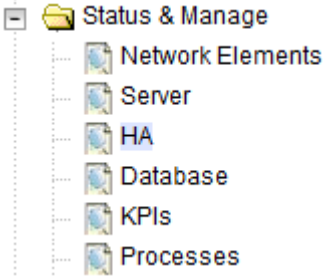
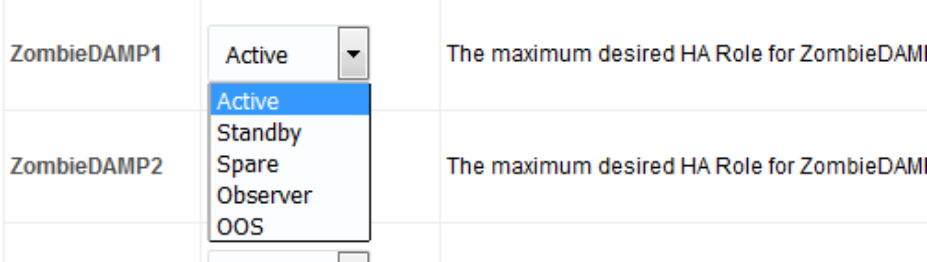
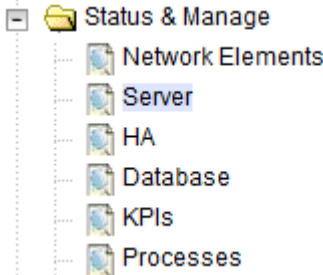

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>22. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby NOAM</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. Select the standby NOAM server and set it to Active.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 772 976 1050"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active Standby Spare</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Spare	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
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<p>23. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered standby NOAM server and click Restart.</p> 												
<p>24. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover failed SOAM servers</p>	<p>Recover failed SOAM servers (standby, spare) by repeating these steps for each SOAM server:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Execute Configure the SOAM Servers, steps 1-3 and 5-8, from reference [8]. <p>Note: If you are using NetBackup, also execute step 10.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If you are using NetBackup, execute Install NetBackup Client from reference [8]. 												

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>25. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on standby SOAM</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. Select the SOAM server and set it to Active.</p>  <p>4. Click OK.</p>
<p>26. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered SOAM server and click Restart.</p> 
<p>27. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Recover the C-level server (DA-MP, SBRs, IPFE)</p>	<p>1. Execute Configure MP Blade Servers, steps 1, 7, 11-14, and 17, from reference [8].</p> <p>Note: Also execute step 15 and 16 if you plan to configure a default route on your MP that uses a signaling (XSI) network instead of the XMI network.</p> <p>2. Repeat this step for any remaining failed MP servers.</p>

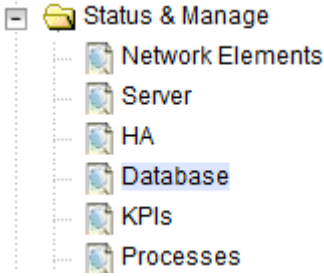

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>28. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on all C-level servers</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>3. For each server whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to OOS, set it to Active.</p>  <p>4. Click OK.</p>
<p>29. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select the recovered C-level servers and click Restart.</p> 
<p>30. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Login</p>	<p>Log into the recovered active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr user.</p>
<p>31. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Perform key exchange between the active-NOAM and recovered servers</p>	<p>1. Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>2. Perform a keyexchange from the active NOAM to each recovered server:</p> <pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<Recovered Server Hostname></pre>

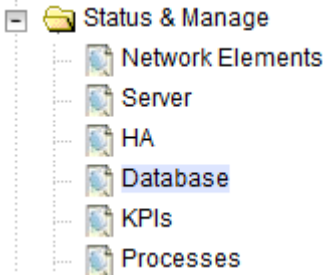
Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

32. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active NOAM: Activate optional features	<p>Establish an SSH session to the active NOAM, login as admusr.</p> <p>Note For PCA Activation:</p> <p>If you have PCA installed in the system being recovered, re-activate PCA by executing PCA Activation on Standby NOAM Server on the recovered standby NOAM server and PCA Activation on Standby SOAM server on the recovered standby SOAM server from [13].</p> <p>Refer to Optional Features to activate any features that were previously activated.</p> <p>Note: While running the activation script, the following error message (and corresponding messages) output may be seen, this can safely be ignored:</p> <pre>iloadd#31000{S/W Fault}</pre> <p>Note: If any of the MPs are failed and recovered, then these MP servers should be restarted after Activation of the feature.</p>
33. <input type="checkbox"/>	MP Servers: Disable SCTP auth flag (DSR Only)	<p>DSR Only, SDS Skip This Step.</p> <p>For SCTP connections without DTLS enabled, refer to Enable/Disable DTLS from reference [14].</p> <p>Execute this procedure on all failed MP servers.</p>

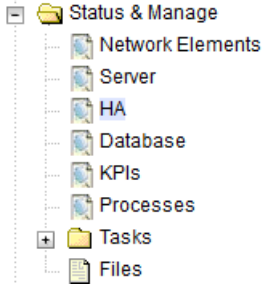
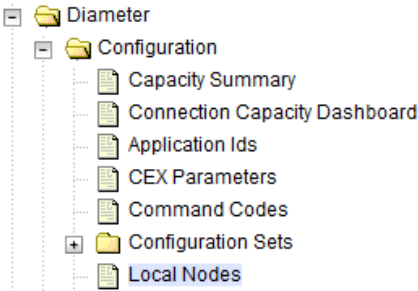
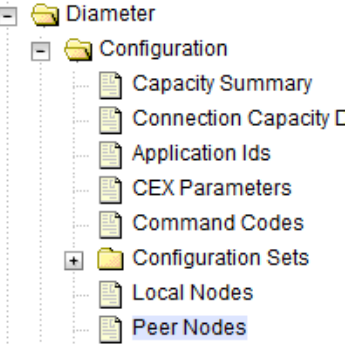
Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>34. NOAM VIP GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Fetch and store the database report for the newly restored data and save it</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM server and click Report.</p>  <p>The following screen is displayed:</p> <p>Main Menu: Status & Manage -> Database [Report]</p> <pre>===== d s r D a t a b a s e S t a t u s R e p o r t ===== Report Generated: Tue Oct 11 13:24:26 2016 EDT From: Active Network OAM&P on host ZombieNOAM1 Report Version: 8.0.0.0.0-80.9.0 User: guidadmin ----- General ----- Hostname : ZombieNOAM1 Database Birthday : 2016-07-11 11:21:50 EDT Appworks Database Version : 6.0 Application Database Version : ----- Capacities and Utilization ----- Disk Utilization 8.4%: 585M used of 7.0G total, 6.0G available Memory Utilization 0.0%: used of total, 0M available</pre> <p>3. Click Save and save the report to your local machine.</p>
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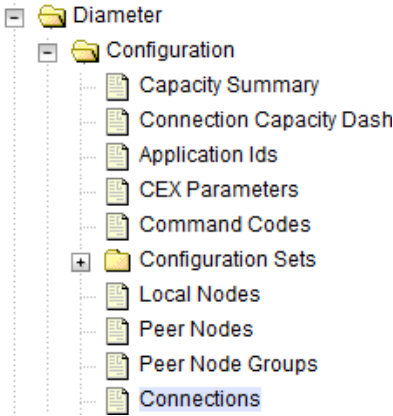
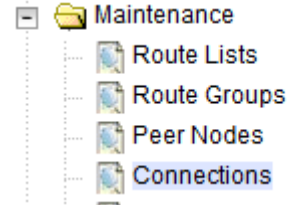
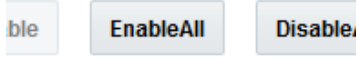
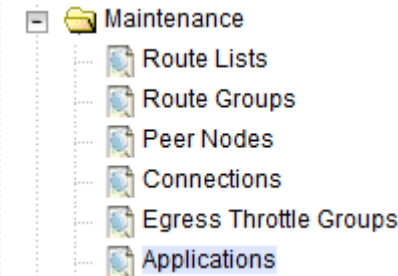

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>35. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication between servers</p>	<p>1. Log into the active NOAM using SSH terminal as admusr.</p> <p>2. Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo irepstat -m</pre> <p>Output like below is generated:</p> <pre>-- Policy 0 ActStb [DbReplication] ----- RDU06-MP1 -- Stby BC From RDU06-S01 Active 0 0.50 ^0.17%cpu 42B/s A=none CC From RDU06-MP2 Active 0 0.10 ^0.17 0.88%cpu 32B/s A=none RDU06-MP2 -- Active BC From RDU06-S01 Active 0 0.50 ^0.10%cpu 33B/s A=none CC To RDU06-MP1 Active 0 0.10 0.08%cpu 20B/s A=none RDU06-N01 -- Active AB To RDU06-S01 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.03%cpu 21B/s RDU06-S01 -- Active AB From RDU06-N01 Active 0 0.50 ^0.04%cpu 24B/s BC To RDU06-MP1 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.04%cpu 21B/s BC To RDU06-MP2 Active 0 0.50 1%R 0.07%cpu 21B/s</pre>																																																
<p>36. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the database states</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manager > Database.</p>  <p>2. Verify the OAM Max HA Role is either Active or Standby for NOAM and SOAM and Application Max HA Role for MPs is Active, and that the status is Normal.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="488 1413 1409 1829"> <thead> <tr> <th>Network Element</th> <th>Server</th> <th>Role</th> <th>OAM Max HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Network OAM&P</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSS7MP1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE1</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieIPFE2</td> <td>MP</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Network Element	Server	Role	OAM Max HA Role	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System OAM	N/A	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM1	Network OAM&P	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System OAM	Active	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM2	Network OAM&P	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP	Standby	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP2	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSS7MP1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE1	MP	Active	ZombieSOAM	ZombieIPFE2	MP	Active
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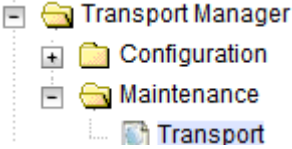

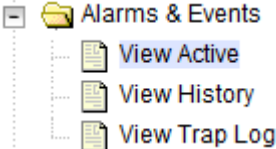
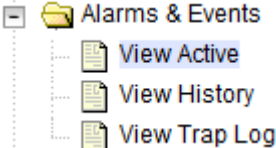
Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>37. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Verify the HA status</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manager > HA.</p>  <p>2. Select the row for all of the servers.</p> <p>3. Verify the HA Role is either Active or Standby.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="483 684 1401 957"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>OAM HA Role</th> <th>Application HA Role</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Active</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>Standby</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Standby</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role	ZombieNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieDRNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active	ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby
Hostname	OAM HA Role	Application HA Role	Max Allowed HA Role																											
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ZombieDRNOAM2	Standby	N/A	Active																											
ZombieSOAM1	Active	N/A	Active																											
ZombieSOAM2	Standby	N/A	Standby																											
<p>38. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the local node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the connections are shown.</p>																												
<p>39. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the peer node info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Peer Node.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the peer nodes are shown.</p>																												

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>40. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Verify the connections info</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Configuration > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Verify all the connections are shown.</p>
<p>41. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable connections, if needed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Connections.</p>  <p>2. Select each connection and click Enable. Alternatively, you can enable all the connections by clicking EnableAll.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational State is Available.</p> <p>Note: If a Disaster Recovery was performed on an IPFE server, it may be necessary to disable and re-enable the connections to ensure proper link distribution.</p>
<p>42. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Enable optional features</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Diameter > Maintenance > Applications.</p>  <p>2. Select the optional feature application configured in step 32.</p> <p>3. Click Enable.</p> 

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

<p>43. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Re-enable transports, if needed (Applicable ONLY for DSR 6.0+)</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Transport Manager > Maintenance > Transport.</p>  <p>2. Select each transport and click Enable.</p>  <p>3. Verify the Operational Status for each transport is Up.</p>
<p>44. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>SOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>2. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p> <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
<p>45. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Examine all alarms</p>	<p>1. Log into the NOAM VIP if not already logged in.</p> <p>2. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active.</p>  <p>3. Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them.</p> <p>If needed, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
<p>46. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Restart oampAgent, if needed</p>	<p>Note: If alarm 10012: The responder for a monitored table failed to respond to a table change is raised, the oampAgent needs to be restarted.</p> <p>1. Establish an SSH session to each server that has the alarm., login as admusr.</p> <p>2. Execute these commands:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo pm.set off oampAgent \$ sudo pm.set on oampAgent</pre>
<p>47. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system</p>	<p>Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.</p>

Procedure 4. Recovery Scenario 4

48. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover IDIH	If IDIH were affected, refer to IDIH Disaster Recovery to perform disaster recovery on IDIH.
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4.5 Recovery Scenario 5 (Both NOAM Servers Failed with DR-NOAM Available)


For a partial outage with both NOAM servers failed but a DR NOAM available, the DR NOAM is switched from secondary to primary then recovers the failed NOAM servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to execute the procedure. The actual procedure detailed steps are in Procedure 5. The major activities are summarized as follows:

- Switch DR NOAM from secondary to primary
- Recover the failed NOAM servers by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - The database is intact at the newly active NOAM server and does not require restoration
- If applicable, recover any failed SOAM and MP servers by recovering base hardware and software
 - Recover the base hardware
 - Recover the software
 - The database is intact at the active NOAM server and does not require restoration at the SOAM and MP servers

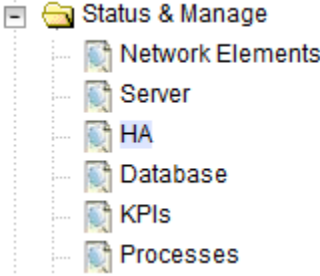
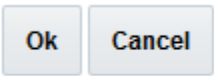
Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

This procedure performs recovery if both NOAM servers have failed but a DR NOAM is available Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.		
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Workarounds	Refer to SNMP Configuration to configure SNMP as a workaround in the following cases: 1. If SNMP is not configured in DSR. 2. If SNMP is already configured and SNMPv3 is selected as enabled version. Note: The Active Network server allows SNMP administration. The Global SNMP configuration cannot be modified if DR site is made Primary. It can be updated once original site becomes Primary again.
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Required Materials section.
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch DR NOAM to primary	Refer to DSR/SDS 8.x NOAM Failover User's Guide [17].
4. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover failed SOAMs	If ALL SOAM servers have failed, execute Procedure 2.

Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>DR-NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the DR-NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the DR-NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div data-bbox="493 352 1349 401" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <p>http://<Primary_DR-NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> <div data-bbox="477 478 1429 1207" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;">  </div>
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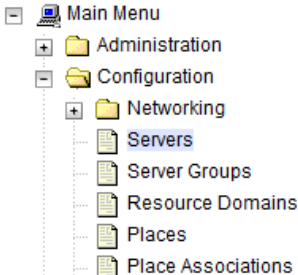
Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>DR-NOAM VIP GUI: Set failed NOAM servers to standby</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="500 724 1031 1060"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Click OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des												
<p>7. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS NOAM Failure: Configure BIOS settings and update firmware</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 11.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Configure and verify the BIOS settings by executing procedure Configure the RMS and Blade Server BIOS Settings from reference [10]. Verify and/or upgrade server firmware by executing procedure Upgrade Management Server Firmware from reference[10]. <p>Note: Although the procedure is titled to be run on the management server, this procedure also applies to any rack mount server.</p>												
<p>8. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS NOAM Failure: Backups available</p>	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 11.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are available, if backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media. If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, restore the PMAC backup by executing Restore PMAC from Backup. 												

Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

9. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover failed aggregation/ enclosure switches, and OAs	<p>Recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches, if needed.</p> <p>Backups available:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs) to recover failed OAs, aggregation, and enclosure switches. <p>Backups NOT available, execute:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. HP C-7000 Enclosure Configuration from reference [10] to recover and configure any failed OAs, if needed. 2. Configure Enclosure Switches from reference [10] to recover enclosure switches, if needed.
10. <input type="checkbox"/>	RMS NOAM Failure: Backups NOT available	<p>If the failed server is NOT a rack mount server, skip to step 11.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE and PMAC backups are NOT available, if the TVOE and PMAC have already been restored, skip this step.</p> <p>If the PMAC is located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Configure and IPM Management Server from reference [10]. 2. Install PMAC from reference [10]. 3. Configure PMAC from reference [10]. <p>If the PMAC is NOT located on the same TVOE host as the failed NOAM, execute the following sections/procedures:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Installing TVOE on Rack Mount Server(s) from reference [10].
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Configure blade server iLO, update firmware/BIOS settings	<p>If the failed server is NOT an HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Execute Configure Blade Server iLO Password for Administrator Account from reference [10]. 2. Verify/Update Blade server firmware and BIOS settings by executing Server Blades Installation Preparation from reference [10]
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14.</p> <p>This step assumes that TVOE backups are available. If backups are NOT available, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10]. 2. Restore the TVOE backup by executing Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media on ALL failed TVOE Host blade servers.
13. <input type="checkbox"/>	HP-Class Blade Failure: Backups NOT available	<p>If the failed server is NOT an OAM type HP C-Class Blade, skip to step 14.</p> <p>This step assumes TVOE backups are NOT available.</p> <p>Install and configure TVOE on failed TVOE blade servers by executing Install TVOE on Blade Servers from reference [10].</p>

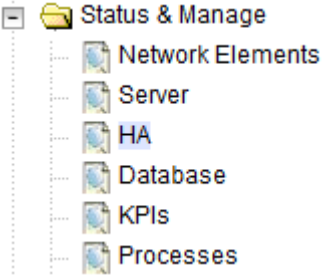
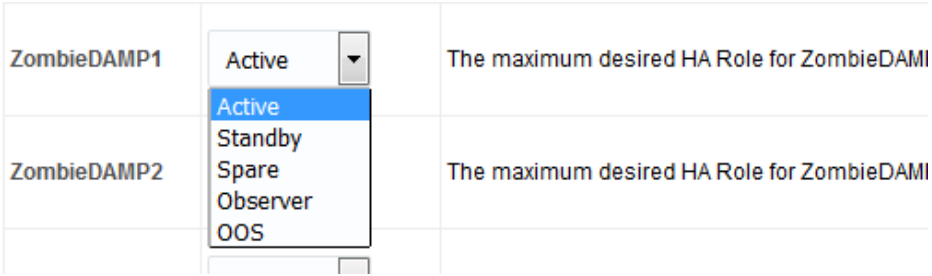
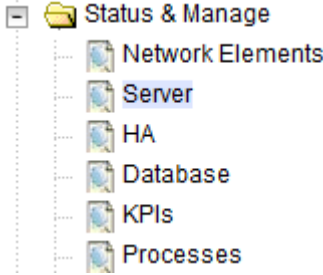
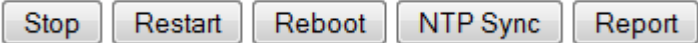
Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

14. <input type="checkbox"/>	Execute fast deployment file for NOAMs	<p>The backup fdconfig file used during the initial DSR installation is available on the PMAC, if a database backup was restored on the PMAC.</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is NOT available, execute Configure NOAM Servers from reference [8].</p> <p>If a backup fast deployment xml is already present on the PMAC, execute the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Edit the .xml file with the correct TPD and DSR ISO (Incase an upgrade has been performed since initial installation). 2. Execute these commands: <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ cd /usr/TKLC/smac/etc \$ screen \$ sudo fdconfig config --file=<Created_FD_File>.xml</pre>
15. <input type="checkbox"/>	DR-NOAM VIP GUI: Export the initial configuration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Configuration > Servers.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. From the GUI screen, select the failed NOAM server and click Export to generate the initial configuration data for that server. <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 10px auto;"> Insert Edit Delete Export Report </div>
16. <input type="checkbox"/>	DR-NOAM VIP GUI: Copy configuration file to failed NOAM server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Obtain a terminal session to the DR-NOAM VIP, login as the admusr user. 2. Configure the failed NOAM server: <pre>\$ sudo scp -r /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.<Failed_NOAM_Hostname>.sh admusr@<Failed_NOAM_xmi_IP_address>:/var/tmp/TKLCConfigData.sh</pre>

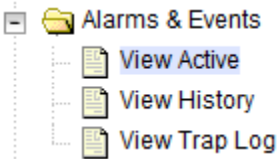
Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

17. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recovered NOAM Server: Verify configuration was called and reboot the server	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establish an SSH session to the Recovered NOAM server (Recovered_NOAM_xmi_IP_address) 2. Login as the admusr user. 3. The automatic configuration daemon looks for the file named TKLCConfigData.sh in the /var/tmp directory, implements the configuration in the file, and asks the user to reboot the server. 4. Verify awpushcfg was called by checking the following file. <div data-bbox="495 525 1417 646" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log Verify this message displays: [SUCCESS] script completed successfully!</pre> </div> 5. Now reboot the server: <div data-bbox="495 703 1417 751" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> </div> 6. Wait for the server to reboot
18. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recovered NOAM Server: Configure networking for dedicated netbackup interface (Optional)	<p>Note: Only execute this step if your NOAM is using a dedicated Ethernet interface for NetBackup.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=netbackup --type=Ethernet --onboot=yes --address=<NO2_NetBackup_IP_Address> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask></pre> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=net --device=netbackup --address=<NO1_NetBackup_Network_ID> --netmask=<NO2_NetBackup_NetMask> --gateway=<NO2_NetBackup_Gateway_IP_Address></pre>
19. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recovered NOAM Server: Verify server health	<p>Execute this command on the failed NOAM server and make sure no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware...OK Running modules in class disk...OK Running modules in class net...OK Running modules in class system...OK Running modules in class proc...OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>
20. <input type="checkbox"/>	Repeat for additional 2 nd failed NOAM	Repeat steps 15-19 for the 2 nd failed NOAM server.

Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

<p>21. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Perform keyexchange between active NOAM and recovered NOAMs</p>	<p>Perform a keyexchange between the newly active NOAM and the recovered NOAM servers:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. From a terminal window connection on the active NOAM as the admusr user, exchange SSH keys for admusr between the active NOAM and the recovered NOAM servers using the keyexchange utility, using the host names of the recovered NOAMs. 2. When prompted for the password, enter the password for the admusr user of the recovered NOAM servers. <pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<Recovered_NOAM Hostname></pre>
<p>22. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set HA on recovered NOAMs</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  2. Click Edit. 3. For each NOAM server whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to Standby, set it to Active.  4. Click OK.
<p>23. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.  2. Select each recovered NOAM server and click Restart. 

Procedure 5. Recovery Scenario 5

24. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recovered NOAM Servers: Activate optional features	Policy and Charging Application (PCA) Activate the feature Policy and Charging Application (PCA) as follows: For PCA: 1. Establish SSH sessions to the all the recovered NOAM servers and login as admusr . Refer [13] and execute PCA Activation on Standby NOAM Server on all recovered NOAM servers to re-activate PCA. 2. Establish SSH session to the recovered active NOAM, login as admusr . Note: If any of the MPs are failed and recovered, then these MP servers should be restarted after activation of the feature.
25. <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch DR NOAM back to secondary	Once the system have been recovered, refer to DSR/SDS 8.x NOAM Failover User's Guide [17].
26. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recovered Servers: Verify alarms	1. Navigate to Alarms & Events > View Active .  2. Verify the recovered servers are not contributing to any active alarms (Replication, Topology misconfiguration, database impairments, NTP, etc.)
27. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM VIP GUI: Recover standby/spare SOAM and C-level servers	If necessary, refer to Procedure 3 to recover any standby or Spare SOAMs as well as any C-level servers.
28. <input type="checkbox"/>	Recover IDIH	If IDIH were affected, refer to IDIH Disaster Recovery section to perform disaster recovery on IDIH.

4.6 Recovery Scenario 6 (Database Recovery)**4.6.1 Recovery Scenario 6: Case 1**


For a partial outage with

- Server having a corrupted database
- Replication channel from parent is inhibited because of upgrade activity; or
- Server is in a different release then that of its active parent because of upgrade activity
- Verify the server runtime backup files, performed at the start of the upgrade, are present in /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt area in the following format
 - Backup.DSR.HPC02-NO2.FullIDBParts.NETWORK_OAMP.20140524_223507.UPG.tar.bz2
 - Backup.DSR.HPC02-NO2.FullRunEnv.NETWORK_OAMP.20140524_223507.UPG.tar.bz2

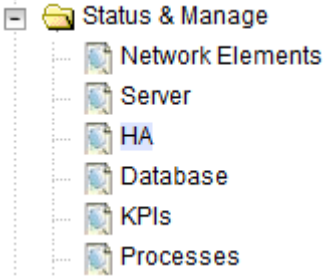

Note: During recovery, the corrupted database is replaced by the server runtime backup. Any configuration done after taking the backup is not available post recovery.

Procedure 6. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 1)

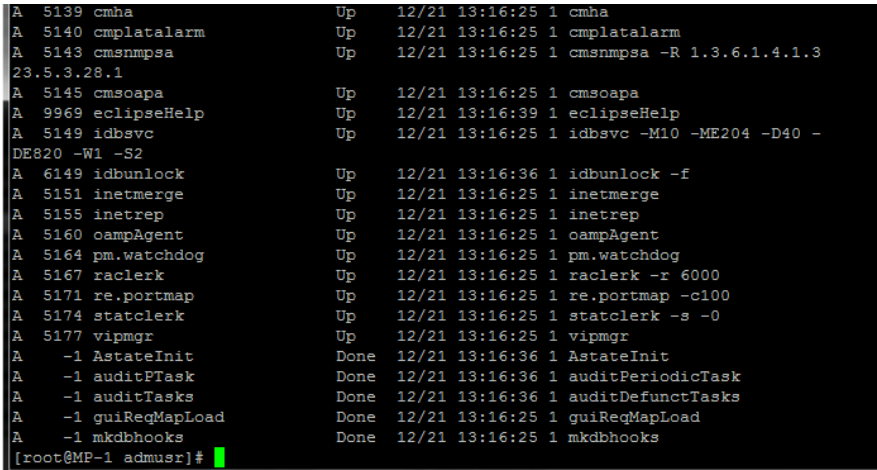
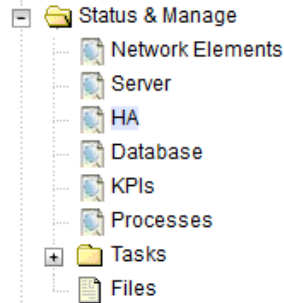
This procedure performs recovery if database is corrupted in the system
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Oracle System Login</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="font-size: small;">Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Log In</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Enter your username and password to log in</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Username: <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Password: <input style="width: 100%;" type="password"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> Change password</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Log In"/></p> </div> <p style="font-size: x-small; margin-top: 10px;">Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="font-size: x-small; text-align: center;">Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small; text-align: center;">Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</p>
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Procedure 6. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 1)

<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set failed servers to standby</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Select Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="483 716 1015 1056"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Click OK.</p> 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des												
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Login</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the server in question. Login as admusr.</p>												
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Change runlevel to 3</p>	<p>Bring the system to runlevel 3.</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 3</pre>												
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Recover system</p>	<p>Execute this command and follow the instructions appearing in the console prompt.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/sbin/backout_restore</pre>												
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Change runlevel to 4</p>	<p>Bring the system back to runlevel 4.</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre>												

Procedure 6. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 1)

<p>7. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Verify the server</p>	<p>Verify if the processes are up and running.</p> <pre>\$ sudo pm.getprocs</pre> <p>Example Output:</p> 												
<p>8. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set failed servers to active</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Click Edit. 3. Select the failed server and set it to Active. <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="487 1381 966 1654"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active Standby Snare</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Click OK. 	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum												
ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum												
ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum												
<p>9. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system</p>	<p>Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.</p>												

4.6.2 Recovery Scenario 6: Case 2

For a partial outage with:

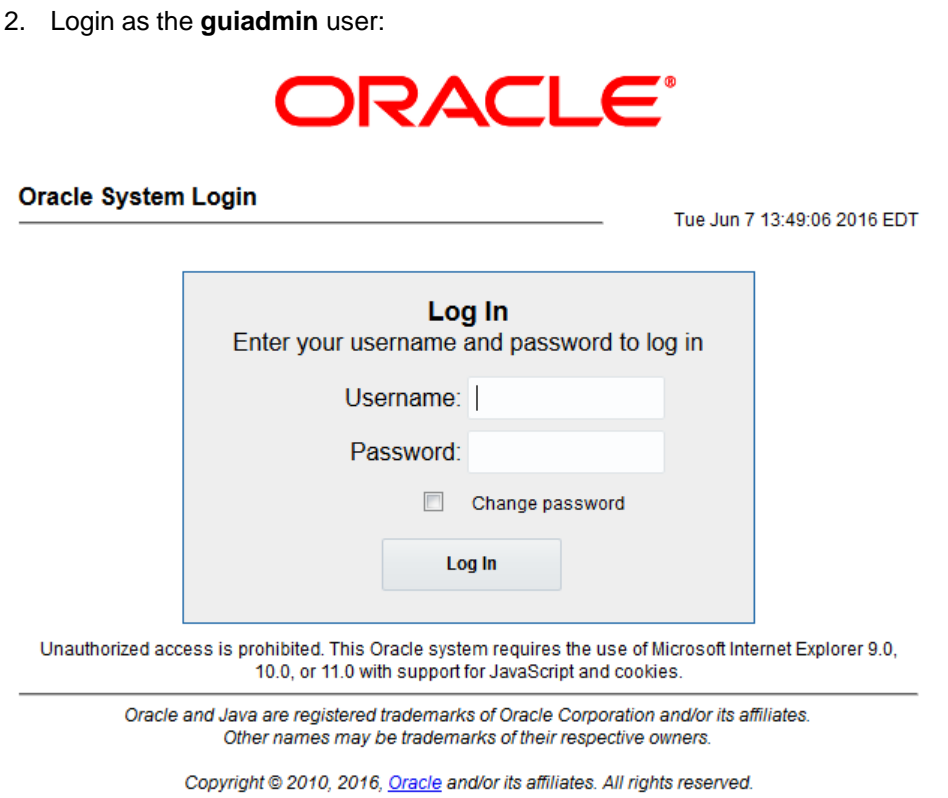
- Server having a corrupted database
- Replication channel is not inhibited; or
- Server has the same release as that of its active parent

Procedure 7. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 2)

This procedure performs recovery if database got corrupted in the system and system is in the state to get replicated.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

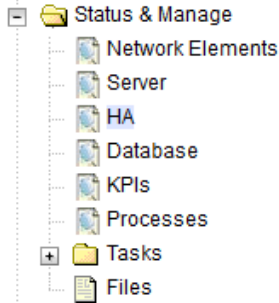
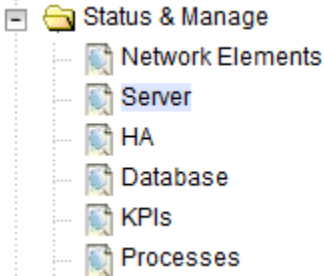

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	NOAM VIP GUI: Login <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>
----	--	--

Procedure 7. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 2)

<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set failed servers to standby</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p> <p>2. Click Edit.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>OOS</td> <td>The maximum des</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role drop down box to OOS for the failed servers.</p> <p>4. Click OK.</p> <p>Ok Cancel</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des	ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des	ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum des												
ZombieNOAM2	OOS	The maximum des												
ZombieDRNOAM1	OOS	The maximum des												
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Login</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the server in question. Login as admusr.</p>												
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Stop httpd service</p>	<p>Stop the httpd service.</p> <pre>\$ sudo bash -l \$ service httpd stop</pre>												
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Take server out of service</p>	<p>Take the server out of service.</p> <pre>\$ prod.clobber</pre>												
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Take server to DbUp state and start the application</p>	<p>Take the server to Dbup and start the DSR application.</p> <pre>\$ prod.start</pre>												

Procedure 7. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 2)

<p>7.</p>	<p>Server in Question: Start httpd service</p>	<p>1. Start the httpd service.</p> <pre>\$ service httpd start</pre> <p>2. Exit out of root.</p> <hr/> <pre>\$ exit</pre>												
<p>8.</p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Set failed servers to active</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA.</p>  <p>2. Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.</p> <p>3. Select the failed server and set it to Active.</p> <p>Modifying HA attributes</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="493 974 967 1247"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Max Allowed HA Role</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Active Standby Snare</td> <td>The maximum</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description	ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum	ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum	ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum
Hostname	Max Allowed HA Role	Description												
ZombieNOAM1	Active	The maximum												
ZombieNOAM2	Active	The maximum												
ZombieDRNOAM1	Active Standby Snare	The maximum												
<p>9.</p>	<p>NOAM VIP GUI: Restart DSR application</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Server.</p>  <p>2. Select each recovered server and click Restart.</p> 												

Procedure 7. Recovery Scenario 6 (Case 2)

<p>10. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Server in Question: Verify the server state</p>	<p>1. Verify the processes are up and running:</p> <pre>\$ sudo pm.getprocs</pre> <p>Example Output:</p> <pre>A 5139 cmha Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 cmha A 5140 cmlatalarm Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 cmlatalarm A 5143 cmsnmpsa Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 cmsnmpsa -R 1.3.6.1.4.1.3 23.5.3.28.1 A 5145 cmsoapa Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 cmsoapa A 9969 eclipseHelp Up 12/21 13:16:39 1 eclipseHelp A 5149 idbsvc Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 idbsvc -M10 -ME204 -D40 - DE820 -W1 -S2 A 6149 idbunlock Up 12/21 13:16:36 1 idbunlock -f A 5151 inetmerge Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 inetmerge A 5155 inetrep Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 inetrep A 5160 oampAgent Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 oampAgent A 5164 pm.watchdog Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 pm.watchdog A 5167 raclerk Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 raclerk -r 6000 A 5171 re.portmap Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 re.portmap -c100 A 5174 statclerk Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 statclerk -s -0 A 5177 vipmgr Up 12/21 13:16:25 1 vipmgr A -1 AstateInit Done 12/21 13:16:36 1 AstateInit A -1 auditPTask Done 12/21 13:16:36 1 auditPeriodicTask A -1 auditTasks Done 12/21 13:16:36 1 auditDefunctTasks A -1 guiReqMapLoad Done 12/21 13:16:25 1 guiReqMapLoad A -1 mkdbhooks Done 12/21 13:16:25 1 mkdbhooks [root@MP-1 admusr]#</pre> <p>2. Verify if replication channels are up and running:</p> <pre>\$ sudo irepstat</pre> <p>Example Output:</p> <pre>-- Policy 0 ActStb [DbReplication] ----- BC From SOAM-2 Active 0 0.50 ^0.04%cpu 34B/s A=C2713.145 CC From MP-2 Active 0 0.20 ^0.05 1.57%cpu 35B/s A=C2713.145 -- Policy 1001 DSR_SLDB_Policy [] ----- 1 CC From MP-2 Active 0 0.20 ^0.06 1.51%cpu 35B/s A=C2713.145</pre> <p>3. Verify if merging channels are up and running:</p> <pre>\$ sudo inetmstat</pre> <p>Example Output:</p> <pre>nodeId InetMerge State dir dSeq dTime updTime info SOAM-1 Standby To 0 0.00 13:19:33 SOAM-2 Active To 0 0.00 13:19:33 ~ ~</pre>
<p>11. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system</p>	<p>Execute DSR Database Backup to back up the Configuration databases.</p>

5. Resolving User Credential Issues after Database Restore

User incompatibilities may introduce security holes or prevent access to the network by administrators. User incompatibilities are not dangerous to the database, however. Review each user difference carefully to ensure the restoration does not impact security or accessibility.


5.1 Restore a Deleted User

- User 'testuser' exists in the selected backup file but not in the current database.

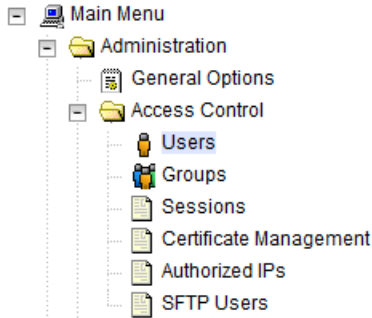

These users were removed before creation of the backup and archive file. They are reintroduced by system restoration of that file.

5.2 Keep a Restored User

Procedure 8. Keep Restored User

Perform this procedure to keep users restored by system restoration. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.		
1.	<input type="checkbox"/> Before Restoration: Notify Affected Users Before Restoration	Contact each user affected before the restoration and notify them that you will reset their password during this maintenance operation.
2.	<input type="checkbox"/> After Restoration: Log into the NOAM VIP	1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address> </div> 2. Login as the guiadmin user: <div style="text-align: center;">  Oracle System Login </div> <div style="text-align: right; font-size: small;">Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%; background-color: #f0f0f0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Log In</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Enter your username and password to log in</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Username: <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Password: <input style="width: 100%;" type="password"/></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> Change password</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Log In"/></p> </div>

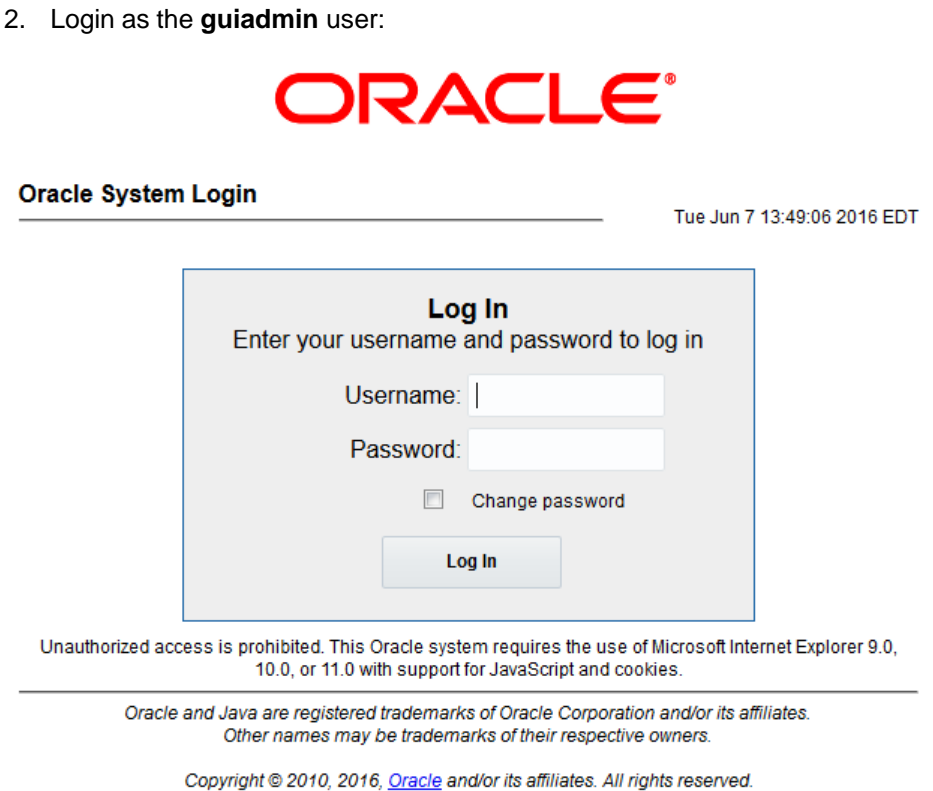
Procedure 8. Keep Restored User

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>After Restoration: Reset user passwords</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Administration > Access Control > Users.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Select the user. 3. Click Change Password.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Type a new password. <div data-bbox="501 894 1047 1663" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px;"> <p>Enter the old password once, new password twice for guiadmin</p> <p>Old Password: <input type="text"/></p> <p>New Password: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Retype New Password: <input type="text"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Force password change on next login</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Continue"/></p> <p>NOTE: The password must be between 8 and 16 characters.</p> <p>The password must also contain 3 of these 4 types of characters:</p> <p>numeric, lowercase alpha, uppercase alpha, special character (!@#\$%^&*?~).</p> </div> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Click Continue.
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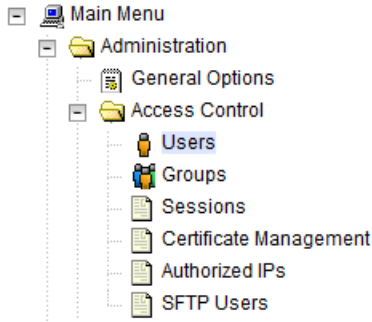
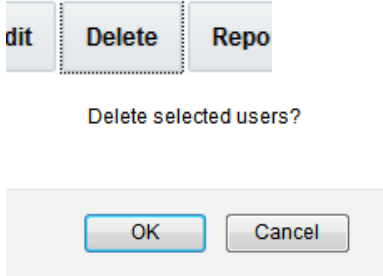
5.3 Remove a Restored User

Procedure 9. Remove the Restored User

Perform this procedure to remove users restored by system restoration
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>After Restoration: Log into the NOAM VIP</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guidadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 9. Remove the Restored User

<p>2. After Restoration: Reset user passwords</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Administration > Access Control > Users.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Select the user. 3. Click Delete.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Click OK to confirm.
--	---

5.4 Restore a Modified User

These users have had a password change before creation of the backup and archive file. They are reverted by system restoration of that file.

- The password for user 'testuser' differs between the selected backup file and the current database.

Before Restoration:

Verify you have access to a user with administrator permissions that is not affected.

Contact each user affected and notify them that you will reset their password during this maintenance operation.

After Restoration:

Log in and reset the passwords for all users in this category. See the steps in Procedure 8 for resetting passwords for a user.

5.5 Restore an Archive that does not contain a Current User


These users have been created after the creation of the backup and archive file. They are deleted by system restoration of that file.

- User 'testuser' exists in current database but not in the selected backup file.

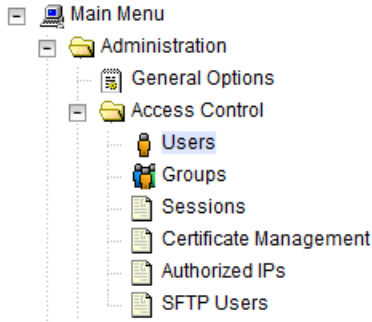
If the user is no longer desired, do not perform any additional steps. The user is permanently removed.

Procedure 10. Restore an Archive That Does Not Contain a Current User


Perform this procedure to remove users restored by system restoration.
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Before Restoration: Notify affected users before restoration</p>	<p>Contact each user that is affected before the restoration and notify them that you will reset their password during this maintenance operation.</p>
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Before Restoration: Log into the NOAM VIP</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guidadmin user:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>The screenshot shows the Oracle System Login page. At the top is the Oracle logo in red. Below it is the text 'Oracle System Login' and the date 'Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT'. In the center is a 'Log In' box with the text 'Enter your username and password to log in'. Inside this box are two input fields: 'Username:' and 'Password:'. Below the password field is a checkbox labeled 'Change password' and a 'Log In' button. At the bottom of the page, there is a disclaimer: 'Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.' followed by trademark information and a copyright notice: 'Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.'</p> </div>

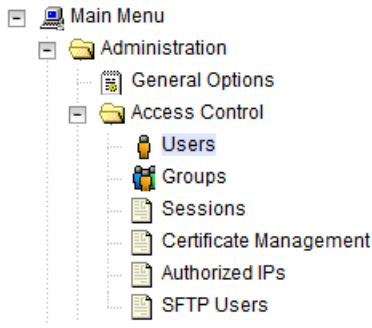
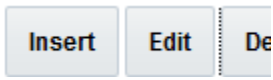
Procedure 10. Restore an Archive That Does Not Contain a Current User

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Before Restoration: Record user settings</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Administration > Access Control > Users.</p>  <p>2. Under each affected user, record the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Username• Account status• Remote Auth• Local Auth• Concurrent Logins Allowed• Inactivity Limit• Comment• Groups
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Procedure 10. Restore an Archive That Does Not Contain a Current User

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>After Restoration: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>
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Procedure 10. Restore an Archive That Does Not Contain a Current User

<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>After restoration: recreate affected user</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Administration > Access Control > Users.</p>  <p>2. Click Insert.</p>  <p>3. Recreate the user using the data collected from step 3.</p> <p>Adding new user</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="483 861 998 1648"> <tr> <td>Username *</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td>Sele long</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Group *</td> <td>admin</td> <td>Sele</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Authentication Options</td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Allow Remote Authentication <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow Local Authentication </td> <td>Sele *Adr actic [Def</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access Options</td> <td> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow GUI Access <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow MMI Access </td> <td>Sele</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access Allowed</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Account Enabled</td> <td>Is th</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Maximum Concurrent Logins</td> <td><input type="text" value="0"/></td> <td>The</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Session Inactivity Limit</td> <td><input type="text" value="120"/></td> <td>The</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Comment *</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td>Con</td> </tr> </table> <p>4. Click OK.</p>	Username *	<input type="text"/>	Sele long	Group *	admin	Sele	Authentication Options	<input type="checkbox"/> Allow Remote Authentication <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow Local Authentication	Sele *Adr actic [Def	Access Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow GUI Access <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow MMI Access	Sele	Access Allowed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Account Enabled	Is th	Maximum Concurrent Logins	<input type="text" value="0"/>	The	Session Inactivity Limit	<input type="text" value="120"/>	The	Comment *	<input type="text"/>	Con
Username *	<input type="text"/>	Sele long																								
Group *	admin	Sele																								
Authentication Options	<input type="checkbox"/> Allow Remote Authentication <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow Local Authentication	Sele *Adr actic [Def																								
Access Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow GUI Access <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow MMI Access	Sele																								
Access Allowed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Account Enabled	Is th																								
Maximum Concurrent Logins	<input type="text" value="0"/>	The																								
Session Inactivity Limit	<input type="text" value="120"/>	The																								
Comment *	<input type="text"/>	Con																								
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>After Restoration: Repeat for additional users</p>	<p>Repeat step 5 to recreate additional users.</p>																								

Procedure 10. Restore an Archive That Does Not Contain a Current User

7.	After Restoration: Reset the passwords	See Procedure 8 for resetting passwords for a user.
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6. IDIH Disaster Recovery

The fdconfig xml file you use for disaster recovery is different from the one used for fresh installation. The one for disaster recovery has hostname-upgrade_xx-xx-xx.xml file format. It took out the oracle server installation part since for disaster recovery it is not needed.

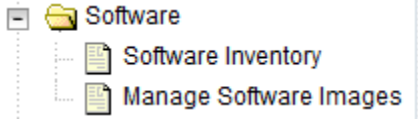
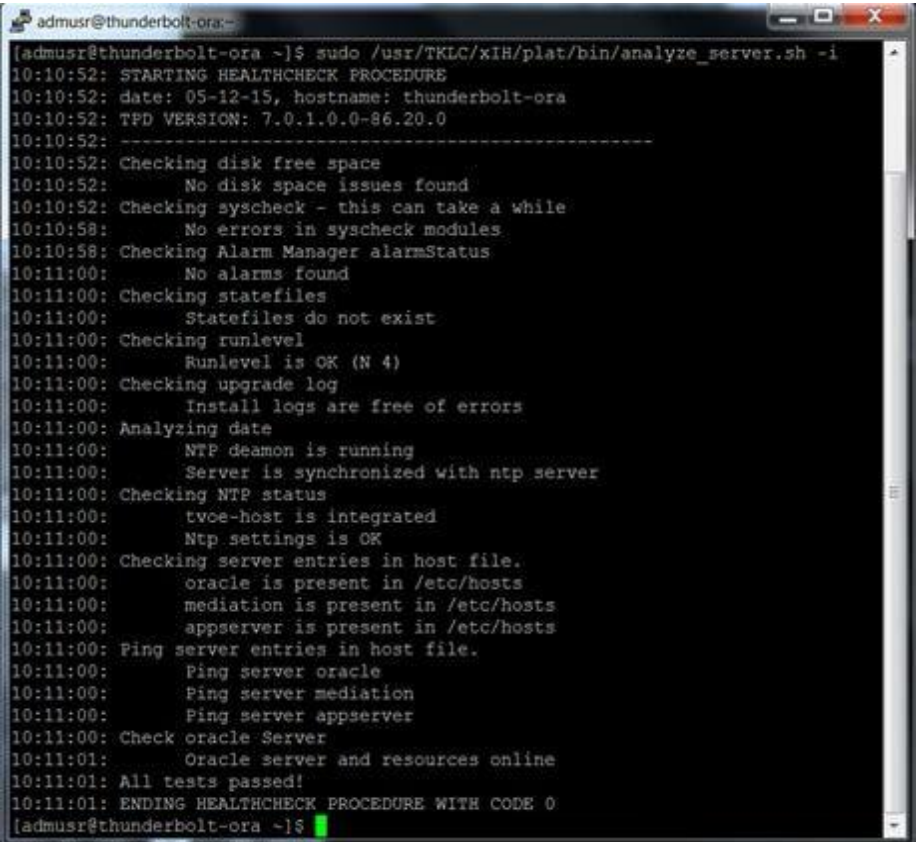
Note: The fdconfig xml file for disaster recovery is exactly the same as the one for upgrade and this file should have been created during the latest upgrade or fresh installation. In case the file is not found, please refer to fresh installation section to re-create it.

Procedure 11. IDIH Disaster Recovery Preparation

This procedure performs disaster recovery preparation steps for the IDIH.
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	PMAC GUI: Login	<p>1. Open web browser and enter:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> http://<PMAC_Mgmt_Network_IP> </div> <p>2. Login as pmacadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 11. IDIH Disaster Recovery Preparation

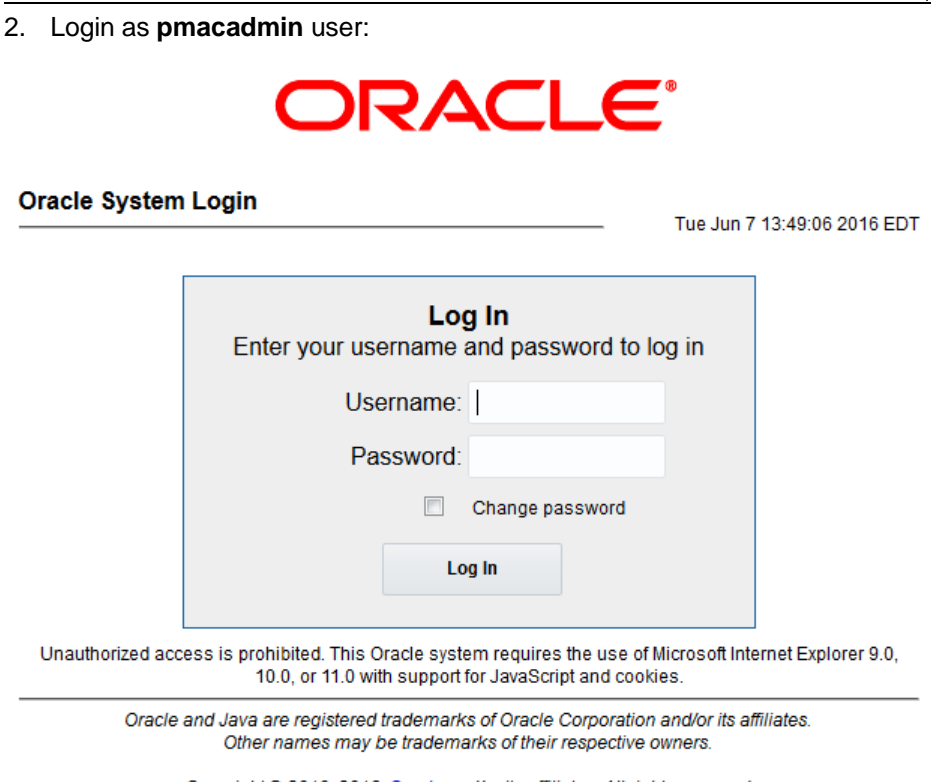
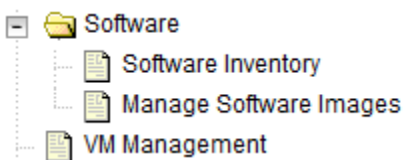
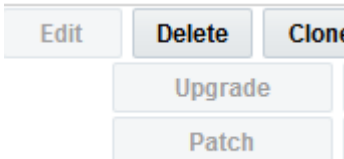
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify necessary IDIH images are available</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Software > Manage Software Images.</p>  <p>2. Verify the current IDIH TVOE, TPD, Oracle, Application and Mediation images are listed.</p> <p>Note: If the necessary software images are not available, follow the instructions from Load Application and TPD ISO onto PMAC Server and steps 1-4 of IDIH Configuration from [8] to acquire and transfer the images.</p>
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Oracle Guest: Login</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the Oracle guest, login as admusr.</p>
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Oracle Guest: Perform database health check</p>	<p>Perform a database health check:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/xIH/plat/bin/analyze_server.sh -i</pre> <p>Output:</p>  <pre>admusr@thunderbolt-ora ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/xIH/plat/bin/analyze_server.sh -i 10:10:52: STARTING HEALTHCHECK PROCEDURE 10:10:52: date: 05-12-15, hostname: thunderbolt-ora 10:10:52: TPD VERSION: 7.0.1.0.0-86.20.0 10:10:52: ----- 10:10:52: Checking disk free space 10:10:52: No disk space issues found 10:10:52: Checking syscheck - this can take a while 10:10:58: No errors in syscheck modules 10:10:58: Checking Alarm Manager alarmStatus 10:11:00: No alarms found 10:11:00: Checking statefiles 10:11:00: Statefiles do not exist 10:11:00: Checking runlevel 10:11:00: Runlevel is OK (N 4) 10:11:00: Checking upgrade log 10:11:00: Install logs are free of errors 10:11:00: Analyzing date 10:11:00: NTP daemon is running 10:11:00: Server is synchronized with ntp server 10:11:00: Checking NTP status 10:11:00: tvoc-host is integrated 10:11:00: Ntp settings is OK 10:11:00: Checking server entries in host file. 10:11:00: oracle is present in /etc/hosts 10:11:00: mediation is present in /etc/hosts 10:11:00: appserver is present in /etc/hosts 10:11:00: Ping server entries in host file. 10:11:00: Ping server oracle 10:11:00: Ping server mediation 10:11:00: Ping server appserver 10:11:00: Check oracle Server 10:11:01: Oracle server and resources online 10:11:01: All tests passed! 10:11:01: ENDING HEALTHCHECK PROCEDURE WITH CODE 0 [admusr@thunderbolt-ora ~]\$</pre>

Procedure 12. IDIH Disaster Recovery (Re-Install Mediation and Application Servers)

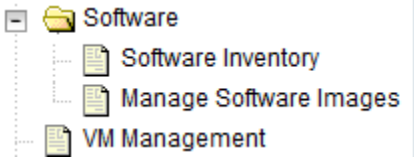
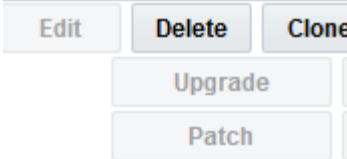

This procedure performs disaster recovery for the IDIH by re-installing the mediation and application servers.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

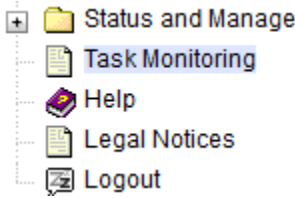
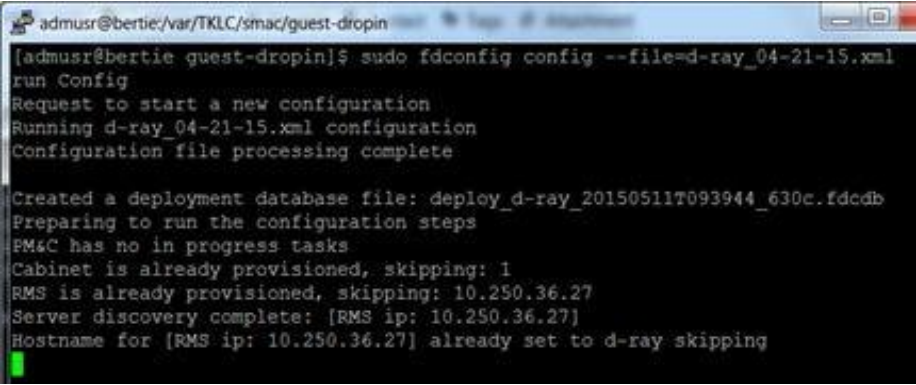
If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Open web browser and enter:</p> <p><input type="text" value="http://<PMAC_Mgmt_Network_IP>"/></p> <p>2. Login as pmacadmin user:</p> 
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Remove existing application server</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management.</p>  <p>2. Select the application guest.</p> <p>3. Click Delete.</p> 

Procedure 12. IDIH Disaster Recovery (Re-Install Mediation and Application Servers)

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Remove existing mediation server</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management.</p>  <p>2. Select the Mediation guest.</p> <p>3. Click Delete.</p> 
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Establish SSH session and login</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the PMAC, login as admusr.</p>
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Re-install the mediation and application servers</p>	<p>Execute this command (Enter your upgrade file):</p> <pre>\$ cd /var/TKLC/smac/guest-dropin \$ screen \$ sudo fdconfig config --file=<hostname-upgrade_xx-xx-xx>.xml</pre> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>!!Warning!!</p> <p>If you run the fdconfig without “upgrade” in the XML filename, the database is destroyed and you lose all of the existing data.</p> <p>Note: This is a long duration command (45-90 Minutes). If the screen command was run before executing the fdconfig, perform a screen -dr to resume the screen session in the event of a terminal timeout etc.</p> </div>

Procedure 12. IDIH Disaster Recovery (Re-Install Mediation and Application Servers)

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Monitor the configuration</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If not already done so, establish a GUI session on the PMAC server. Navigate to Status and Manage > Task Monitoring. <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Monitor the IDIH configuration to completion. Alternatively, you can monitor the fdconfig status through the command line after executing the fdconfig command: Example: 
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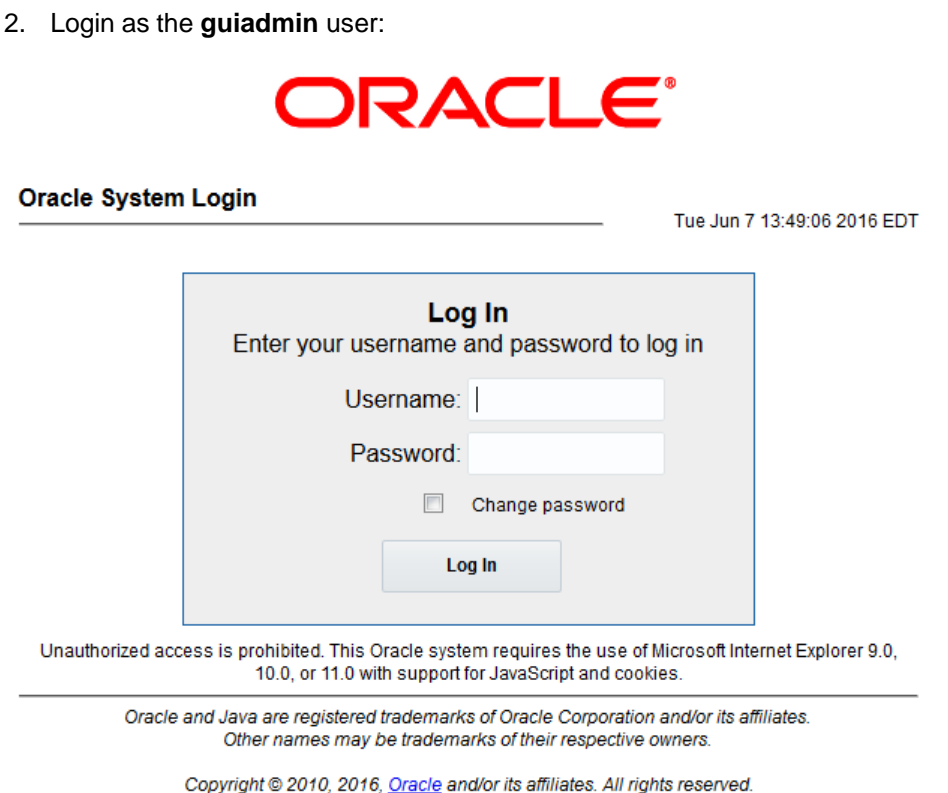
Appendix A. DSR Database Backup

Procedure 13. DSR Database Backup

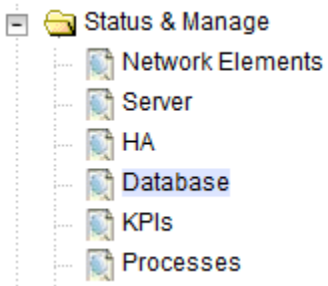
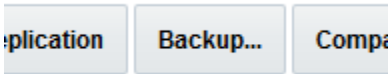
The intent of this procedure is to back up the provision and configuration information from an NOAM or SOAM server after the disaster recovery is complete

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

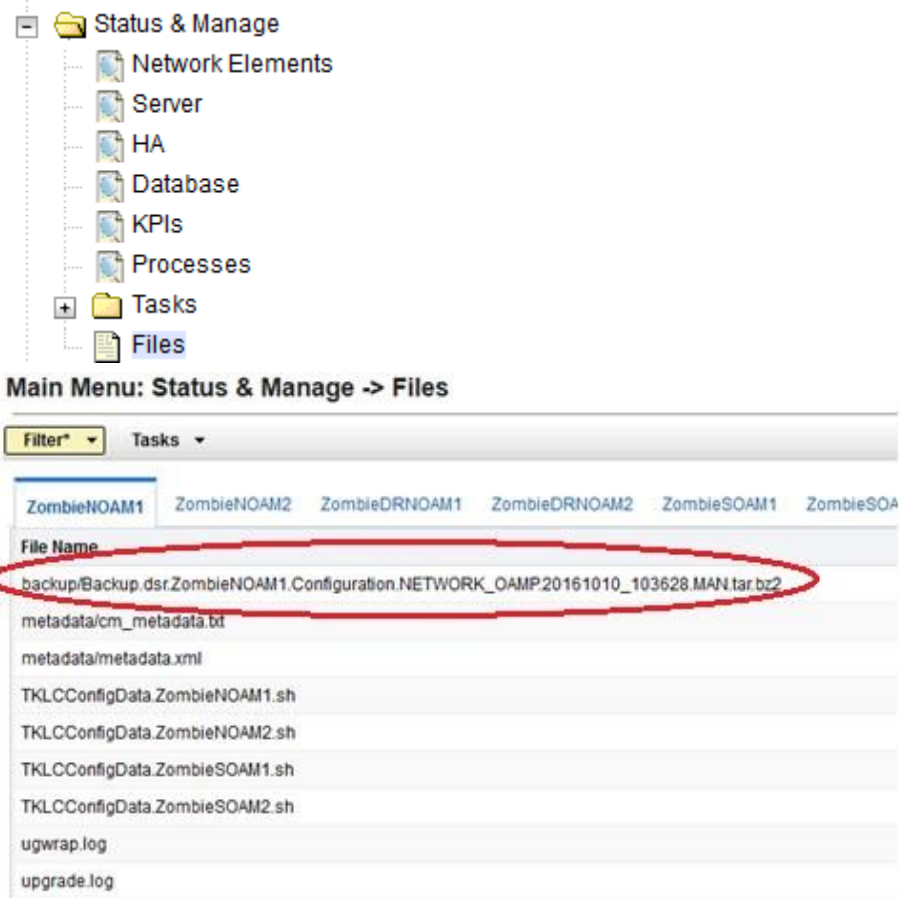
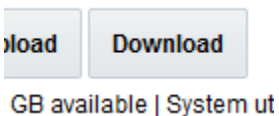
If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	NOAM/SOAM VIP: Login <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM or SOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM or SOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM/SOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 13. DSR Database Backup

<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> NOAM/SOAM VIP: Backup configuration data for the system</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM server and click Backup.</p>  <p>3. Make sure that the Configuration checkbox is marked.</p> <p>Database Backup</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 40%;">Field</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2">Server: ZombieNOAM1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Select data for backup</td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Provisioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Configuration </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Compression *</td> <td> <input type="radio"/> gzip <input checked="" type="radio"/> bzip2 <input type="radio"/> none </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Archive Name *</td> <td>Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration.NETW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Comment</td> <td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Enter a filename for the backup and click OK.</p>	Field	Value	Server: ZombieNOAM1		Select data for backup	<input type="checkbox"/> Provisioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Configuration	Compression *	<input type="radio"/> gzip <input checked="" type="radio"/> bzip2 <input type="radio"/> none	Archive Name *	Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration.NETW	Comment	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	
Field	Value														
Server: ZombieNOAM1															
Select data for backup	<input type="checkbox"/> Provisioning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Configuration														
Compression *	<input type="radio"/> gzip <input checked="" type="radio"/> bzip2 <input type="radio"/> none														
Archive Name *	Backup.dsr.ZombieNOAM1.Configuration.NETW														
Comment	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>														
<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>															

Procedure 13. DSR Database Backup

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM/SOAM VIP: Verify the backup file existence</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.</p>  <p>2. Select the active NOAM or SOAM tab.</p> <p>3. The files on this server display. Verify the existence of the backup file.</p>
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM/SOAM VIP: Download the file to a local machine</p>	<p>1. From the previous step, select the backup file.</p> <p>2. Click Download.</p>  <p>3. Click OK to confirm the download.</p>
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Upload the image to secure location</p>	<p>Transfer the backed up image saved in the previous step to a secure location where the server backup files are located in case of system disaster recovery.</p>
<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Backup active SOAM</p>	<p>Repeat Steps 2 through 5 to back up the active SOAM.</p>

Appendix B. Recover/Replace Failed 3rd Party Components (Switches, OAs)

The following procedures provide steps to recover 3rd party devices (switches, OAs). Follow the appropriate procedure as needed for your disaster recovery.

Procedure 14. Recover a Failed Aggregation Switch (Cisco 4948E/4948E-F)

The intent of this procedure is to recover a failed Aggregation (4948E/4948E-F) Switch.

Prerequisites for this procedure are:

- A copy of the networking xml configuration files
- A copy of HP Misc Firmware DVD or ISO
- IP address and hostname of the failed switch
- Rack Mount position of the failed switch

Refer to Appendix M for the workaround on cipher mismatch issue with Cisco switches.

Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Recover failed Aggregation Switches: Cisco 4948E/4948E-F</p>	<p>Log into the PMAC using SSH as admusr.</p> <p>Remove the old SSH key of the switch from the PMAC by executing this command from a PMAC command shell:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">sudo ssh-keygen -R <4948_switch_ip></pre> <p>Refer to procedure Replace a failed 4948/4948E/4948E-F switch (c-Class system) (netConfig) to replace a failed Aggregation switch from reference [2].</p> <p>Note: You need a copy of the HP Misc Firmware DVD or ISO (or firmware file obtained from the appropriate hardware vendor) and the original networking XML files custom for this installation. These are either stored on the PMAC in a designation location, or the information used to populate them can be obtained from the NAPD.</p> <p>Note: Copy switch appropriate init file and use it for respective switch:</p> <p>Copy the switch appropriate init.xml file from application media using application provided procedures. For example, for switch1A copy 'switch1A_4948_4948E_init.xml'.</p> <p>The templates can be found using the following method:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. From the PMAC CLI <pre>df grep -I DSR</pre> <p>Sample output:</p> <pre>/var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1118514 1118514 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR- 8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64 /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1118372 1118372 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR- 8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64 /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1117976 1117976 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR- 8.2.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64</pre> 2. From the output of step 1, determine the applicable directory of the DSR release being recovered.
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Procedure 14. Recover a Failed Aggregation Switch (Cisco 4948E/4948E-F)

		<p>3. <code>cd /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/<DSR Release dir>/upgrade/overlay/</code></p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>cd /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64/upgrade/overlay/</pre> <p>4. Locate the DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip file.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ ll total 286 -r--r--r-- 1 root root 611 Feb 21 19:18 change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 107086 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip -r--r--r-- 1 root root 11642 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NOAM_FD_Blade.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 13346 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NOAM_FD_RMS.xml dr-xr-xr-x 2 root root 2048 Feb 21 19:18 RMS -r--r--r-- 1 root root 812 Feb 21 19:18 SAMPLE-NetworkElement.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 2309 Feb 21 19:20 TRANS.TBL -r-xr-xr-x 1 root root 2186 Feb 21 19:18 TVOEcfg.sh -r-xr-xr-x 1 root root 598 Feb 21 19:18 TVOEclean.sh -r--r--r-- 1 root root 128703 Feb 21 19:18 UpgradeHCplugin.php-ovl -r--r--r-- 1 root root 19658 Feb 21 19:18 upgradeHealthCheck-ovl</pre> <p>5. Unzip the DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip file and retrieve the required switch init file.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ unzip DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip</pre> <p>6. Edit the desired file with site specific details. The existing file from original deployment <code>/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</code> can be used as a reference.</p> <p>7. Copy the new init file to the <code>/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</code> dir.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ cp <switch_xml_file> /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre>
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Procedure 15. Recover a Failed Enclosure Switch (Cisco 3020)

The intent of this procedure is to recover a failed Enclosure (3020) Switch.

Prerequisites for this procedure are:

- A copy of the networking xml configuration files
- A copy of HP Misc. Firmware DVD or ISO
- IP address and hostname of the failed switch
- Interconnect Bay position of the enclosure switch

Refer to Appendix M for the workaround on cipher mismatch issue with Cisco switches.

Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	Recover Failed Enclosure Switch: Cisco 3020	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the PMAC using SSH as admusr. 2. Remove the old SSH key of the switch from the PMAC by executing this command from a PMAC command shell: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <pre>sudo ssh-keygen -R <enclosure_switch_ip></pre> </div> 3. Refer to procedure Replace a failed 3020 switch (netConfig) to replace the failed enclosure switch from reference [2]. <p>Note: You need a copy of the HP Misc Firmware DVD or ISO and of the original networking xml files custom for this installation. These either be stored on the PMAC in a designation location, or the information used to populate them can be obtained from the NAPD.</p>
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Procedure 16. Recover a Failed Enclosure Switch (HP 6120XG , HP 6125XLG, HP 6125G)

The intent of this procedure is to recover a failed Enclosure (6120XG/6125XLG/6125G) Switch.

Prerequisites for this procedure are:

- A copy of the networking xml configuration files

Refer to Appendix M for the workaround on cipher mismatch issue with Cisco switches.

Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	Recover Failed Enclosure Switch: HP 6120XG/6125XLG/6125G	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the PMAC using SSH as admusr. 2. Remove the old SSH key of the switch from the PMAC by executing this command from a PMAC command shell: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <pre>sudo ssh-keygen -R <enclosure_switch_ip></pre> </div> 3. Refer to procedure Replace a failed HP (6120XG, 6125G, 6125XLG switch (netConfig) to replace the failed enclosure switch from reference [2]. <p>Note: You need a copy of the HP Misc Firmware DVD or ISO and of the original networking xml files custom for this installation. These are either stored on the PMAC in a designation location, or the information used to populate them can be obtained from the NAPD.</p>
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Procedure 16. Recover a Failed Enclosure Switch (HP 6120XG , HP 6125XLG, HP 6125G)

	<p>Note: Copy switch appropriate init file and use it for respective switch:</p> <p>4. Copy the switch appropriate init.xml file from application media using application provided procedures. For example, for switch1A copy 'switch1A_4948_4948E_init.xml'.</p> <p>The templates can be found by the following method:</p> <p>a. From the PMAC CLI:</p> <pre>df grep -I DSR</pre> <p>Sample output:</p> <pre>/var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1118514 1118514 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64 /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1118372 1118372 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64 /var/TKLC/smac/image/repository/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64.iso 1117976 1117976 0 100% /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64</pre> <p>b. From the output of step 1, determine the applicable directory of the DSR release being recovered.</p> <p>c. <code>cd usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/<DSR Release dir>/upgrade/overlay/</code></p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>cd /usr/TKLC/smac/html/TPD/DSR-8.2.0.0.0_82.4.0-x86_64/upgrade/overlay/</pre> <p>d. Locate the <code>DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip</code> file.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ ll total 286 -r--r--r-- 1 root root 611 Feb 21 19:18 change_ilo_admin_passwd.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 107086 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip -r--r--r-- 1 root root 11642 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NOAM_FD_Blade.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 13346 Feb 21 19:18 DSR_NOAM_FD_RMS.xml dr-xr-xr-x 2 root root 2048 Feb 21 19:18 RMS -r--r--r-- 1 root root 812 Feb 21 19:18 SAMPLE-NetworkElement.xml -r--r--r-- 1 root root 2309 Feb 21 19:20 TRANS.TBL -r-xr-xr-x 1 root root 2186 Feb 21 19:18 TVOEcfg.sh -r-xr-xr-x 1 root root 598 Feb 21 19:18 TVOEclean.sh -r--r--r-- 1 root root 128703 Feb 21 19:18 UpgradeHCplugin.php-ovl -r--r--r-- 1 root root 19658 Feb 21 19:18 upgradeHealthCheck-ovl</pre> <p>e. Unzip the <code>DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip</code> file and retrieve the required switch init file.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ unzip DSR_NetConfig_Templates.zip</pre>
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Procedure 16. Recover a Failed Enclosure Switch (HP 6120XG , HP 6125XLG, HP 6125G)

	<p>f. Edit the desired file with site specific details. The existing file from original deployment <code>/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</code> can be used as a reference.</p> <p>g. Copy the new init file to the <code>/usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml</code> dir.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>\$ cp <switch_xml_file> /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/switch/xml/</pre> <p>Note: While restoring 6120XG switch, some features enabled on a 6120XG may not restore properly if they reference a port channel that does not currently exist on the switch ahead of the restore operation. Identify any port channels that need to be created on the switch according to the backup file and create them before restoring the configuration:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/cat <switch_hostname>-backup /bin/grep "^trunk"</pre> <p>Example output:</p> <pre>trunk <int list> Trk<id> LACP trunk <int list> Trk<id> Trunk</pre> <p>5. If any port-channels are found, then for each portchannel identified by the above command, use the netConfig setLinkAggregation command to create it and the netConfig showConfiguration command to verify its configuration:</p> <p>6. If an LACP port channel was found, add the port-channel with this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- device=6120XG_IOBAY2 setLinkAggregation id=<id> addPort=tenGE<int list> mode=active</pre> <p>7. If a Trunk port-channel was found (as labeled after the Trk<id>), add the port-channel with this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- device=6120XG_IOBAY2 setLinkAggregation id=<id> addPort=tenGE<int list> mode=static</pre> <p>Verify the port-channels were added to the running configuration:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- device=6120XG_IOBAY2 showConfiguration grep "^trunk" trunk <int list> Trk<id> LACP trunk <int list> Trk<id> Trunk</pre> <p>8. For all switch types and configurations found, use netConfig to restore the configuration:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig -- device=<switch_hostname> restoreConfiguration service=ssh_service filename=<switch_hostname>-backup</pre> <p>Note: This causes the switch to reboot. It takes approximately 120-180 seconds before connectivity is restored.</p>
	<p>Note: For information about Downgrade Firmware on a 6125 Switch, see [10] DSR C-Class Hardware and Software Installation Procedure 1/2.</p>

Procedure 17. Recover a Failed Enclosure OA

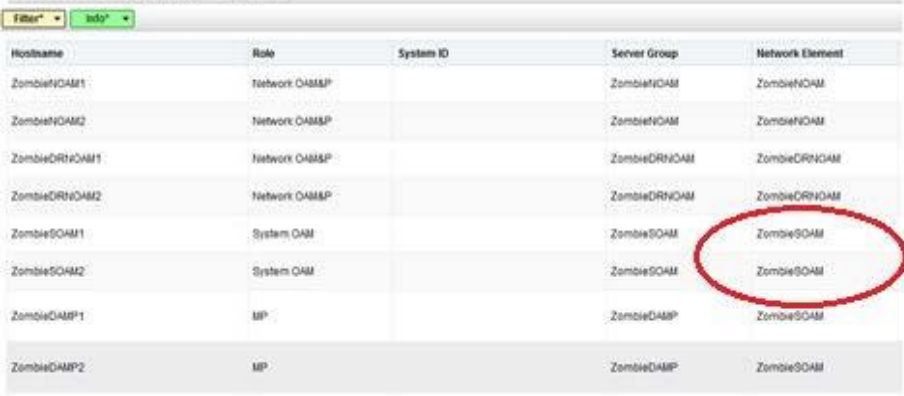
The intent of this procedure is to recover a failed Enclosure Onboard Administrator.
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	<input type="checkbox"/> Recover Failed Enclosure OA	Refer to procedure Restore OA Configuration from Management Server to replace a failed Enclosure OA from reference [2].
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Appendix C. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

Procedure 18. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

The intent of this procedure is to inhibit A and B level replication on all C-level servers of this site.
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
 If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	Active NOAM: Login	Log into the active NOAM server using SSH as admusr .																																													
2.	Active NOAM: Inhibit replication on all C-level servers	<p>Execute this command:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ for i in \$(iqt -p -z -h -fhostName NodeInfo where "nodeId like 'C*' and siteId='<SOAM Site_NE name of the site>'"); do iset -finhibitRepPlans='A B' NodeInfo where "nodeName='\$i'"; done</pre> <p>Note: SOAM Site_NE name of the site can be found out by logging into the active NOAM GUI and navigating to Configuration > Server Groups.</p> <p>Please see the snapshot below for more details, for example, if ServerSO1 belongs to the site being recovered, then siteID is SO_HPC03.</p> <p>Main Menu: Configuration -> Servers</p>  <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Role</th> <th>System ID</th> <th>Server Group</th> <th>Network Element</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieDAM1</td> <td>Network OAMB</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAM</td> <td>ZombieDAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAM2</td> <td>Network OAMB</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAM</td> <td>ZombieDAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRHOAM1</td> <td>Network OAMB</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDRHOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRHOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRHOAM2</td> <td>Network OAMB</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDRHOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRHOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>System OAM</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP1</td> <td>MP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAMP</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAMP</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	Role	System ID	Server Group	Network Element	ZombieDAM1	Network OAMB		ZombieDAM	ZombieDAM	ZombieDAM2	Network OAMB		ZombieDAM	ZombieDAM	ZombieDRHOAM1	Network OAMB		ZombieDRHOAM	ZombieDRHOAM	ZombieDRHOAM2	Network OAMB		ZombieDRHOAM	ZombieDRHOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System OAM		ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System OAM		ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP1	MP		ZombieDAMP	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP		ZombieDAMP	ZombieSOAM
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Procedure 18. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

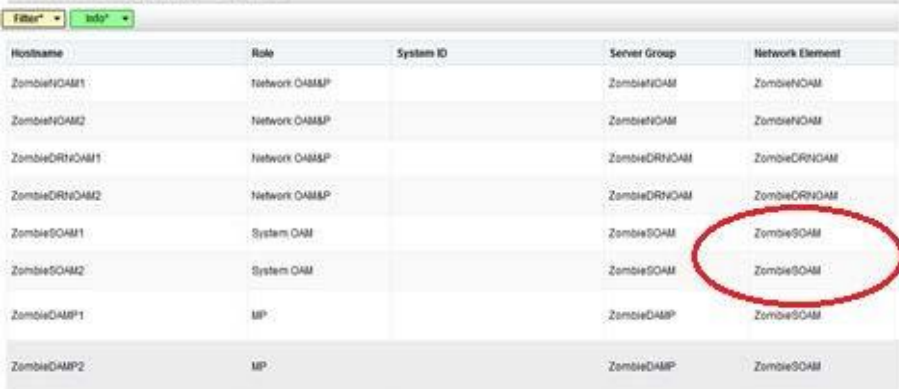
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication has been Inhibited</p>	<p>After executing above steps to inhibit replication on MP(s), no alarms on GUI would be raised informing that replication on MP is disabled.</p> <p>Verification of replication inhibition on MPs can be done by analyzing NodeInfo output. InhibitRepPlans field for all the MP servers for the selected site, for example, Site SO_HPC03 is set as A B.</p> <p>Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ iqt NodeInfo</pre> <p>Output:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>nodeId</th> <th>nodeName</th> <th>hostName</th> <th>nodeCapability</th> <th>inhibitRepPlans</th> <th>siteId</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A1386.099</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>NO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B1754.109</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.131</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>A B</td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.233</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>A B</td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	nodeId	nodeName	hostName	nodeCapability	inhibitRepPlans	siteId	A1386.099	NO1	NO1	Active		NO_HPC03	B1754.109	SO1	SO1	Active		SO_HPC03	C2254.131	MP2	MP2	Active	A B	SO_HPC03	C2254.233	MP1	MP1	Active	A B	SO_HPC03
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Appendix D. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

Procedure 19. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

<p>The intent of this procedure is to Un-inhibit A and B level replication on all C-level servers of this site Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>		
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Active NOAM: Login</p>	<p>Log into the active NOAM server using SSH as admusr.</p>

Procedure 19. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Un-Inhibit replication on all C-level servers</p>	<p>Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ for i in \$(iqt -p -z -h -fhostName NodeInfo where "nodeId like 'C*' and siteId='<SOAM_Site_NE_name>'); do iset -finhibitRepPlans='' NodeInfo where "nodeName='\$i'; done</pre> <p>Note: SOAM Site NE name of the site can be found out by logging into the active NOAM GUI and navigating to Configuration > Server Groups.</p> <p>Please see the snapshot below for more details, for example, if ServerSO1 belongs to the site being recovered, then siteID is SO_HPC03.</p> <p>Main Menu: Configuration -> Servers</p>  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hostname</th> <th>Role</th> <th>System ID</th> <th>Server Group</th> <th>Network Element</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM1</td> <td>Network DAMP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieNOAM2</td> <td>Network DAMP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> <td>ZombieNOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM1</td> <td>Network DAMP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDRNOAM2</td> <td>Network DAMP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> <td>ZombieDRNOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM1</td> <td>System DAM</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieSOAM2</td> <td>System DAM</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP1</td> <td>MP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAMP</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ZombieDAMP2</td> <td>MP</td> <td></td> <td>ZombieDAMP</td> <td>ZombieSOAM</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hostname	Role	System ID	Server Group	Network Element	ZombieNOAM1	Network DAMP		ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM2	Network DAMP		ZombieNOAM	ZombieNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM1	Network DAMP		ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM2	Network DAMP		ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieDRNOAM	ZombieSOAM1	System DAM		ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM2	System DAM		ZombieSOAM	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP1	MP		ZombieDAMP	ZombieSOAM	ZombieDAMP2	MP		ZombieDAMP	ZombieSOAM
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<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication has been Inhibited</p>	<p>After executing above steps to un-inhibit replication on MP(s), no alarms on GUI would be raised informing that replication on MP is disabled.</p> <p>Verification of replication un-inhibition on MPs can be done by analyzing NodeInfo output. The InhibitRepPlans field for all the MP servers for the selected site, for example, Site SO_HPC03 is set as A B.</p> <p>Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo iqt NodeInfo</pre> <p>Output:</p> <pre>nodeId nodeName hostName nodeCapability inhibitRepPlans siteId excludeTables A1386.099 NO1 NO1 NO1 Active NO_HPC03 B1754.109 SO1 SO1 Active SO_HPC03 C2254.131 MP2 MP2 Active A B SO_HPC03</pre>																																													


Appendix E. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers (When Active, Standby, and Spare SOAMs are Lost)

Procedure 20. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

The intent of this procedure is to inhibit A and B level replication on all C-level servers of this site when active, standby, and spare SOAMs are lost

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	Active NOAM: Login	Log into the active NOAM server using SSH as admusr .
2.	Active NOAM: Inhibit replication on all C-level servers	<p>Execute the script from /usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh, if available.</p> <p>If the /usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/ path does not have the InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh script, then use this manual command.</p> <pre> /usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh -- replication=inhibit --SO_SG_Name=<SOAM server group name> </pre> <p>Alternatively to the above script, if the script is not in the specific path:</p> <pre> \$ for i in \$(sudo Imysql.client -B -N -e " SELECT DISTINCT CS.hostname FROM appworks.Server CS, appworks.Server PS, appworks.Server2SG C2SG, appworks.Server2SG P2SG, appworks.ServerGroup CSG, appworks.ServerGroup PSG, comcol.ClusterInfo CCI, comcol.ClusterInfo PCI, comcol.ClusterGroupInfo WHERE CS._h_Server_ID = C2SG._h_Server_ID AND C2SG._h_SG_ID = CSG._h_SG_ID AND CSG.clusterId = CCI.clusterId AND CCI.groups = comcol.ClusterGroupInfo.groupId AND comcol.ClusterGroupInfo.parentGroup = PCI.groups AND PCI.clusterId = PSG.clusterId AND PSG.ServerGroupName='<SOAM_SG_NAME>' "); do iset -finhibitRepPlans='A B' NodeInfo where "nodeName='%i'"; done </pre> <p>Note: SOAM_SG_NAME is the name of the server group found by logging into the active NOAM GUI and navigating to Configuration > Server Groups.</p> <p>For example, if SOAM1 belongs to the site being recovered, then the server group is SO_SG.</p> 

Procedure 20. Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-level Servers

<p>3. □</p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication has been inhibited</p>	<p>After executing above steps to inhibit replication on MP(s), no alarms on GUI would be raised informing that replication on MP is disabled.</p> <p>Verification of replication inhibition on MPs can be done by analyzing NodeInfo output. InhibitRepPlans field for all the MP servers for the selected server group, for example, server group SO_SG is set as A B.</p> <p>Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ iqt NodeInfo</pre> <p>Output:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>nodeId</th> <th>nodeName</th> <th>hostName</th> <th>nodeCapability</th> <th>inhibitRepPlans</th> <th>siteId</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A1386.099</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>NO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B1754.109</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.131</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>Active</td> <td>A B</td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.233</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td>A B</td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	nodeId	nodeName	hostName	nodeCapability	inhibitRepPlans	siteId	A1386.099	NO1	NO1	Active		NO_HPC03	B1754.109	SO1	SO1	Active		SO_HPC03	C2254.131	MP2	MP2	Active	A B	SO_HPC03	C2254.233	MP1	MP1	Active	A B	SO_HPC03
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Appendix F. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers (When Active, Standby and Spare SOAMs are Lost)

Procedure 21. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers

The intent of this procedure is to Un-inhibit A and B level replication on all C-level servers of this site when active, standby and spare SOAMS are lost.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Active NOAM: Login	Log into the active NOAM server using SSH as admusr .
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Procedure 21. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers

2.	<p>Active NOAM: Un-Inhibit replication on all C-level servers</p>	<p>Execute the script from <code>/usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh</code> if available.</p> <p>If the <code>/usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/</code> path does not have the <code>InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh</code> script, then use this manual command.</p> <pre style="font-family: monospace; font-size: 0.9em;">/usr/TKLC/dsr/tools/InhibitReplicationToCLevel.sh -- replication=allow --SO_SG_Name=<SOAM server group name></pre> <p>Alternatively to the above script, if the script is not in the specific path:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <pre style="font-family: monospace; font-size: 0.8em;">\$ for i in \$(sudo Imysql.client -B -N -e " SELECT DISTINCT CS.hostname FROM appworks.Server CS, appworks.Server PS, appworks.Server2SG C2SG, appworks.Server2SG P2SG, appworks.ServerGroup CSG, appworks.ServerGroup PSG, comcol.ClusterInfo CCI, comcol.ClusterInfo PCI, comcol.ClusterGroupInfo WHERE CS._h_Server_ID = C2SG._h_Server_ID AND C2SG._h_SG_ID = CSG._h_SG_ID AND CSG.clusterId = CCI.clusterId AND CCI.groups = comcol.ClusterGroupInfo.groupId AND comcol.ClusterGroupInfo.parentGroup = PCI.groups AND PCI.clusterId = PSG.clusterId AND PSG.ServerGroupName='<SOAM_SG_NAME>' "); do iset -finhibitRepPlans='' NodeInfo where "nodeName='\$i'"; done</pre> </div> <p>Note: SOAM_SG_NAME is the name of the server group found by logging into the active NOAM GUI and navigating to Configuration > Server Groups.</p> <p>For example, if SOAM1 belongs to the site being recovered, then the server group is SO_SG.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: 0.8em;"> <thead> <tr> <th>DRNO_SG</th> <th>A</th> <th>NONE</th> <th>DSR (active/standby pair)</th> <th>1</th> <th>Network Element: DSR_DR_NO_NE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DRNOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DRNOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>NO_SG</td> <td>A</td> <td>NONE</td> <td>DSR (active/standby pair)</td> <td>1</td> <td> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>NOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>SO_SG</td> <td>B</td> <td>NO_SG</td> <td>DSR (active/standby pair)</td> <td>1</td> <td> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>SOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DRNO_SG	A	NONE	DSR (active/standby pair)	1	Network Element: DSR_DR_NO_NE						<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DRNOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DRNOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Server	Node HA Pref	VIPs	DRNOAM1			DRNOAM2			NO_SG	A	NONE	DSR (active/standby pair)	1	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>NOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>NOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Server	Node HA Pref	VIPs	NOAM1			NOAM2			SO_SG	B	NO_SG	DSR (active/standby pair)	1	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>Node HA Pref</th> <th>VIPs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>SOAM1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SOAM2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Server	Node HA Pref	VIPs	SOAM1			SOAM2		
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Procedure 21. Un-Inhibit A and B Level Replication on C-Level Servers

<p>3. □</p>	<p>Active NOAM: Verify replication has been Un-Inhibited</p>	<p>After executing above steps to un-inhibit replication on MP(s), no alarms on GUI would be raised informing that replication on MP is disabled.</p> <p>Verification of replication inhibition on MPs can be done by analyzing NodeInfo output. Un-InhibitRepPlans field for all the MP servers for the selected server group, for example, server group SO_SG is set as <blank>.</p> <p>Execute this command:</p> <pre>\$ sudo iqt NodeInfo</pre> <p>Output:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>nodeId</th> <th>nodeName</th> <th>hostName</th> <th>nodeCapability</th> <th>inhibitRepPlans</th> <th>siteId</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A1386.099</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>NO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>NO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B1754.109</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>SO1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.131</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>MP2</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C2254.233</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>MP1</td> <td>Active</td> <td></td> <td>SO_HPC03</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	nodeId	nodeName	hostName	nodeCapability	inhibitRepPlans	siteId	A1386.099	NO1	NO1	Active		NO_HPC03	B1754.109	SO1	SO1	Active		SO_HPC03	C2254.131	MP2	MP2	Active		SO_HPC03	C2254.233	MP1	MP1	Active		SO_HPC03
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B1754.109	SO1	SO1	Active		SO_HPC03																											
C2254.131	MP2	MP2	Active		SO_HPC03																											
C2254.233	MP1	MP1	Active		SO_HPC03																											

Appendix G. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

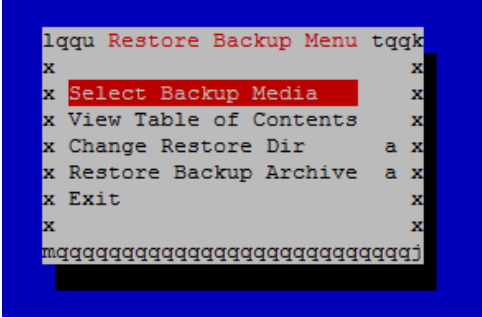
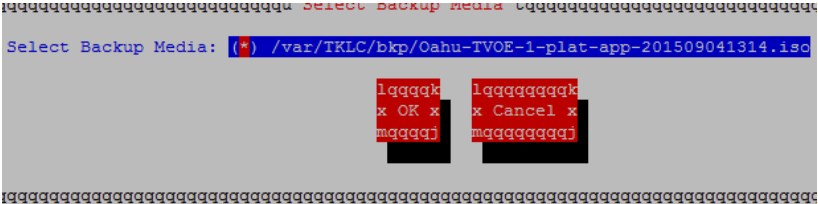
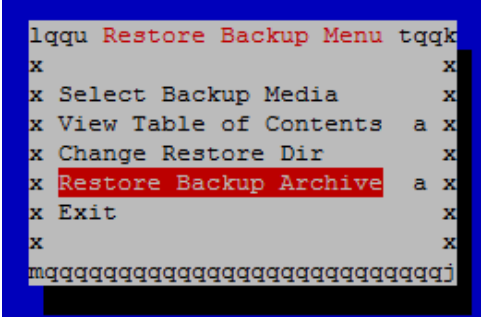
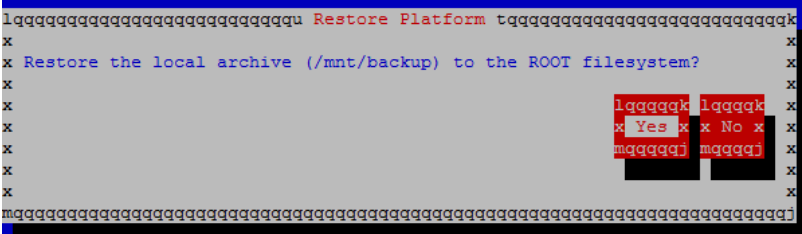
Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>This procedure provides steps to restore the TVOE application configuration from backup media. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>		
1. <input type="checkbox"/>	Install TVOE application	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the PMAC is NOT hosted on the failed rack mount server, execute IPM Servers Using PMAC Application from reference [10]. If the PMAC is hosted on the failed rack mount server, execute Installing TVOE on the Management Server from reference [10].
2. <input type="checkbox"/>	Establish network connectivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the PMAC is NOT hosted on the failed rack mount server, skip this step. If the PMAC is hosted on the failed rack mount server, execute TVOE Network Configuration, steps 1-11, from reference [10]. <p>Note: The IP address configured on the TVOE must be one accessible through the network of the machine currently holding the TVOE Backup ISO image. This could be a NetBackup master server, a customer PC, etc.</p>
3. <input type="checkbox"/>	Restore TVOE backup ISO image to the TVOE host (NetBackup)	<p>If using NetBackup to restore the TVOE backup ISO image, then execute this step; otherwise, skip this step.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Execute Application NetBackup Client Installation Procedures from reference [8]. Interface with the NetBackup master server and initiate a restore of the TVOE backup ISO image. <p>Note: Once restored, the ISO image is in /var/TKLC/bkp/ on the TVOE server.</p>

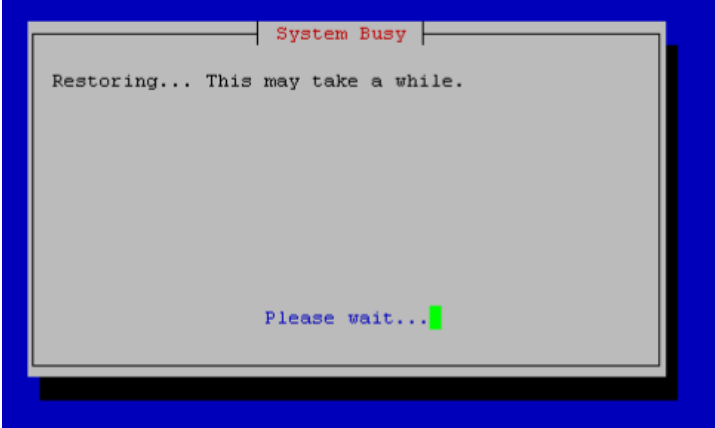

Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

4. □	Transfer TVOE backup ISO image to the TVOE host	<p>Restore TVOE backup ISO using SCP.</p> <p>Using the IP of the TVOE host, transfer the backup ISO image to the TVOE.</p> <p>Linux:</p> <p>From the command line of a Linux machine use this command to copy the backup ISO image to the TVOE host:</p> <pre># scp <path_to_image> tvoexfer@<TVOE_IP>:backup/</pre> <p>where <path_to_image> is the path to the backup ISO image on the local system and <TVOE_IP> is the TVOE IP address.</p> <p>Note: If the IP is an IPv4 address, then <TVOE_IP> is a normal dot-decimal notation (for example, 10.240.6.170).</p> <p>Note: If the IP is an IPv6 link local address, then <TVOE_IP> needs to be scoped. For example, [fe80::21e:bff:fe76:5e1c%control] where control is the name of the interface on the machine initiating the transfer and it must be on the same link as the interface on the TVOE host.</p> <p>Note: The control IP address of the TVOE can be used if the TVOE is NOT hosting the PMAC. This method requires first transferring the backup file to the PMAC, and then to the TVOE host.</p> <p>IPv4 Example:</p> <pre># scp /path/to/image.iso tvoexfer@10.240.6.170:backup/</pre> <p>IPv6 Example:</p> <pre># scp /path/to/image.iso tvoexfer@[fe80::21e:bff:fe76:5e1c%control]:backup/</pre> <p>Windows:</p> <p>Use WinSCP to copy the Backup ISO image into the /var/TKLC/bkp directory. Please refer to [10] procedure Using WinSCP to copy the backup image to the customer system.</p>
5. □	TVOE Server: Login	Establish an SSH session to the TVOE server, login as admusr .

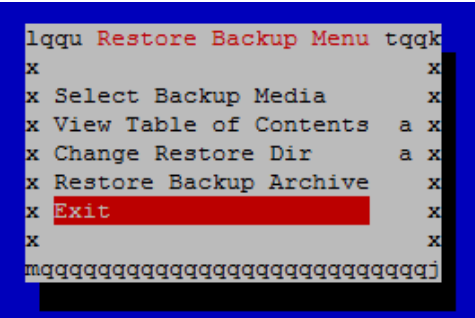
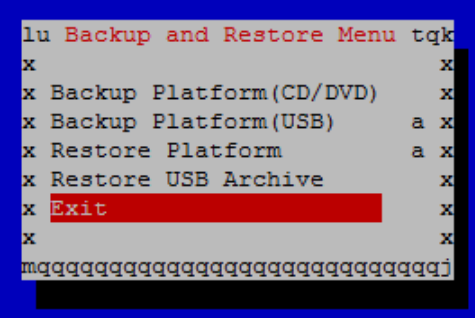
Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> Restore TVOE backup ISO image</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Restore the TVOE backup ISO by executing this command: <pre>\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre> Navigate to Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Restore Platform > Select Backup Media.  Select the desired archive.  Click OK. Click Restore Backup Archive.  Confirm restore. 
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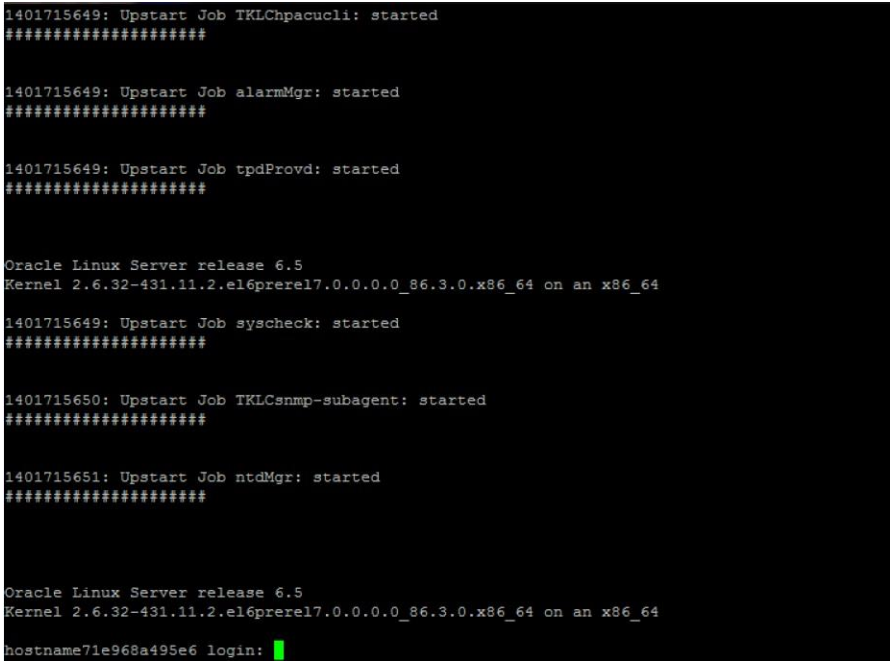
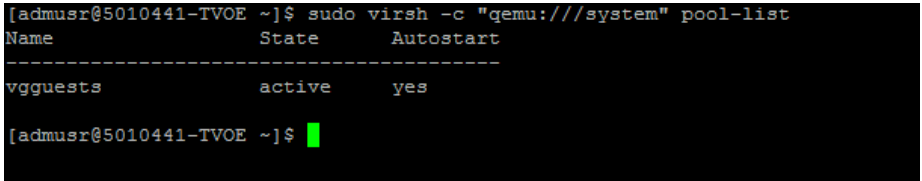
Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>7. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Monitor TVOE backup process</p>	<p>1. Wait for the restore to complete.</p>  <p>Note: This typically takes less than 5 minutes.</p> <p>2. Restore complete.</p>  <p>3. Exit platcfg.</p>
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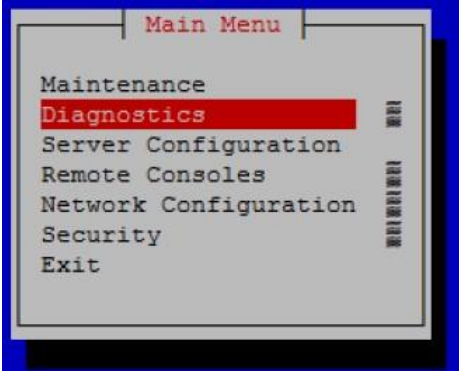
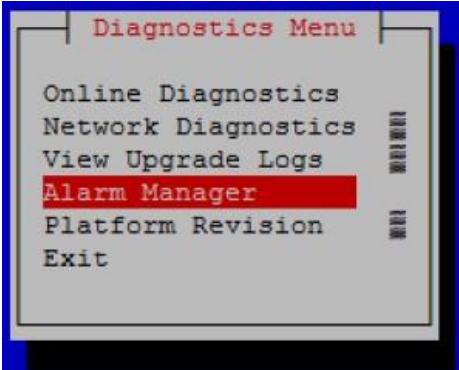
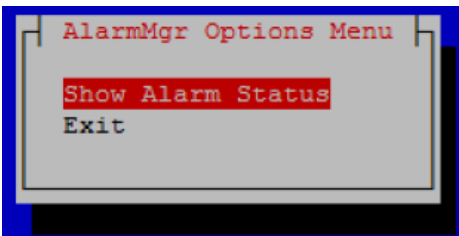
Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>8. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>TVOE Server: Exit restore backup menu</p>	<p>Exit the Restore Backup Menu.</p>  <pre>lqqq Restore Backup Menu tqk x x Select Backup Media x x View Table of Contents a x x Change Restore Dir a x x Restore Backup Archive x x Exit x x x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq]</pre>  <pre>lu Backup and Restore Menu tqk x x Backup Platform(CD/DVD) x x Backup Platform(USB) a x x Restore Platform a x x Restore USB Archive x x Exit x x x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq]</pre>
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Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>10. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>TVOE Server: Wait for restart to successfully complete</p>	
<p>11. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>TVOE Server: Verify storage pools are active</p>	<p>1. Login as admusr. 2. Verify all storage pools are listed and are in the active state:</p> <pre>\$ sudo virsh -c "qemu:///system" pool-list</pre>  <p>Note: If any storage pools are missing or inactive, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
<p>12. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>TVOE Server: Enable HIDS (Optional)</p>	<p>Note: Enabling HIDS is optional. This step is skipped if HIDS is not required to be enabled.</p> <p>When enabling HIDS, update the baseline so the restored files are not reported as being tampered with. Execute these commands from the TVOE host remote console to enable HIDS and update the baseline:</p> <pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/hidsMgr -initialize LOG: HIDS monitoring has been Initialized HIDS baseline has been initialized \$ /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/hidsMgr --enable HIDS monitoring has successfully been enabled New State: ENABLED \$ /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/hidsMgr --update --all HIDS baseline has successfully been updated</pre>

Procedure 22. Restore TVOE Configuration from Backup Media

<p>13. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>TVOE Server: Verify alarms</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify alarms: <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre> 2. Click Diagnostics.  3. Click Alarm Manager.  4. Click Show Alarm Status.  <p>If there are any failures, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>
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Appendix H. Restore PMAC from Backup

Procedure 23. Restore PMAC from Backup Media

This procedure provides steps to restore the PMAC application configuration from backup media.


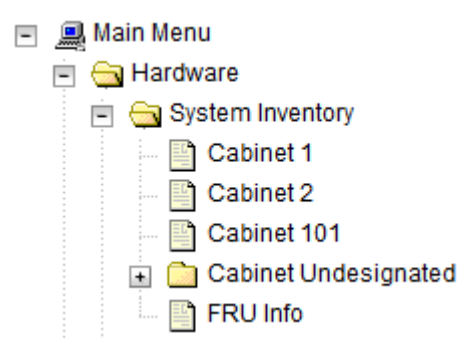
Prerequisite: TVOE management server has been restored.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1.	Deploy the PMAC guest	Execute Install PMAC from reference [10].
2.	PMAC: Login <input type="checkbox"/>	Establish an SSH session to the PMAC server, login as admusr .
3.	Restore PMAC Backup image to the PMAC host	<p>From the remote backup location, copy the backup file to the deployed PMAC. There are too many possible backup scenarios to cover them all here. This example is a simple scp from a redundant PMAC backup location. If using IPv6 addresses, the command requires shell escapes, for example, admusr@[<ipV6addr>]:<file></p> <p>Note: Execute the scp command from the recovered PMAC and the backup file is pulled/retrieved from the backup location.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo /usr/bin/scp -p \ admsur@<remoteserver>:/var/TKLC/smac/backup/*.pef \ /var/TKLC/smac/backup/</pre> <p>Note: It is important to copy the correct backup file to use in the restore. The latest backup may not be the backup which contains the system data of interest. This could be the case if the automatic backup, which is scheduled in the morning, is performed on the newly installed PMAC before the restoration of the data.</p>
4.	PMAC: Verify no Alarms are present	<p>Verify no alarms are present.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre>
5.	Restore the PMAC Data from Backup	<p>Restore the PMAC data from backup.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm restore PM&C Restore been successfully initiated as task ID 1</pre> <p>Check the status of the background task.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</pre> <p>Note: The result eventually displays PMAC Restore successful.</p>

Procedure 23. Restore PMAC from Backup Media

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open web browser and navigate to the PMAC GUI. 2. Login as PMACadmin user: <pre>https://<pmac_network_ip></pre> 
<p>7. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify restore task completed</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Task Monitoring. 2. Verify the restore background task completed successfully. <p>Note: After the restore is complete, you should see Add Enclosure tasks start for all previously provisioning servers. These should be allowed to complete before continuing.</p> <p>Note: After the restore is complete, you may see some tasks mentioning ISO images being deleted. This is normal behavior. ISO images are added in the next step.</p>
<p>8. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify system inventory</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Hardware > System Inventory.  2. Verify previously provisioned enclosures are present.

Procedure 23. Restore PMAC from Backup Media

<p>9. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Verify PMAC</p>	<p>Perform a system health check on the PMAC</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre> <p>This command should return no output on a healthy system.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/sentry status</pre> <p>All processes should be running, displaying output similar to the following:</p> <pre>PM&C Sentry Status ----- sentryd started: Mon Jul 23 17:50:49 2012 Current activity mode: ACTIVE Process PID Status StartTS NumR ----- smacTalk 9039 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 smacMon 9094 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 hpiPortAudit 9137 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 snmpEventHandler 9176 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 Fri Aug 3 13:16:35 2012 Command Complete.</pre>
<p>10. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Add ISO images to the PMAC</p>	<p>Re-add any needed ISO images to the PMAC by executing procedure Load Application and TPD ISO onto PMAC Server from reference [8].</p>

Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

<p>This procedure provides steps to restore the PMAC application configuration from backup server. Prerequisite: TVOE management server has been restored. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>		
<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Deploy the PMAC guest</p>	<p>Execute Install PMAC from reference [10].</p> <p>Note: This procedure is for restoring from a NetBackup server, so specify the appropriate options when deploying PMAC for use with NetBackup.</p>
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC TVOE Host: Login</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the PMAC TVOE Host, login as admusr.</p>

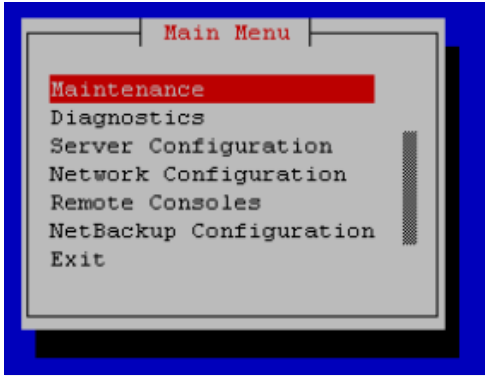
Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC TVOE Host: Log into PMAC guest console</p>	<p>1. On the TVOE host, execute this command:</p> <pre>\$sudo virsh list</pre> <p>This produces a listing of currently running virtual machines.</p> <pre>[admusr@Oahu-TVOE-1 ~]\$ sudo virsh list Id Name State ----- 1 Oahu-PMAC running</pre> <p>2. Find the VM name for your PMAC and note its ID number in the first column.</p>
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Connect to console of the VM using the VM number obtained in Step 3</p>	<p>On the TVOE host, execute this command:</p> <pre>\$sudo virsh console <PMAC-VMID></pre> <p>Where PMAC-VMID is the VM ID you obtained in step 3:</p> <pre>[admusr@Oahu-TVOE-1 ~]\$ sudo virsh console 1 Connected to domain Oahu-PMAC Escape character is ^] Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.3.1.el6prere17.0.3.0.0_86.37.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Oahu-PMAC login: █</pre> <p>You are now connected to the PMAC guest console. If you wish to return to the TVOE host, you can exit the session by pressing CTRL +].</p>

Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

5.	<p>PMAC: Prepare PMAC guest to transfer the appropriate backup from backup server. Disable iptables, and enable the TPD platcfg backup configuration menus</p>	<p>Execute these commands on the PMAC.</p> <pre> \$ sudo /sbin/service iptables stop iptables: Flushing firewall rules: [OK] iptables: Setting chains to policy ACCEPT: filter [OK] \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/etc/services/netbackup start Modified menu NBConfig -- show Set the following menus: NBConfig to visible=1 Modified menu NBInit -- show Set the following menus: NBInit to visible=1 Modified menu NBDeInit -- show Set the following menus: NBDeInit to visible=1 Modified menu NBInstall -- show Set the following menus: NBInstall to visible=1 Modified menu NBVerifyEnv -- show Set the following menus: NBVerifyEnv to visible=1 Modified menu NBVerify -- show Set the following menus: NBVerify to visible=1= </pre>
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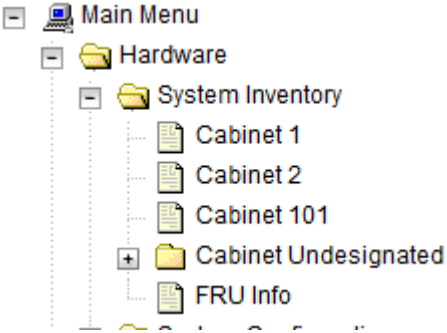
Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

6.	<p>PMAC: Verify the TPD platcfg backup menus are visible, then exit the TPD platcfg Utility</p>	<p>Verify the TPD platcfg backup menus are visible.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /bin/su - platcfg</pre>  <p>Note: In the example image above of the TPD platcfg utility Main Menu the backup menu is identified as NetBackup Configuration.</p>
7.	<p>PMAC: Verify the iptables rules are disabled on the PMAC guest</p>	<p>Verify the iptables rules are disabled on the PMAC guest.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /sbin/iptables -nL INPUT (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination</pre>
8.	<p>PMAC: Install backup utility client software on the PMAC guest</p>	<p>Execute PMAC NetBackup Client Installation and Configuration from reference [10] - Start at step 1.</p> <p>Note: The Initialize PMAC Application and Configure PMAC Application prerequisites can be ignored.</p>
9.	<p>Backup server: verify appropriate PMAC backup exists</p>	<p>This step is likely executed by customer IT personnel.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the backup server as the appropriate user using the user password. 2. Execute the appropriate commands to verify the PMAC backup exists for the desired date. <p>Note: The actions and commands required to verify the PMAC backups exist and the commands required to perform backup and restore on the backup server are the responsibility of the site customer.</p> <p>Note: It is important to select the correct backup file to use in the restore. The latest backup may not be the backup which contains the system data of interest. This could be the case if the automatic backup, which is scheduled in the morning, is performed on the newly installed PMAC before the restoration of the data.</p>

Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

10. <input type="checkbox"/>	Backup Server: Verify appropriate PMAC backup exists	<p>This step is likely executed by customer IT personnel.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Log into the backup server as the appropriate user using the user password. 2. Execute the appropriate commands to verify the PMAC backup exists for the desired date. 3. Execute the appropriate commands to restore the PMAC management server backup for the desired date. <p>Note: The actions, and commands, required to verify the PMAC backups exist, and the commands required to perform backup and restore on the backup server are the responsibility of the site customer.</p>
11. <input type="checkbox"/>	PMAC: Verify no alarms are present	<p>Verify no alarms are present.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre>
12. <input type="checkbox"/>	Restore the PMAC data from backup	<p>Restore the PMAC data from backup.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmacadm restore PM&C Restore been successfully initiated as task ID 1</pre> <p>Check the status of the background task:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/pmaccli getBgTasks</pre> <p>Note: The result eventually displays PMAC Restore successful.</p>

Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

<p>13. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Open web browser and navigate to the PMAC GUI. <input type="text" value="https://<pmac_network_ip>"/></p> <p>2. Login as PMACadmin user:</p>  <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <p><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p>
<p>14. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify restore task completed</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Task Monitoring.</p> <p>2. Verify the restore background task completed successfully.</p> <p>Note: After the restore is complete, you should see Add Enclosure tasks start for all previously provisioning servers. These should be allowed to complete before continuing.</p> <p>Note: After the restore is complete, you may see some tasks mentioning ISO images being deleted. This is normal behavior. ISO images are added in the next step.</p>
<p>15. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify system inventory</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Hardware > System Inventory.</p>  <p>2. Verify previously provisioned enclosures are present</p>

Procedure 24. Restore PMAC from Backup Server

<p>16. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Verify PMAC</p>	<p>Perform a system health check on the PMAC</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/alarmMgr --alarmStatus</pre> <p>This command should return no output on a healthy system.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/smac/bin/sentry status</pre> <p>All processes should be running, displaying output similar to the following:</p> <pre>PM&C Sentry Status ----- sentryd started: Mon Jul 23 17:50:49 2012 Current activity mode: ACTIVE Process PID Status StartTS NumR ----- smacTalk 9039 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 smacMon 9094 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 hpiPortAudit 9137 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 snmpEventHandler 9176 running Tue Jul 24 12:50:29 2012 2 Fri Aug 3 13:16:35 2012 Command Complete.</pre>
<p>17. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC: Add ISO images to the PMAC</p>	<p>Re-add any needed ISO images to the PMAC by executing procedure Load Application and TPD ISO onto PMAC Server from reference [8].</p>

Appendix I. Configure TVOE Hosts

Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

This procedure configures networking on TVOE hosts.

Prerequisite: Server has been IPM'ed with TVOE OS as described in [10].

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Determine bridge names and interfaces for XMI and IMI, and NetBackup (if used) networks</p>	<p>1. Determine the bridge names and physical bridge interfaces to be used on the TVOE server for the NOAM XMI and IMI networks.</p> <p>2. Based on the site survey, determine if you are using VLAN tagging or not, what bonds are used, and also the actual Ethernet interfaces that make up those bonds.</p> <p>3. If the NetBackup bridge and interface were not previously configured on this server when PMAC was installed, determine those values as well.</p> <p>4. Fill in the appropriate values in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="467 816 1409 1633"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="467 816 656 951">NOAM Guest Interface Name</th> <th data-bbox="656 816 846 951">TVOE Bridge Name</th> <th data-bbox="846 816 1409 951">TVOE Bridge Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="467 951 656 1176">xmi</td> <td data-bbox="656 951 846 1176">xmi</td> <td data-bbox="846 951 1409 1176"> Interface Bond (for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name (for example, bond0.3, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> </td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="467 1176 656 1400">imi</td> <td data-bbox="656 1176 846 1400">imi</td> <td data-bbox="846 1176 1409 1400"> Interface Bond:(for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name: (for example, bond0.4, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface </td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="467 1400 656 1514">NetBackup</td> <td data-bbox="656 1400 846 1514">NetBackup</td> <td data-bbox="846 1400 1409 1514"> Interface Name (for example, eth11, eth04, eth03, etc.): _____ <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface> </td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="467 1514 656 1633">management</td> <td data-bbox="656 1514 846 1633">management</td> <td data-bbox="846 1514 1409 1633"> Interface Name (for example, bond0.2, bond0.37, etc.): _____ <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NOAM Guest Interface Name	TVOE Bridge Name	TVOE Bridge Interface	xmi	xmi	Interface Bond (for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name (for example, bond0.3, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface>	imi	imi	Interface Bond: (for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name: (for example, bond0.4, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface	NetBackup	NetBackup	Interface Name (for example, eth11, eth04, eth03, etc.): _____ <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface>	management	management	Interface Name (for example, bond0.2, bond0.37, etc.): _____ <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface>
NOAM Guest Interface Name	TVOE Bridge Name	TVOE Bridge Interface															
xmi	xmi	Interface Bond (for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name (for example, bond0.3, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface>															
imi	imi	Interface Bond: (for example, bond0, bond1, etc.): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Interface Name: (for example, bond0.4, bond1, bond0.100): _____ <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface															
NetBackup	NetBackup	Interface Name (for example, eth11, eth04, eth03, etc.): _____ <TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface>															
management	management	Interface Name (for example, bond0.2, bond0.37, etc.): _____ <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface>															
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS Server: Login</p>	<p>Log in to the TVOE prompt of the RMS server as admusr using the iLO facility.</p>															

Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS Server: Configure XMI bridge interface bond</p>	<p>1. Verify the XMI bridge interface bond.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --device=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Protocol: none On Boot: yes Persistent: yes Bonded Mode: active-backup Enslaving: eth01 eth02</pre> <p>Note: The output below is for illustrative purposes only. The example output shows the control bridge configured.</p> <p>If the bond has already been configured, output, similar to what you see above, displays. If this is so, skip to the next step; otherwise, continue with this step.</p> <p>2. Create bonding interface and associate subordinate interfaces with bond:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup --miimon=100 Interface <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond> added \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet1> --type=Ethernet --master=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --slave=yes --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet1> updated \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet2> --type=Ethernet --master=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --slave=yes --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet2> updated \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/syscheckAdm net ipbond --set --var=DEVICES -- val=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond>, [bondX,bondX+1, ...,bondN]</pre> <p>Note: All other existing bonds should be included in the val= statement, for example, if <code>TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond = bond1</code>, <code>val=bond0,bond1</code>.</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheckAdm net ipbond -enable</pre>
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Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

4. □	RMS Server: Create XMI bridge interface, if needed. (Only for VLAN tagging interfaces)	<p>If you are using VLAN tagging for the XMI bridge interface, then you must create the VLAN interface first.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> created.</pre>
5. □	RMS Server: Create XMI bridge	<p>Now , create the XMI bridge:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge -- name=xmi --onboot=yes --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> Interface <TOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> updated. Bridge xmi created.</pre>

Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>6. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS Server: Configure IMI bridge interface bond</p>	<p>1. Verify the IMI bridge interface bond.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm query --device=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> Protocol: none On Boot: yes Persistent: yes Bonded Mode: active-backup Enslaving: eth01 eth02</pre> <p>Note: The output below is for illustrative purposes only. The example output shows the control bridge configured.</p> <p>If the bond has already been configured, output, similar to what you see above, displays. If this is so, skip to the next step; otherwise, continue with this step.</p> <p>2. Create bonding interface and associate subordinate interfaces with bond:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup --miimon=100 Interface <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond> added \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet1> --type=Ethernet --master=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond> --slave=yes --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet1> updated \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet2> -- type=Ethernet --master=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond> --slave=yes -- onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond_Ethernet2> updated</pre> <p>3. Execute these 2 commands ONLY IF <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Bond> is different from <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Bond>.</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheckAdm net ipbond --set --var=DEVICES --val=<TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond>, <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface_Bond>, [other bonds...] \$ sudo syscheckAdm net ipbond -enable</pre>
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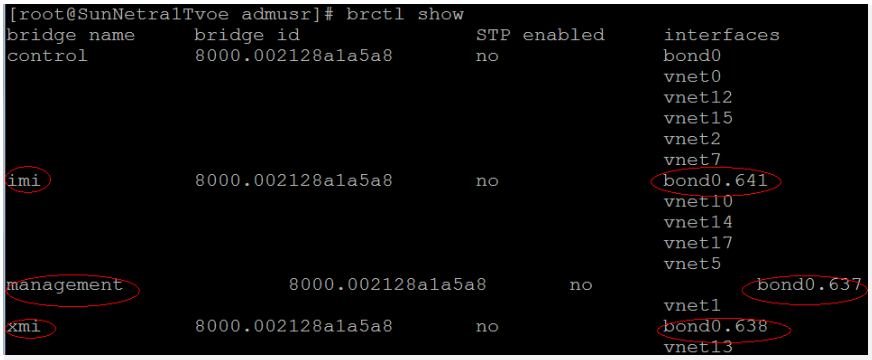
Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

7. □	RMS Server: Create IMI bridge interface	If you are using VLAN tagging for the IMI bridge interface, then you must create the VLAN interface first. <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface> --onboot=yes Interface <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface> created.</pre>
8. □	RMS Server: Create IMI bridge	Create the IMI bridge: <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge -- name=imi --onboot=yes --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface> Interface <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface> updated. Bridge imi created.</pre>

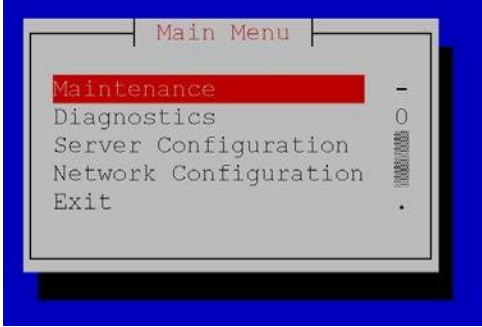
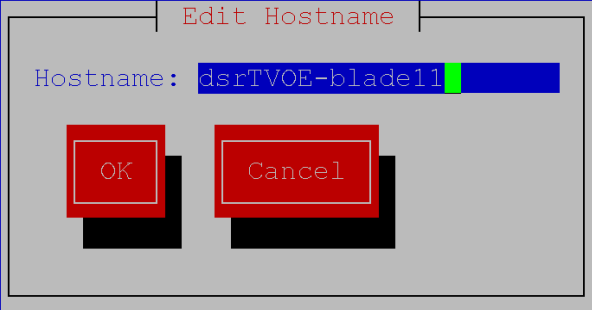
Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>9. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS Server iLO: Create management bridge and assign TVOE management IP</p>	<p>1. Execute this step only if the TVOE host is a rack mount server and is NOT the PMAC server.</p> <p>Note: The output below is for illustrative purposes only. The site information for this system determines the network interfaces (network devices, bonds, and bond enslaved devices) to configure.</p> <p>2. If <TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface>, or the bond it is based on (if using tagged interface), has not yet been created, then execute the next 3 commands; otherwise, skip to the EXAMPLE section:</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --onboot=yes --type=Bonding --mode=active-backup --miimon=100 Interface <TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> added \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Bond_Interface1> --type=Ethernet -- master=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --slave=yes -- onboot=yes Interface <mgmt_ethernet_interface1> updated. \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm set --device=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Bond_Interface2> --type=Ethernet --master- <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface_Bond> --slave=yes -- onboot=yes Interface <mgmt_ethernet_interface2> updated</pre> <p>EXAMPLE 1: Create Management bridge using untagged interfaces</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=management --bootproto=none --onboot=yes --address=<TVOE_Mgmt_IP_Address> --netmask=<TVOE_Mgmt_Netmask/Prefix> --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface></pre> <p>EXAMPLE 2: Create Management bridge using tagged interfaces</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --device=<TVOE_Management_Bridge_Interface> \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=management --address=<TVOE_Mgmt_IP_Address> --netmask=<TVOE_Mgmt_Netmask/Prefix> --onboot=yes --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface></pre>
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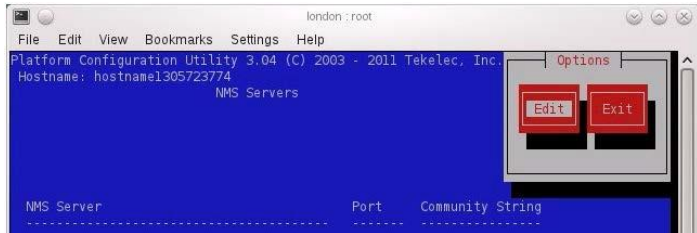

Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>10. □</p>	<p>RMS Server iLO: Add default route</p>	<p>Add a default route using the xmi or management address (if configured).</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=default --gateway=<TVOE_Mgmt_gateway_IP_address> --device=<management or xmi></pre> <p>Route to management created.</p>
<p>11. □</p>	<p>RMS Server: Verify bridge creation status</p>	<p>Verify the XMI and IMI bridges have been created successfully (Example output for illustrative purposes only).</p> <pre>\$ brctl show</pre>  <pre>[root@SunNetralTvoe admusr]# brctl show bridge name bridge id STP enabled interfaces control 8000.002128a1a5a8 no bond0 vnet0 vnet12 vnet15 vnet2 vnet7 vnet10 vnet14 vnet17 vnet5 imi 8000.002128a1a5a8 no bond0.641 vnet10 vnet14 vnet17 vnet5 management 8000.002128a1a5a8 no bond0.637 vnet1 bond0.638 xmi 8000.002128a1a5a8 no bond0.638 vnet13</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify imi and xmi are listed under the bridge name column. • Verify <TVOE_XMI_Bridge_Interface> is listed under the interfaces column for xmi. • Verify <TVOE_IMI_Bridge_Interface> is listed under the interfaces column for imi. • Verify the <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface> is listed under the interface column for <TVOE_Mgmt_Bridge_Interface>
<p>12. □</p>	<p>RMS Server iLO: Create NetBackup bridge (Optional)</p>	<p>Perform this command if you have a dedicated NetBackup interface within your NOAM guests (and if the NetBackup bridge was NOT configured when setting up the PMAC earlier).</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --type=Bridge --name=NetBackup --onboot=yes -- MTU=<NetBackup_MTU_size> --bridgeInterfaces=<TVOE_NetBackup_Bridge_Interface></pre>

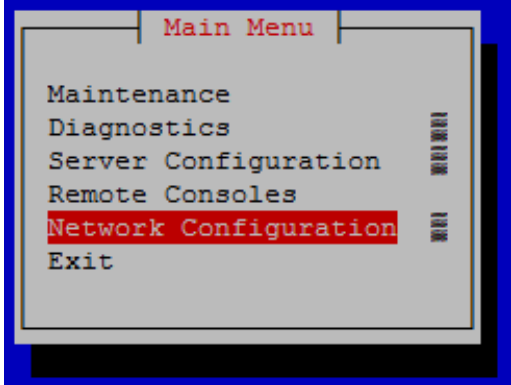
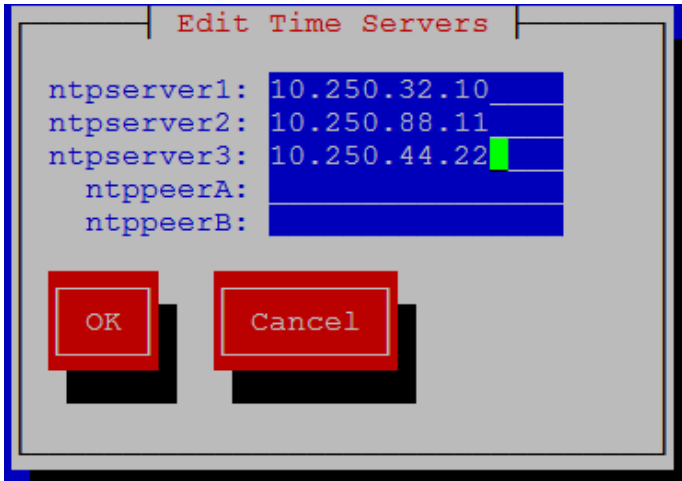
Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>13. RMS Server <input type="checkbox"/> iLO: Set hostname</p>	<pre>\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Navigate to Server Configuration > Hostname > Edit and enter a new hostname for your server:  Click OK and continue to click Exit until you are at the platcfg main menu again. <p>Note: Although the new hostname has been properly configured and committed at this point, it does not display on your command prompt unless you log out and log back in again.</p>
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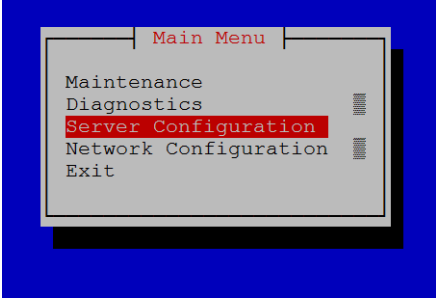
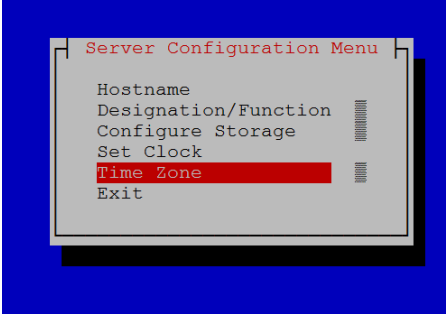
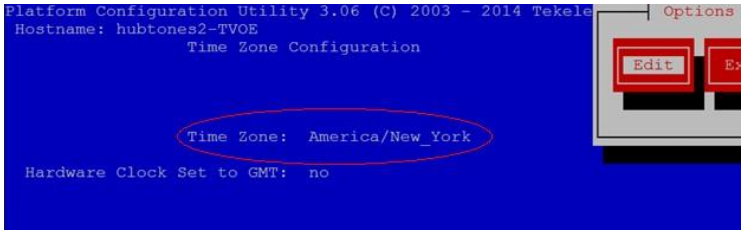

Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>14. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>RMS Server iLO: Configure SNMP</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> From the platcfg main menu, navigate to Network Configuration > SNMP Configuration > NMS Configuration.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Click Edit. Click Add a New NMS Server.  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the following NMS servers, clicking OK after each one and then selecting the Add NMS option again: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the Hostname/IP of the customer NMS server, for port enter 162, and for Community String enter the community string provided in the customer NAPD Document. Enter the IP of the NOAM VIP, for port enter 162, and for Community String enter the community string provided in the customer NAPD Document Click Exit. Click Yes when prompted to restart the Alarm Routing Service. Once Done, click Exit to quit to the platcfg main menu.
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Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>15. <input type="checkbox"/> RMS Server iLO: Configure NTP</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Select Network Configuration.  Select NTP. Click Edit.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ntpserver1: Enter customer provided NTP server #1 IP address. • ntpserver2: Enter customer provided NTP server #2 IP address. • ntpserver3: Enter customer provided NTP server #3 IP address. Click OK. Click Exit to return to the platcfg menu.
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Procedure 25. Configure TVOE

<p>16. RMS Server <input type="checkbox"/> iLO: Configure timezone</p>	<pre>\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre> <hr/> <p>1. Navigate to Server Configuration > Time Zone.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div>  <p>2. If the time zone displayed matches the time zone you desire, then you can continue to hit Exit until you are out of the platcfg program. If you want a different time zone, then proceed with this instruction.</p> <p>3. Click Edit.</p>  <p>4. Select the desired time zone from the list and click Enter.</p> <p>5. Continue clicking Exit until you are out of the platcfg program.</p>
<p>17. RMS Server <input type="checkbox"/> iLO: Reboot server</p>	<p>Reboot the server.</p> <pre>\$ sudo su - platcfg</pre>

Appendix J. Create NOAM/SOAM Virtual Machines

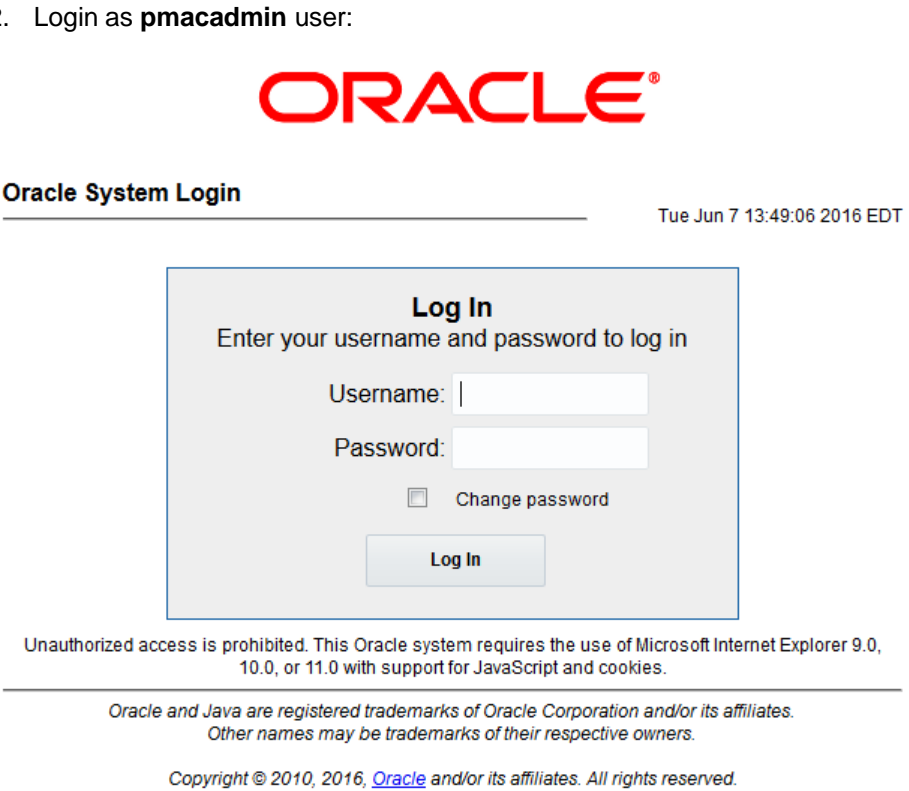
Procedure 26. Create NOAM Guest VMs

This procedure creates a DSR NOAM virtual machine (referred to as a **guest**) on a TVOE server blade or TVOE RMS. It is repeated for every NOAM server you want to install.

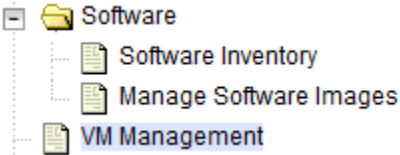
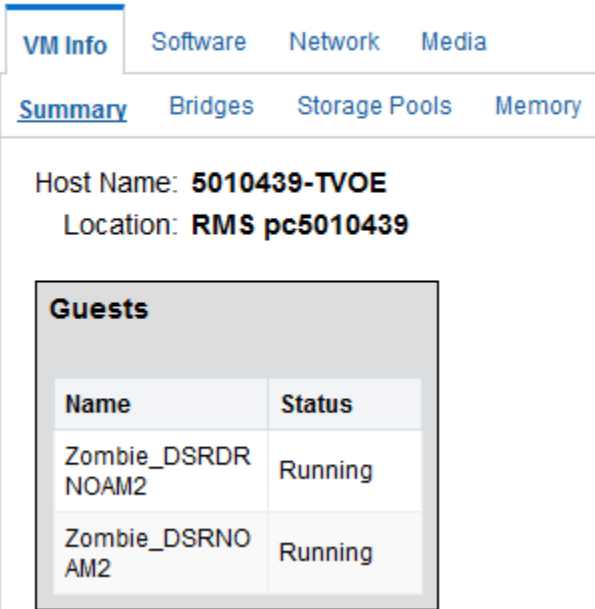
Prerequisite: TVOE has been installed and configured on the target blade server or RMS

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Open web browser and enter:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> <p>http://<PMAC_Mgmt_Network_IP></p> </div> <p>2. Login as pmacadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 26. Create NOAM Guest VMs

<p>2. PMAC GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Navigate to VM management of the target server blade</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management.</p>  <p>2. Select the TVOE server blade or rack mounted server from the VM Entities listing on the left side of the screen. The selected server's guest machine configuration displays in the remaining area of the window.</p> <p>View host on RMS pc5010439</p>  <p>3. Click Create Guest.</p>
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Procedure 26. Create NOAM Guest VMs

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/> PMAC GUI: Configure VM guest parameters</p>	<p>1. Click Import Profile.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>Import Profile</p> <p>ISO/Profile: DSR-8.0.0.0.0_80.11.0-x86_64 => DSR_NOAMP_LARGE</p> <p>Num CPUs: 12</p> <p>Memory (MBs): 24576</p> <p>Virtual Disks:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Prim</th> <th>Size (MB)</th> <th>Pool</th> <th>TPD Dev</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>✓</td> <td>102400</td> <td>vsguests</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>NICs:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bridge</th> <th>TPD Dev</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>control</td> <td>control</td> </tr> <tr> <td>imi</td> <td>imi</td> </tr> <tr> <td>xmi</td> <td>xmi</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: left; margin-top: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Select Profile"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> </div> <p>2. From the ISO/Profile drop-down box, select the entry that matches depending on the hardware that your NOAM VM TVOE server is running on and your preference for NetBackup interfaces:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 45%;">NOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Dedicated Netbackup Interface?</th> <th style="width: 35%;">Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade</td> <td>No</td> <td>DSR_NOAMP_LARGE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>DSR_NOAMP_LARGE_NBD</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: Application_ISO_NAME is the name of the DSR Application ISO to be installed on this NOAM</p> <p>3. Click Select Profile.</p> <p>4. Click Create</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px; text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Create"/> <input type="button" value="Import Profile"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </div>	Prim	Size (MB)	Pool	TPD Dev	✓	102400	vsguests		Bridge	TPD Dev	control	control	imi	imi	xmi	xmi	NOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)	Dedicated Netbackup Interface?	Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)	HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	No	DSR_NOAMP_LARGE	HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	Yes	DSR_NOAMP_LARGE_NBD
Prim	Size (MB)	Pool	TPD Dev																							
✓	102400	vsguests																								
Bridge	TPD Dev																									
control	control																									
imi	imi																									
xmi	xmi																									
NOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)	Dedicated Netbackup Interface?	Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)																								
HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	No	DSR_NOAMP_LARGE																								
HP DL380 Gen 8 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 9 RMS, HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	Yes	DSR_NOAMP_LARGE_NBD																								

Procedure 26. Create NOAM Guest VMs

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Wait for guest creation to complete</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Main Menu > Task Monitoring to monitor the progress of the guest creation task. A separate task displays for each guest creation you start. 2. Wait or refresh the screen until you see the guest creation task has completed successfully. <div style="border: 1px dashed blue; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Create Guest RMS: pc5010439 Guest creation completed (Zombie_DSRNOAM2) Guest: Zombie_DSRNOAM2</p> </div>
<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify guest machine is running</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management. 2. Select the TVOE server blade on which the guest machine was just created. 3. Look at the list of guests present on the blade and verify you see a guest that matches the name you configured and that its status is Running. <p>View guest Zombie_DSRNOAM2</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>VM Info Software Network Media</p> <hr/> <p>Summary Virtual Disks Virtual NICs</p> <hr/> <p>Current Power State: Running</p> <p>Set Power State On <input type="button" value="Change"/></p> <p>Guest Name (Required): Zombie_DSRNOAM2</p> <p>Host: RMS: pc5010439</p> <p>Number of vCPUs: 4</p> <p>Memory (MBs): 6,144</p> <p>VM UUID: e9e22407-c289-4d2a-a1f6-6c7121905d40</p> <p>Enable Virtual Watchdog <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> </div> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. VM creation for this guest is complete. Repeat from step 2 for any remaining NOAM VMs (for instance, the standby NOAM) that must be created.


Procedure 27. Create SOAM Guest VMs

This procedure creates a DSR SOAM virtual machine (referred to as a **guest**) on a TVOE server blade. It is repeated for every SOAM server you want to install.

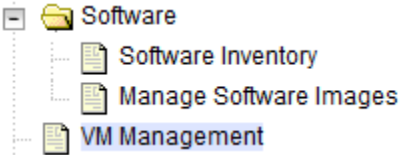
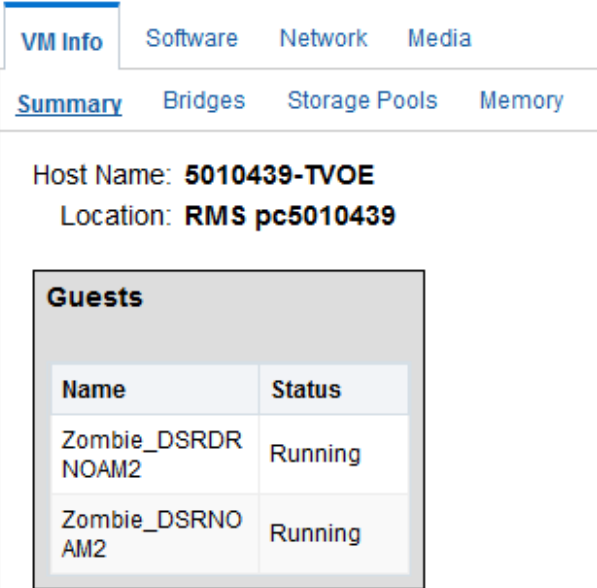
Prerequisite: TVOE has been installed and configured on the target blade server.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

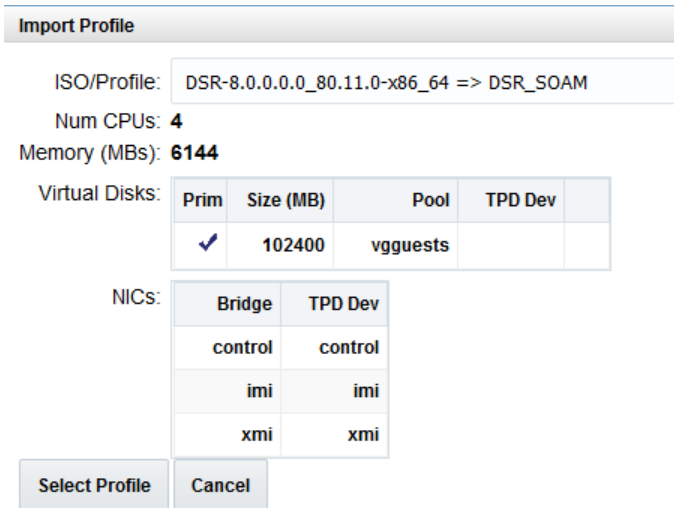
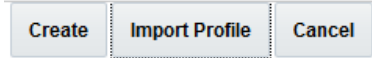

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Open web browser and enter:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<PMAC_Mgmt_Network_IP></p> </div> <p>2. Login as pmacadmin user:</p> 
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Procedure 27. Create SOAM Guest VMs

<p>2. PMAC GUI: <input type="checkbox"/> Navigate to VM management of the target server blade</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management.</p>  <p>2. Select the TVOE server blade or rack mounted server from the VM Entities listing on the left side of the screen. The selected server's guest machine configuration displays in the remaining area of the window.</p>  <p>3. Click Create Guest.</p>
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Procedure 27. Create SOAM Guest VMs

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Configure VM guest parameters</p>	<p>1. Click Import Profile.</p>  <p>2. From the ISO/Profile drop-down box, select the entry that matches depending on the hardware that your SOAM VM TVOE server is running on and your preference for NetBackup interfaces.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="467 919 1344 1224"> <thead> <tr> <th>SOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)</th> <th>Dedicated Netbackup Interface?</th> <th>Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade</td> <td>No</td> <td>DSR_SOAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>DSR_SOAM_NBD</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: Application_ISO_NAME is the name of the DSR Application ISO to be installed on this SOAM</p> <p>3. Click Select Profile.</p> <p>4. Edit the name, if you want. For instance: DSR_SOAM_A or DSR_SOAM_B. This is not the ultimate hostname. It is just an internal tag for the VM host manager.</p> <p>5. Click Create.</p> 	SOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)	Dedicated Netbackup Interface?	Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)	HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	No	DSR_SOAM	HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	Yes	DSR_SOAM_NBD
SOAM VM TVOE Hardware Type(s)	Dedicated Netbackup Interface?	Navigate to Profile (<Application ISO NAME>)									
HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	No	DSR_SOAM									
HP BL460 Gen 8 Blade, HP BL460 Gen 9 Blade	Yes	DSR_SOAM_NBD									
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Wait for guest creation to complete</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Main Menu > Task Monitoring to monitor the progress of the guest creation task. A separate task displays for each guest creation you start.</p> <p>2. Wait or refresh the screen until you see that the guest creation task has completed successfully.</p> 									

Procedure 27. Create SOAM Guest VMs

<p>5. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Verify guest machine is running</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Main Menu > VM Management. 2. Select the TVOE server blade on which the guest machine was just created. 3. Look at the list of guests present on the blade and verify you see a guest that matches the name you configured and that its status is Running. <div data-bbox="467 422 1380 693" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Virtual Machine Management</p> <p>Tasks ▾</p> <p>VM Entities <input type="button" value="Refresh"/> ↻</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [-] RMS: Jetta-A <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [-] Jetta-DAMP [-] Jetta-IPFE-7 [-] Jetta-NO-A [-] Jetta-PMAC [-] Jetta-SO-A <p>View VM Guest Name: Jetta-NO-A Host: RMS: Jetta-A</p> <p>Current Power State: Running On ▾ <input type="button" value="Change"/></p> <p>VM Info Software Network Media</p> <p>Num vCPUs: 4 Memory (MBs): 6,144 VM UUID: 913ccfff-ba1f-4844-954f-648ab2fbacda Enable Virtual Watchdog: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> </div> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. VM creation for this guest is complete. Repeat from Step 2 for any remaining NOAM VMs (for instance, the standby SOAM) that must be created.
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Appendix K. SNMP Configuration

Procedure 28. Configure SNMP

This workaround configures SNMP with **SNMPv2c** and **SNMPv3** as the enabled versions for SNMP Traps configuration, as PMAC does not support SNMPv3.
 Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

1. (Workaround)
 NOAM VIP
GUI: Login

Note: This workaround step should be performed only in the following cases:

1. If SNMP is not configured.
2. If SNMP is already configured and **SNMPv3** is selected as enabled version.

Note: This is a workaround step to configure SNMP with 'SNMPv2c and SNMPv3' as the enabled versions for SNMP Traps configuration, since PMAC does not support SNMPv3.

1. If not already done, establish a GUI session on the NOAM server the VIP IP address of the NOAM server.

2. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:

`http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address>`

3. Log into the NOAM GUI as the **guiadmin** user:



Oracle System Login

Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT

Log In

Enter your username and password to log in

Username:

Password:

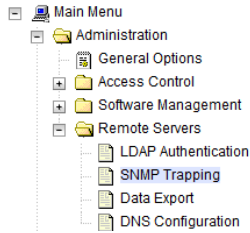
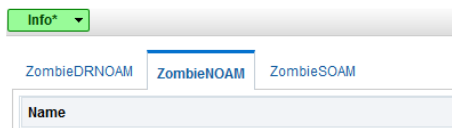

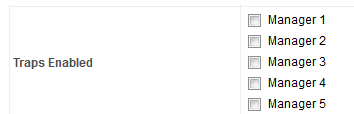
Change password

Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.


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Procedure 28. Configure SNMP

<p>2. NOAM VIP GUI: Configure system-wide SNMP trap receiver(s)</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Administration > Remote Servers > SNMP Trapping.</p>  <p>2. Select the Server Group tab for SNMP trap configuration:</p> <p>Main Menu: Administration -> Remote Servers</p>  <p>3. Type the IP address or hostname of the Network Management Station (NMS) where you want to forward traps. This IP should be reachable from the NOAMP's XMI network. If already configured SNMP with SNMPv3 as enabled version, another server needs to be configured here.</p> <p>4. Continue to fill in additional secondary, tertiary, etc., Manager IPs in the corresponding slots if desired.</p> <p>SNMP Trap Configuration Insert for ZombieNOAM</p>  <p>5. Set the Enabled Versions as SNMPv2c and SNMPv3.</p> <p>Enabled Versions SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 ▼</p> <p>6. Check Traps Enabled checkboxes for the Manager servers being configured.</p>  <p>7. Type the SNMP Community Name.</p> <p>SNMPv2c Read-Only Community Name <input type="text"/></p> <p>SNMPv2c Read-Write Community Name <input type="text"/></p> <p>8. Leave all other fields at their default values.</p> <p>9. Click OK.</p>
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Procedure 28. Configure SNMP

<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Login</p>	<p>1. Open web browser and enter:</p> <div data-bbox="467 296 1386 338" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"><p>http://<PMAC_Mgmt_Network_IP></p></div> <p>2. Login as guiadmin user:</p> <div data-bbox="477 415 1382 1125" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"><div style="text-align: center;"> Oracle System Login</div><div style="text-align: right;">Tue Jun 7 13:49:06 2016 EDT</div><div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;"><div style="text-align: center;">Log In Enter your username and password to log in</div><p>Username: <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p><p>Password: <input style="width: 100%;" type="password"/></p><p style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> Change password</p><div style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Log In"/></div></div><p style="font-size: small; text-align: center;">Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p><hr/><p style="font-size: x-small; text-align: center;"><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p><p style="font-size: x-small; text-align: center;">Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</p></div>
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Procedure 28. Configure SNMP

<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>PMAC GUI: Update the TVOE host SNMP community string</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to Administration > Credentials > SNMP Community String Update. 2. Check the Use Site Specific Read/Write Community String checkbox. <hr/> <p>Select Read Only or Read/Write Community String: <input type="radio"/> Read Only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Read/Write</p> <p>Check this box if updating servers using the Site Specific SNMP Community String: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use Site Specific Read/Write Community String</p> <p>Community String: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Note: The Community String value can be 1 to 31 uppercase, lowercase, or numeric characters.</p> <hr/> <p><input type="button" value="Update Servers"/></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Click Update Servers. 4. Click OK. <p><small>You are about to update the Read/Write SNMP Credentials on all known supporting TVOE servers and the PMAC guest on the control network of this PMAC. Changing of SNMP Community Strings is only supported across product release versions that support this functionality and attempting to do so with product versions not supporting it may cause the system to become inoperable.</small></p> <p><small>Are you sure you want to continue?</small></p> <p><input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p>
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Appendix L. Backup Directory

Procedure 29. Backup Directory

<p>This procedure checks and creates the backup directory.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.</p>		
<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM/SOAM VIP Console: Determine if backup directory exists</p>	<p>1. Execute this command an active NOAM/SOAM server console (accessed using the VIP) and compare the output.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ cd /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/ \$ ls -ltr</pre> <p>2. Look for the backup directory in the output.</p> <p>3. Make sure the directory is already created with correct permission. The directory looks like this:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">drwxrwx--- 2 awadmin awadm 4096 Dec 19 02:15 backup</pre> <p>4. If the directory is already there with correct permissions, then skip steps 2 and 3.</p> <p>5. If directory does not have the correct permissions, then go to step 3.</p>
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM/SOAM VIP Console: Create backup directory</p>	<p>1. Go to the backup directory location.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">cd /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/</pre> <p>2. Create backup directory.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ mkdir backup</pre> <p>3. Verify directory has been created.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ ls -ltr /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/backup</pre> <p>Note: A No such file or directory error message should not display. The directory should show as empty with the total as 0 for content.</p>
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM/SOAM VIP Console: Change permissions of backup directory</p>	<p>1. Verify directory has been created.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ ls -ltr /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/backup</pre> <p>Note: A No such file or directory error message should not display. The directory should show as empty with the total as 0 for content.</p> <p>2. Change permissions for the backup directory.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ chmod 770 /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/backup</pre> <p>3. Change ownership of backup directory.</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo chown -R awadmin:awadm /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/backup</pre> <p>4. Directory displays as follows:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">drwxrwx--- 2 awadmin awadm 4096 Dec 22 02:15 backup</pre>

Procedure 29. Backup Directory

4. <input type="checkbox"/>	NOAM/SOAM VIP Console: Copy the backup file to the backup directory	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Copy the backup file to the backup directory. <pre>\$ cp BACKUPFILE /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/backup</pre>2. Change permissions of files in the backup directory. <pre>\$ chmod 666 Backup.*</pre>3. Change ownership of files in the backup directory. <pre>\$ sudo chown -R awadmin:awadm Backup.*</pre>
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Appendix M. netConfig backupConfiguration/restoreConfiguration/upgradeFirmware with TPD Cipher Change

Beginning with TPD 7.6.0.0.0_88.50.0 and later, the cipher list is restricted to allow only a limited number of ciphers for ssh access to the servers. As a result, netConfig backup and restore operations are not functional with Cisco switches (3020, 4948s) since these switches use other ciphers. Executing these commands with the restricted ciphers would fail as shown here:

```
[admusr@p5-pmac ~]$ sudo netConfig --device=3020_ip backupConfiguration
service=ssh_ip filename=backup
Command failed: backupConfiguration
Error saving to SSH service
[admusr@p5-pmac ~]$
```

To avoid this issue while maintaining a focus on improved security, the Procedure 30 must be executed before and after netConfig backup and restore operations.

Procedure 30. Turn Off Cipher List Before backupConfiguation/restoreConfiguration/upgradeFirmware Command

This procedure prepares the PMAC to avoid the cipher mismatch issue with Cisco switches. This is performed before the netConfig backup or restore operations.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Turn off cipher list</p>	<p>4. From the PMAC shell enter:</p> <pre>sudo vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre> <p>5. Add # in the beginning of the following three lines to comment them out, the result is:</p> <pre>#Ciphers aes256-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes128-ctr #MaxAuthTries 4 #LoginGraceTime 1m</pre>
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Restart sshd</p>	<pre>sudo service sshd restart</pre>
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Run the netConfig backupConfiguation/restore Configuration/upgradeFirmw are command</p>	<p>For a backup operation:</p> <pre>[admusr@pmac ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig backupConfiguration --device=<switch_name> service=<ssh_service> filename=<switch_name>-backup</pre> <p>For a restore operation:</p> <pre>[admusr@pmac ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig restoreConfiguration --device=<switch_name> service=<ssh_service> filename=<switch_name>-backup</pre> <p>For an upgrade operation:</p> <pre>[admusr@pmac ~]\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netConfig upgradeFirmware --device=<switch_name> service=<ssh_service> filename=<Cisco IOS></pre>

Procedure 31. Resume Cipher List After backupConfiguration/restoreConfiguration/upgradeFirmware Command

This procedure restores the PMAC restricted cipher list after perform the netConfig backup and restore operations.

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Resume the cipher list</p>	<p>1. From the PMAC shell enter:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <pre>sudo vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre> </div> <p>2. Add # in the beginning of the following three lines to comment them out, the result is:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <pre>Ciphers aes256-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes128-ctr MaxAuthTries 4 LoginGraceTime 1m</pre> </div>
<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Restart sshd</p>	<pre>sudo service sshd restart</pre>

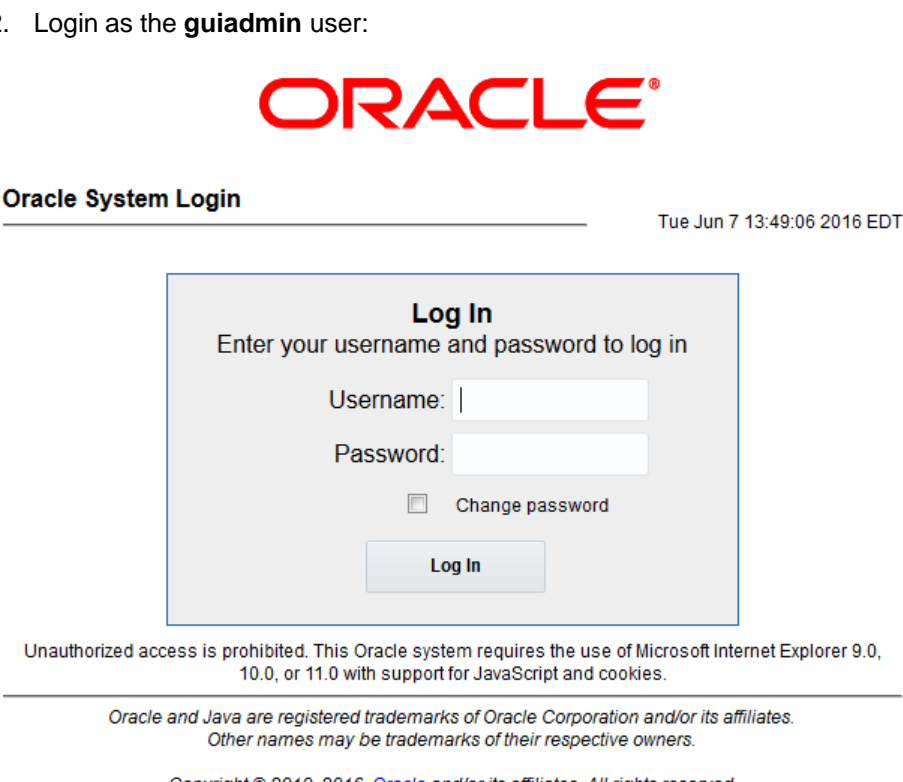
Appendix N. DSR Database Restore

Procedure 32. DSR Database Restore

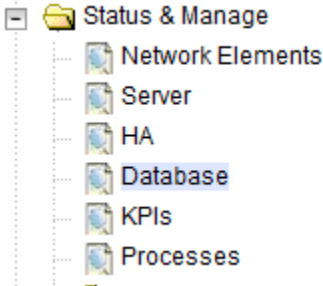
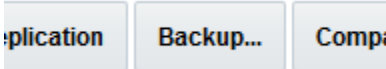
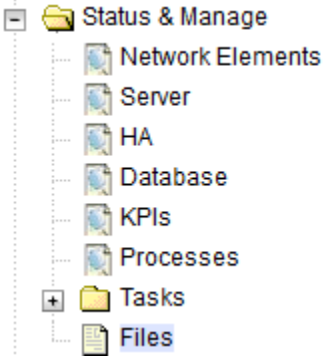
The intent of this procedure is to restore the provision and configuration information from an NOAM server after the disaster recovery is complete

Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, it is recommended to contact My Oracle Support (MOS) and ask for assistance.

<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP: Login</p>	<p>1. Establish a GUI session on the NOAM server by using the VIP IP address of the NOAM server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>http://<Primary_NOAM_VIP_IP_Address></p> </div> <p>2. Login as the guiadmin user:</p>  <p>Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 9.0, 10.0, or 11.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies.</p> <p><i>Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</i></p> <p><i>Copyright © 2010, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.</i></p>
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Procedure 32. DSR Database Restore

<p>2. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP: Restore configuration data for the system</p>	<p>3. Navigate to Status and Manage > Database.</p>  <p>4. Select the active NOAM server and click Disable Provisioning.</p>  <p>5. Click OK.</p>
<p>3. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP: Verify the restore file existence</p>	<p>1. Navigate to Status and Manage > Files.</p>  <p>2. Select the NOAM with OAM Max HA Role.</p> <p>3. Select Restore.</p> <p>4. Select the backup file to be used in the restore and click [Ok].</p> <p>The Database Restore Confirm screen displays.</p> <p>5. If there are any inconsistencies between the current state of the system and the information found in the backup file, a message displays indicating Incompatible database selected. If this is the case, mark the Force checkbox, and click OK. If not, simply click OK to start the restore process.</p> <p>The system begins restoring the database. After the restore is completed, the user is logged out of the NOAM GUI. Allow up to ten minutes for the restore to complete before the GUI returns to the login prompt.</p>
<p>4. <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>NOAM VIP: Enable Provisioning</p>	<p>1. On the NOAM GUI navigate to Status and Manage > Database</p> <p>2. Enable Provisioning by clicking on Enable Provisioning button at the bottom left hand side of the GUI form</p> <p>3. Click Ok on the pop-up window, Provisioning will now be enabled Log into the Application GUI using the NOAM VIP as user with admin privileges.</p>

Procedure 32. DSR Database Restore

5.	NOAM VIP: Allow provisioning	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Allow replication on all servers in this order: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Active NOAM server b. Standby NOAM server c. Active SOAM server d. Standby SOAM server e. Active MP servers f. Standby MP servers 2. Navigate to Status and Manage > HA. 3. Click Edit. 4. Select the Standby NOAM and change the Max Allowed HA Role to Active. 5. Verify proper configuration displays.
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Appendix O. My Oracle Support (MOS)

MOS (<https://support.oracle.com>) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with MOS registration.

Call the CAS main number at **1-800-223-1711** (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown on the Support telephone menu:

1. Select 2 for **New Service Request**.
2. Select 3 for **Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support**.
3. Select one of the following options:

For technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select **1**.

For non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with MOS, select **2**.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with MOS registration and opening a support ticket. MOS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or by calling the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations

- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with Oracle.

Locate Product Documentation on the Oracle Help Center

Oracle Communications customer documentation is available on the web at the Oracle Help Center (OHC) site, <http://docs.oracle.com>. You do not have to register to access these documents. Viewing these files requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at <http://www.adobe.com>.

1. Access the Oracle Help Center site at <http://docs.oracle.com>.
2. Click **Industries**.
3. Under the **Oracle Communications** subheading, click the **Oracle Communications documentation** link. The Communications Documentation page appears. Most products covered by these documentation sets display under the headings **Network Session Delivery and Control Infrastructure** or **Platforms**.
4. Click on your Product and then the Release Number. A list of the entire documentation set for the selected product and release displays. To download a file to your location, right-click the PDF link, select **Save target as** (or similar command based on your browser), and save to a local folder.